FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

Fort Almanac—July 3.

Sun Rises	4 47 A M
Sun Sets	7 30 P M
Day's Length	14 h 83 m
High Water at Southport	9.26 A M
High Water at Wilmington	11.16 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., July 8.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 88°; 8 p. m., 88°; maximum, 97°; minimum, 77°; mean, 87°.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, .00.

Weather conditions for twelve hours ended at 8 p. m. July 2, furnished by the Weather Bureau office:

The barometer continues to fall slowly over the central Western valleys and the Southwest under the advance of the Northwest storm, with the lowest over the Dakotas. It remains comparatively high over the South and East Atlantic coast States. Generally fair and hot weather has prevailed, with maximum temperatures ranging above 90 degrees over nearly all sections, being highest at Savannah, Ga., 102 degrees. The indications are for continued high temperature and generally fair weather, possibly interrupted by an occasional thunder storm.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Continued fair warm weather prevailed generally over the cotton belt, with scattered local showers over the South Atlantic and East Gulf coast States. The average maximum temperature of the various districts was: Augusta, Charleston, Little Rock, Mobile and Savannah, 100 degrees; Atlanta, Memphis, Montgomery, New Orleans Vicksburg and Wilmington, 98; Galveston, 96.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., July 1.—At 8 a. m. the stage of water in the Cape Fear river was 5.0 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Fair except showers in western portions Saturday afternoon; variable winds.

OUTLINES.

Cornell won the rowing race yesterday at Poughkeepsie; Columbia second. —— Dunn reports 241 failures last week. —— Anxiety is felt in London that a rebellion may be threatened in India. ——A battle is reported between Greek raiders and Turkish troops in Epirus. ——Four building and loan associations in Louisville, Ky., have gone to the wall because of the recent decision of the courts in regard to the legal rate of interest. —— Two rolling mills at Birmingham, Ala., have closed. —— A cloud-burst near Henderson, Ky., washed away railroad tracks and caused other damage. —— The Republican Senatorial caucus decided not to impose an additional tax on beer and receded from the proposed changes in manufactured tobacco. —— Whether the President will recommend the creation of a currency commission by Congress will be decided the coming week. ——A coach filled with people upset near Colorado Springs, Col.; one of the passengers was seriously hurt. —— The coal miners' strike has been ordered for July 4th; 875,000 men are involved. —— The proposed tax on stocks and bonds provides for a tax of five cents a share of $100; U. S. and State bonds are exempt, also building and loan association stocks and individual bonds to secure mortgages. —— Senator Marion Butler bitterly denounced by middle-of-the-road Populists at the Reform Press Association convention in Nashville. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1¼@1½ per cent., last loan at 1½ and closed offered at 1½ per cent.; cotton quiet—middling 7⅝c, flour dull and nominally steady; wheat—spot easier; No. 1 Northern New York 76¼c afloat; corn—spot steady, No. 2 98⅜c at elevator and —c afloat; rosin quiet—strained common to good $1.72½@1.75; spirits turpentine quiet at 26½@27c.

It costs Great Britain something to cut a swell upon the sea. She has spent since 1885 $517,000,000 for new warships.

Some of this surplus caloric held over and distributed through the months of December and January wouldn't be objectionable.

Mark Twain figures out that the English language is spoken by 128,000,000 of people. But Mark Hanna can peel the bark off of it.

The Queen's jubilee is estimated to have cost $33,000,000. But it didn't cost her a cent. She is ahead $300,000 or $400,000 in diamond presents and other stuff.

Some Frenchmen have secured possession of 2,000,000 acres of land in Mexico upon which they will proceed to colonize 20,000 French people, who will engage in the culture of coffee.

Horses are worth about a dollar a piece in Washington, Colorado and other regions of the West. In Alaska they are worth a dollar a pound. It costs nearly that much to transport them there by sea.

St. Louis has a 90 year old millionaire who has been married three times and has just broken the world record by marrying again and this time marrying his son's widow. He wanted to keep her in the family.

A fellow was arrested the other day in Chicago for stealing a two-story house and moving it a mile. Some time before that a fellow was arrested for stealing an artesian well, but he was caught before he got away with it.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LX.—NO. 89. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, JULY 3, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,321

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

One of the most festive scorchers in Chicago is James Lane, who last March celebrated his 100th birthday anniversary. He thinks that if the bike had come into use about 75 years ago he wouldn't be more than 50 years old now, as he has been getting younger ever since he struck the pedal.

The Legislature of Pennsylvania is going to spend $11,900 to find out the cause of the hard times in the coal regions. They could get all the information necessary by dropping a few postal cards to the fellows who are arranging the prosperity business.

A traveller among the Ute Indians has discovered a reed which lays the clarionet out. He describes the plaintive effect of the notes wafted up the mountains as magical. All that would be necessary to fully enjoy a ravishing instrument like this would be to have a few mountains handy.

Some of the Western papers are discussing the causes of the floods in the Mississippi river. There seems to be a difference of opinion among them but the general impression is that they are caused by too much water that is in a hurry to get somewhere.

Her creditors are trying to make Mrs. Lease fork over money enough to cover the difference between what her mortgaged house brought and the amount of the mortgage, but she declares she will go to jail first. Old man Lease isn't saying a word.

The lobbyist comes in for a good deal of scoring these days; but the lobbyist is not without his uses. He helps some statesmen to make up their minds quickly who, without his assistance, might take a long time to make up their minds.

A Mississippi editor knew what became of some of the pins when he sat down on the little end of one. It didn't take him long to find it and immediately indulge in some remarks that even Mississppi editors are not in the habit of printing.

The Philadelphia *Ledger* thinks "there is virtue in the Pennsylvania Legislature, but it takes the pressure of extraordinary circumstances to bring it out." A hydraulic compress, for instance, or something of that sort.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ATTENTION—Tax notice.
S. W. SANDERS—Toilet soap.
SPECIAL TERM—Criminal Court.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

NEILL MCKINNON—Eggs at 10c.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. A. W. Sidbury, of Topsail Sound, was here yesterday.

— Hon. Geo. M. Rose, of Fayetteville, arrived in the city yesterday.

— Mr. C. W. Sykes, of Rocky Point, was among yesterday's visitors.

— Mr. S. Allen, of Rocky Point, was observed on our streets yesterday.

— Mr. R. W. Ward, of Verona, was here yesterday, making business calls.

— Mr. A. M. Williams, of Phœnix, was in the city yesterday making business calls.

— Mr. J. A. Fail and niece, of Port Royal, S. C., were among the visitors in the city yesterday.

— Miss Rena Bailey, one of Winston's fairest daughters, is visiting Miss Octavia Boatwright.

— Mr. Fred. P. Bolles returned yesterday after having spent several days at Carolina Beach.

— Miss Annie Kay Harper, who has been visiting at Carolina Beach, has returned to Southport.

— Miss Mattie Griffin, a charming young lady from Salisbury, is on a visit to Miss Katie Maffitt.

— Mr. D. K. F. Everett and Mr. J. K Everett and son, all of Charlotte, were among yesterday's arrivals.

— Mr. John D. Bellamy, Jr., 3d, left last night for New York. He will spend some time at Manhattan Beach, Newport and Atlantic City.

— Mr. P. Heinsberger has returned from Nashville, Tenn., where he attended the Confederate Reunion. On his return he stopped at Shoddy, Tenn., to visit Mr. J. A. Wallace, father of Rev. B. E. Wallace.

Fireworks for Fourth of July at J. H. Rehder & Co.'s †

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— There will be a game of base ball at the O. N. A. grounds this afternoon at 4 o'clock, between the O. A. N.'s and a Wilmington team.

— To day, Saturday, July 3d, closes the listing of taxes. Those who have failed thus far to give in their taxes had better do so to-day.

— Register of Deeds Norwood reports that several parties have made their schedule B returns. There are ten days more in which to make them.

— At Fifth Street Methodist church on to-morrow the services will be conducted at 11 a. m. by Rev. W. L. Cunninggim and at 8 15 p. m. by the Rev. R. C. Beaman.

— On account of the Fourth of July, the local freight train due to leave Hamlet on Saturday afternoon, and the one due to leave here at 6 55 a. m. on Monday will be annulled.

— Freight will be taken on the Seacoast road Monday, the 5th, on both the 6 30 and 10 10 a. m. trains. A special passenger schedule will be run on that day which will appear in the STAR of to-morrow.

— Messrs. Jno. H. and Geo. S. Lewis, of this city, representing two well known New York firms, are exhibiting their large stock of Christmas samples in the rooms of the old First National bank building.

— Middling cotton was quoted yesterday at 7⅜ cents per pound—an advance of one-eighth of a cent over the price of the same grade for several days previous. The price on the corresponding day of last year was 7¼ cents.

— Delegates to the Methodist District and Sunday School Conference, which meets at Clinton Wednesday, the 7th, by taking the 9 30 o'clock train from Wilmington Wednesday can make close connection at Warsaw for Clinton. The Clinton train will be held at Warsaw by the courtesy of Superintendent Borden especially for the accommodation of the delegates.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—4 casks spirits turpentine, 17 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—51 casks spirits turpentine, 196 bbls rosin, 20 bbls tar, 6 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—26 casks spirits turpentine, 88 bbls rosin.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—53 casks spirits turpentine, 501 bbls rosin.

Steamer Driver—33 casks spirits turpentine, 81 bbls rosin, 33 bbls crude turpentine.

Schooner Samuel—40 casks spirits turpentine, 136 bbls rosin.

Total receipts—Spirits turpentine, 107 casks; rosin, 1,002 bbls; tar, 20 bbls; crude turpentine, 46 bbls.

Sail-boat Excursion from Wilmington to Ocean View.

One of the most interesting trips of the season will be the one to be taken by a party of the Wilmington Division of the N. C. Naval Battalion. They will take the battalion's whale boat and sail from here to Ocean View beach, leaving Wilmington about 1 o'clock to-day. They will camp at Southport to-night, set sail for Ocean View early Sunday morning, and can be expected at Ocean View about 11 o'clock Sunday a. m. Composing the party will be Messrs. A. B. Skelding, W. W. Vick, Fred Burr, J. B. Parker, Dave Barber, T. C. DeRossett, W. D. Huhn, W. B. Savage, Alex. Greenabaum and L. Corbett. This trip will not only be a pleasant one for the boys, but will also go to show the efficiency and high standard of the Naval Reserves as to good seamanship.

Continued Warm Weather.

The maximum temperature yesterday was the same as on the day before—97 degrees—but it was perceptibly cooler in the afternoon, and at dark the thermometer was three degrees lower than on the previous evening. There was also a good breeze from the South, which furnished a measure of relief.

The season of warm weather is proving unusually long, and it has really been very warm right here in Wilmington. It is gratifying to know, however, that the temperature hasn't been as high here as it has at several other places that could be named.

Will Take a Vacation.

The deacons of the First Baptist church have voted the pastor, Rev. W. B. Oliver, a leave of absence for six weeks, and he will leave Monday with his family for Drake's Branch, Charlotte county, Va., Mrs. Oliver's former home, to spend the vacation. They will be accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Moseley and Mr. G. G. Moseley, who have been guests at Mr. Oliver's since the Southern Baptist Convention.

Board Audit and Finance.

Pursuant to adjournment of meeting held June 15th, the Board of Audit and Finance met at the call of the chairman yesterday morning at 9 o'clock. Present, Chairman W. H. Chadbourn, H. A. DeCover and J. H. Webber.

A communication was received from the Board of Aldermen transmitting the ordinance adopted by the Board at a meeting held July 1st (published in the STAR of yesterday) in refer ence to borrowing money to meet July coupons. The ordinance was approved, after which the Board adjourned.

— Mrs. P. S. Cooper, Miss Frosty Cooper and Master John P. Cooper, of Mullins, S. C., arrived yesterday on a visit to Mr. W. B. Cooper. Yesterday afternoon they went down to Ocean View to spend some time.

THE SCHOOL TAX.

The People Should Vote Down the Proposition for Additional Tax.

The Superintendent of Public Instruction says the election to be held in August on the question of additional taxation for public schools will be a costly one; in other words, that it will cost as much as a regular general election. The Clerk to the Superintendent expresses the opinion that it will cost at least $70,000.

The STAR is opposed to adding one cent to the burden of taxation at this time for any purpose whatever, though it is a friend of the public schools. The people cannot stand any more taxation now. Many of them are likely to be fined or imprisoned for non-payment of taxes under the new law passed by the same delectable Legislature that provided for the August election; and yet they are called on to voluntarily increase a tax already more than they can afford to pay.

Remember that the election is estimated to cost $50,000. In addition to this the State appropriation is $50,000 Then the people are asked to vote for $50,000 more. This makes a total of $150,000 additional taxation at a time when thousands of our people are scarcely able to provide themselves with the necessaries of life.

Let the voters of North Carolina go to the polls on the 10th of August and record their protest against this inopportune movement to increase their taxes.

Hanover Lodge No. 145, I. O. O. F.

The following officers of Hanover Lodge No. 145, I. O. O. F., were installed last night with appropriate ceremonies by District Deputy Grand Master Jos F. King, assisted by Past Grands D. W. Dunham and J. W. Fleet:

S. P. G.—N. M. Hunt.
N. G.—H. E. Boultz.
V. G.—J. O. Wiggs.
Secretary—S. G. Hall.
Financial Secretary—C. B. Allen.
Treasurer—W. H. Howell.
R. S. to N. G.—McL. Bell.
L. S. to N. G.—F. P. Baldwin.
Chaplain—Rev. Jas W. Kramer.
Warden—R. P. Johnson.
Conductor—Robt. W. White.
Inside Guardian—J. F. Casteen.
Outside Guardian—M. P. Rayner.
R. S. S.—J. D. Beasley.
L. S. S.—H. G. Sanders.
R. S. to V. G.—J. N. Williams.
L. S. to V. G.—C. C. Harriss.

After the installation exercises had been concluded the brethren were invited to Warren's ice cream parlors, where delicious refreshments were served, present Noble Grand H. E. Boultz doing the honors.

Death of Mr. Jno. M. Bremer.

Mr. John M. Bremer, an old and respected German citizen, died yesterday afternoon at 3 30 o'clock, after a lingering illness of over a year. He was sixty-eight years of age and had been living in this city for forty years. During the greater part of this time he was engaged in mercantile business and a year and a half before his death he was doing business at the southeast corner of Front and Ann streets.

The deceased was a native of Germany, having been born in Schiffdorf, in the province of Hanover, in the year 1828. He was a member of the German Volunteers and did good service in the Confederate army. He was also a member of Howard Relief Fire Engine Company.

Surviving Mr. Bremer are his wife and daughter; the latter, Mrs. Dormann, residing in Schiffdorf.

The funeral will take place at 5 o'clock this afternoon from the late residence, No. 503 Castle street, thence to St. Paul's Lutheran church and Oakdale cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are invited to be present.

Magistrate's Courts.

Cases were disposed of in Justice Bunting's court yesterday, as follows:

Andrew Mavronichols, a Greek, who runs a candy store on North Fourth street in Brooklyn, and his clerk, Mr. Edwin Davis, were before Justice Bunting for selling cigarettes to minors. The Justice deemed the evidence sufficient and bound the defendants over to the Criminal Court.

Isaac Files, colored, charged with perjury, was adjudged not guilty and discharged.

Isaac Files and Rosa Files, on another charge of perjury. Bound over to Criminal Court.

E. S. Hanna, representing the Immediate Benefit Life Insurance Company, charged with the larceny of a life insurance policy to the amount of $308 from Lucy Falson, colored. Case continued until July 15th.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculte the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

Excursion to Lake Waccamaw.

The excursion train for Lake Waccamaw will leave the A. C. L. depot at 8 o'clock this morning. Returning, it will leave the lake at 8 p. m. Waccamaw Lake is a very popular resort with our people and the excursion to-day will doubtless be largely patronized.

Let the Star Follow You.

STAR subscribers who are going away for the Summer will receive the paper regularly by mail by leaving orders for it at this office. Addresses will be changed as often as desired.

Fireworks for Fourth of July at J. H. Rehder & Co.'s †

LOCAL EDUCATION LAW

OTHER MATTERS OF GOSSIP AT THE STATE CAPITAL.

Valuation of Property in Raleigh—Bank Dividend Declared—Families a Remarkable Country—Barnes Bros. Bond—Gov. and Mrs. Russell—Bank Stock That Is Not Listed for Taxation.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., July 2.

A leading educator of the State said yesterday that Pamlico was one of the best farming counties in Eastern Carolina and there is not a railroad, a lawyer or a doctor in the county.

One explanation of the fact that the same amount of bank stock is not listed for taxation by individuals as the banks report are owned in the State, is that the stock has not been paid for by the purchasers, and therefore they do not list it.

Hon. B. R. Lacy has been nominated by the Democratic caucus of the aldermen for commissioner of the sinking fund.

Mrs. Rollins, Mr. Otho Wilson's mother-in-law, died of heart failure at Wake Forest yesterday.

It is said that Mr. William Allen, one of the State chemists under the old Board of Agriculture, who was not re-elected by the new board, will bring suit for another year's salary, since his term does not expire until June, 1898.

The education campaign committee, of which Mr. Mebane is chairman and Prof. Atkinson is secretary, were badly frightened yesterday by the action of the Craven County Commissioners, and after a hurried investigation thought that the Craven county people were right and that the law was illegal.

The committee thereupon adopted the following resolution:

"WHEREAS, The action of the Commissioners of Craven county, in revoking the order for an election under the local education act, calls in question the validity of the act 'to stimulate local taxation in the rural districts' passed by the General Assembly of 1897; therefore, be it

"*Resolved*, That this committee request the chairman to ask the opinion of the Attorney General upon the constitutionality of the act, and request that this opinion be given as early as possible."

The committee afterwards found that they had been looking at the wrong law, and the taxation bill was properly passed and ratified, as was announced in the STAR yesterday.

The executive committee of the trustees of the University have requested plans for the $95 000 alumni building.

The Commercial & Farmers' Bank yesterday declared a semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent

Prof. Thos. L. Brown has been elected professor of horticulture at the State Normal and Industrial College.

Barnes Bros. have given their $5,000 bond as State printers in the American Bond and Surety Co.

Mr Thomas J. Pence, local editor of the *Press-Visitor*, is spending the week in New York city.

Governor and Mrs. Russell have gone to Wilmington.

The Governor's secretary, Mr. Alexander, has gone to Halifax county to accompany the remains of his uncle, Mr. Arthur Spruill, to Tyrell county.

The real estate valuation of Raleigh is $3,826,571 and personal property $1,468,255 for 1896; a gain of $48,000 in real and $8,000 in personal over 1895. This is a very good showing considering that the R. & G. shops, valued at $50,000, were burned before taxes were listed for 1896.

Ex-Senator Norris, Populist, is a candidate for county supervisor of the schools, and it is claimed he will get the place. He has been active in politics. An energetic young man should be elected to this position. Norris is in no sense qualified for this position.

BASE BALL.

The National League—Result of Yesterday's Games and Other Interesting Features.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Baltimore, 6; Washington, 4.
Cleveland, 13; St. Louis, 1.
Louisville, 4; Cincinnati, 1.
Chicago, 7; Pittsburg, 4.
Boston-New York—rain.
Philadelphia-Brooklyn—rain.

WHERE THEY PLAY TO DAY.

Pittsburg at Chicago.
St. Louis at Cleveland.
Cincinnati at Louisville.
Boston at New York.
Brooklyn at Philadelphia.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Boston	41	14	.745
Baltimore	38	17	.691
Cincinnati	34	18	.653
New York	33	21	.611
Cleveland	29	27	.517
Brooklyn	26	27	.490
Philadelphia	28	30	.481
Pittsburg	26	29	.473
Louisville	22	33	.400
Washington	22	34	.393
Chicago	23	35	.386
St. Louis	11	46	.193

The Orioles gained a victory over the Senators in the eighth inning yesterday. Jennings was again hit. Nops pitched for Baltimore.

The game between New York and Boston was postponed on account of rain. The rain was preceded by an electrical storm, during which the flag pole on the club house at the polo grounds was struck by lightning. "Bill" Clark, first basemen for New York, was sitting by a radiator and was slightly burned on the thigh, while "Ducky" Holman got a shock on one of his feet.

The Tennessee Exposition, which is attracting so much attention throughout the country, and which is being attended by thousands from both the Northern and Southern States, is beautifully illustrated in the July number of the *Orfole*, which is published by the Baltimore Steam Packet Company. The illustrations were sent the *Orfole* specially by the Board of Managers of the Exposition. The same number also contains maps of the famous James River route of the Baltimore Steam Packet Company between Baltimore and Richmond, and a large amount of other information of value to the general public as well as travellers.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

THE MORNING STAR.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

The Churches.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Grace and Fourth streets, Rev. R. A. Willis, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 8.15 p. m. Sunday school at 4.30 p. m. Experience meeting at 10 a. m. in the lecture room. Weekly Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 8.15 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend these services.

Fifth Street M. E. Church South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cunninggim, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m and 8.15 p. m. by the pastor Sunday School at 3 30 p. m. Class meeting from 7.00 to 7.15 p. m. The public cordially invited to all services.

First Presbyterian Church, Rev. P. H Hoge, pastor. Divine service at 11 a. m. and 6 00 p. m. Sunday School at 4.30 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday at 8 15 p. m. Seats free.

Market Street M. E. Church, next to corner Ninth and Market streets, Rev. T. H. Sutton, pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Class meeting at 9 30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday night at 7.30 p. m.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. Alex D. McClure, pastor. Sabbath services at 11 a. m. and 8 15 p. m. Junior Y. P. S. C. E. 10 15 a. m. Senior Y. P. S. C. E. 7 30 p. m. Sabbath School at 4 00 p. m. The public cordially invited.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets; Rev. J. B Harrell, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3 30 p. m. Weekly Prayer Meeting Wednesday night at 7.30.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a m and 8 p m.

Grace Lutheran Mission (colored), Rev Aug Burgdorf, pastor Services at the new Phœnix Hall, at Fourth street bridge, 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Wednesday 8 p m. Sunday School at 10 a m.

MARRIED.

BOWEN—WOODWARD—In this city, at the First Presbyterian church, June 9th, 1897, ISABELLE CATLEW WOODWARD to ARTHUR F. BOWEN, of Raleigh, N. C.

DIED.

BREMER—July 2nd, at 3.30 p. m., JOHN M. BREMER, aged 68 years.

Funeral this afternoon at 5 o'clock from residence No. 503 Castle street, thence to St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Church and Oakdale Cemetery.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The "Unlucky Corner."

Toilet Soap,

WILD LOCUST HONEY,

elegantly perfumed, three cakes in box.

M. H. Orion's Pure Olive Castile. Uncle Sam's great healing Tar Soap removes Dandruff and Pimples, stains from Silk or Woollen Fabrics.

BROK'S CRYSTAL SOAP

"Won't wash clothes" but will wash Steel, Iron and Copper Vessels. Removes rust, dirt, stains and tarnish. Special prices this week.

S. W. Sanders.
je 30 tf

Criminal Court.

This is to give notice to Defendants, Witnesses and Boadsmen that a

Special Term of the Criminal Court

for New Hanover county, will be held in the Court House, in the city of Wilmington, on MONDAY, THE 19TH day of July, 1897.

By order of Thos. H. Sutton, Judge.

W. R. FRENCH, Clerk.

June 25th, 1897. ws su su je 30 3t

To Any Non-Catholic in North Carolina

"Truth"

ONLY TEN CENTS PER ANNUM.

To any non-Catholic in North Carolina we will send for only ten cents per annum, "Truth," a Catholic magazine devoted to giving TRUE explanations of the Catholic Church, that is of the Catholic Church as it is, not as caricatured and misrepresented. Address, "TRUTH."

Raleigh, N. C.

REV. THOS. F. PRICE, Manager.
my 9 tf DAW

Take Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE listing of State, county and city taxes will close Saturday, July 3rd, without a day, and that all persons who do not list their property by that date will be placed upon the delinquent list with all the penalties of the law applying to such delinquents. On and after this date the hours for listing taxes will be from 9 a. m. to 7 p. m.

Next Monday, July 5th being a legal holiday, the Board of County Commissioners will hold no business meeting, but will take a recess till 3 p. m. Tuesday, July 6th. All persons having business with the Board will take due notice.

F. W. FOSTER,
Chairman Board of Commissioners of New Hanover County. jy 1 3t

WHO IS IT?

D. L. GORE,

Wholesale Grocer.

Who Sells Flour, Meat,

Lard, Sugar, Coffee

and everything kept in a Wholesale Grocery establishment at bottom prices.

je 30 tf 120, 122 and 124 North Water St., Wilmington, N. C.

J. L. HILL PRINTING COMPANY'S

Directory of Wilmington,

1897.

Containing a general business and street directory.

Price $3.00.

For sale by C. W. Yates & Co.

J. L. HILL PRINTING COMPANY,

Owners and Publishers,
my 21 tf Richmond, Va.

REMNANTS!

This week will be devoted to remnants. We believe it will pay you to examine them. All Wool Extra Super Two-ply Carpeting at 45c per yard. They are in a variety of lengths.

All 8-Wire Tapestry Carpeting at 50c Per yard.

These goods make splendid Rugs.

All 10-Wire Tapestry Carpeting at 55c Yard.

All Velvets and Body Brussels at 80c Yard.

One lot Cotton Chain and Union Carpeting, yard wide, 15 to 30c yard

One lot Silkalines and Jap Crepes.—In lengths for Pillows and Mantle Draperies at 5½c yard. Regular 12½c quality.

Odds and ends in Cretons, Upholstery Damask, Denims and Muslins regardless of cost.

One lot Ladies' Vests, Unbleached, at 4c each.

Remnants of Matting—We must get them out of the way at any price

A special lot of Table Covers at a special price. Portiers 3¼ yards long, 50 inches wide, at $2 75 pair.

PHONE No. 102.

A. D. BROWN,

No. 29 North Front St.,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK.

je 27 tf

Hustling, Pushing, Cutting Prices!

:o:

While the sun shines the farmer makes hay. Just so with us, when the days are warm we sell our Summer Goods. We have had an elegant Spring trade, but adding two large stocks in one makes us very much over-stocked Our store is as full now as it should be in October. We will very much need the room, as we are now looking forward to the next season. Our Summer Goods we are going to sell, and if prices will talk, here they go:

1,000 yards on hand of Checked and Striped White Muslins at only 4c per yd.

1,500 yards of Colored Batiste at 4½c per yard.

Good many styles of dark and light Challies to closeat 4c per yard. Strictly all wool Challies, worth 15c, at 8½c.

Beautiful line of fine Silkolines in handsome styles, worth 12½ and 15c. at 10c.

Fine white Organdy at 9, 12½, 15, 20, 25 and 35c per yard.

Shirt Waist Silks—They were very cheap at 35c. now I will sell at 20c.

Drapery Silks worth 65c, bought of R. M. McIntire, now 40c.

Black Satin, slightly damaged, at 25c; better quality and nice goods, strictly all Silk, at 60c per yard, and on up to 85c, $1.00 and 1.25 per yard.

MATTING—Since the tariff has been put on Matting the prices are necessarily higher. But we still sell them very low. We have a beautiful Matting at 12½, 15, 20c and up to 30c per yard.

FLOOR OIL CLOTH AND RUGS—Oil Cloth Art Squares, 1¾ yards square patterns at 50c per pattern. Beautiful Oil Cloth Rugs, 2 yards long, for 60c each. Hall Oil Cloth, 8-4 and 10-4 wide, best and heaviest weights for 30c per square yard.

Track Carpet 27 inches wide, very heavy quality, worth 35c, now 23c.

Very fine line of Carpet Remnants to make Rugs of, 3 yards long, 36 inches wide, strictly all wool, at 50c each.

A big line of Smyrna Rugs from $1.00 to 3 50 each.

SHOES, SHOES—Don't go barefooted. Leather is cheaper than your feet. Men's heavy high cut Ties for $1.00 per pair. Gentlemen's Calf Skin high cut Tie for farmers at $1.65.

Men's Satin Calf, Congress and Lace Shoes, $1 00.

Our $1 25 Shoes are strictly all solid, made up nicely and warranted to give satisfaction, and we consider big value.

You will find us at 119 North Front St., opposite the Orton Hotel.

Geo. O. Gaylord, Prop.,

je 20 tf Of Wilmington's Big Racket Store.

STOP!

The "Dangler" Vapor Oil Stove

IS THE BEST MADE.

No Dust, Smoke, Ashes, Odor.

Can be run for half cent per hour.

They Are Selling Like "Hot Cakes."

If your cook leaves you your wife can do her own cooking with no discomfort from heat. Come and examine them.

OWEN F. LOVE & CO

je 27 tf

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, WILMINGTON, N. C.

We want your business, and will Make it to Your Interest to Deal with us. Promptness, Accuracy and Safety Guaranteed.

NO INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. D. L. GORE, Vice President. W. C. COKER Jr., 2nd Vice President. W. J. TOOMER, Cashier.

	May 14th, '96.	May 14th, '97
Deposits	$515,000	$599,500
Surplus and Net Profits	58,900	69,500
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	NONE.	NONE.

Dividends paid 6 per cent. per annum.
Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892. je 13 tf

Depositors In.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

Will please call at the office of the Company and have interest entered on pass-book for quarter ending June 1st. The Savings Bank has paid its depositors in interest within the past year $9,269.20.

Did you get any of that money? If not, why not?

Paid in Capital $25,000. Surplus $7,500.

je 13 tf

Hardware, Tinware,

EARTHENWARE,

STOVES, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Lawn Mowers, Garden Hose,

Water Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers.

Wm. H. Springer & Co.,

"PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. mar 24 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 2, 1897

COAL MINERS STRIKE.

TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND MEN INVOLVED.

An Unequalled Condition of Suffering and Distress Brought About by the Remorseless Greed of the Coal Barons.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TERRE HAUTE, IND., July 1.—The *Express* will say to-morrow: Next Sunday, or prior to that day, circulars will be placed in the hands of all the bituminous coal miners in the United States, calling them out on strike. It is estimated that 250,000 men will be involved. Pennsylvania, Indiana, Illinois and parts of West Virginia and Kentucky will contribute to the movement. The strike is to enforce the Columbus scale of 69 cents per ton for Pennsylvania, 60 cents for Ohio, 60 cents for Indiana and 55 cents for Illinois. When the Columbus scale was adopted it was not thought advisable to attempt its enforcement. A committee was then appointed to take in hand the matter of a strike, and to order one as soon as such a course seemed opportune. This committee has decided that the time has come to act.

STREATOR, ILL, July 1—A mass meeting of miners here to day voted unanimously to go on strike now, and not wait for a general suspension order. As a consequence no coal is being mined here, and nearly 2,000 miners are idle.

BRAIDWOOD, ILL, July 1.—The miners of the entire Wilmington field met at Glacken's Grove to day and decided by a unanimous vote to go on strike when the national officers shall order a suspension of work.

CHICAGO, ILL, July 1.—W. D. Ryan, secretary of the United Mine Workers of Illinois, has written an open letter to United States Senator Mason, in which he says:

"The stand taken by you in behalf of the patriots in Cuba deserves the commendation of all liberty-loving people. but let me call your attention to the condition of 40,000 of your constituents—the coal miners of Illinois. The insane competition inaugurated by the coal operators has brought about a condition of suffering and destitution which was never equalled. We have been forced to accept reduction after reduction until the price now paid is so low that miners cannot earn an average of seventy-five cents a day, and the mines work only half time. Taking an average of a dollar a day and three days work a week a miner earns $12 a month. With a family of five—a fair average—the wife has less than three cents for a meal to say nothing of clothes, rent, etc. I doubt if any more lives have been lost in Cuba since the insurrection commenced than in the mines of Illinois during the same time, and I am certain there are no more women and children hungry in Cuba at present than among the families of the miners of Illinois. Do something to put the idle miners of Illinois to work at a fair rate of wages and I will guarantee that every miner in Illinois will contribute at least one day's wages every month for the benefit of the down-trodden people of Cuba."

JOLIET, ILL., June 13.—A telegram to-night from McGlackens Grove near Braidwood, in the Northern Illinois coal field, gives the following confirmation of the report that there will be a general strike of the miners: "At the mass meeting to-day of the miners every place in the northern district agrees to come out in the national suspension. All miners will lay down their tools when the call is made for suspension, which will be inside of one week.

POLICE PATROL

To Protect the Florida Coast from Infectious Diseases

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TAMPA, FLA., July 1.—Assistant Surgeon General Winn, of the Marine Hospital Service, and A. H. Glennar, of the St. Louis Hospital, are here to confer with State Health Officer Porter about protecting the Florida coast from infectious diseases. The result will be that the National and State Boards of Health will unite at once and place a police patrol along the Florida coast from Key West to Charlotte harbor and up to Anclote, using small launches. The recent appearance of smallpox at Fort Meade has caused this extra effort, as it has been demonstrated how easily the disease could come into the State.

NEGRO POSTMASTERS

Will Not be Appointed for Places Like Atlanta, Savannah and Charleston.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., July 1.—A Washington special to the *Journal* says: Judson Lyons, the negro, will not be postmaster of Augusta. Secretary Gage has said so. Bill Pledger and Pink Morton the two well known Georgia Republicans, had an interview with the Secretary to-day in reference to Southern politics. Mr. Gage said that a colored man would not be appointed postmaster at places like Atlanta, Savannah and Charleston. The Postmaster General said this was a social as well as a political matter and that he would not inflict on any community a colored postmaster, provided it never had one before.

REPUBLICAN SENATORS'

Last Caucus on the Tariff Bill—Will Tax Bond and Stock Transactions.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The Republican Senators held what they decided should be their last caucus on the Tariff bill to-night. Among the points decided were the following:

To report no anti-trust amendment, to withdraw the original Finance Committee provisions for a duty on tea and an increase of forty four cents per barrel in the tax on beer and to provide for a tax on bond and stock transactions.

NEW CONNECTION FOR S. A. L.

Old Dominion and Carolina Railroad Company Incorporated at Raleigh.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, N. C., July 1.—Articles of incorporation were issued here to-day to Dr. Peter Arland and others, of Petersburg, Va., to form the Old Dominion & Carolina Railroad Company. This is an extension of the Richmond, Blackstone & Southern and completes the right of way from Richmond to Ridgeway, N. C., where it will connect with the Seaboard Air Line. Two million dollars in bonds will be placed on the market.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

ON THE FREE LIST.

COTTON BAGGING, COTTON TIES AND FLOOR MATTING.

Tariff Bill Very Near Completion in the Senate—Debate in the House—Republicans Arraigned for Not Taking Action on Cuban Belligerency Resolution.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, July 1.—The Finance Committee suffered several unexpected reverses during the progress of the Tariff bill to-day, being defeated on three important votes. Cotton bagging was placed on the free list, 30 to 25, and cotton ties also, by a vote of 29 to 23 The duty on white pine lumber was reduced from $2 00 to $1 00 per thousand, 32 to 31. The amendment on pine occasioned the greatest surprise, and led to a general breaking up of party lines on both sides of the chamber. During the early stages of the debate the duty on lumber, including pine, was placed at $2.00, after a protracted contest. To-day Senator Teller returned to the contest and moved to place white pine lumber on the free list. The amendment was defeated by the close vote of 32 to 33. four Republicans. Baker, Carter, Hansbrough and Quay. joining with the Democrats, Populists and Silver Republicans in the affirmative, while three Democrats, Bacon, McEnery and Martin, voted with the Republicans in the negative. Following up this close vote, Senator Mantle, Silver Republican, moved to reduce the rate on white pine from $2 to $1 and this was carried by a majority of one. Two Republicans, Baker and Carter, voted with the Democrats in the affirmative and three Democrats, Bacon, McEnery and Martin, with the Republicans in the negative.

The bill is now completed with the exception of the reciprocity section and some comparatively minor paragraphs. Much progress was made to day in clearing up detached paragraphs heretofore passed over. Only three of these—coal tar, potash and tea—remain, so that these items, the reciprocity section, and the brief internal revenue and administrative provisions are all that is left of the bill to be disposed of before the final vote is taken.

The proposed amendment placing cotton bagging on the free list was considered at length. Senator Pettus, of Alabama, had previously given notice of the amendment as follows: "Bagging for cotton, gunny cloth and all similar material suitable for covering cotton, composed wholly or in part of hemp, flax, jute or jute butts."

Senator Pettus spoke in support of the amendment, saying he desired to avoid a party contest and expected to secure Republican votes. Senator White moved to extend the amendment to burlaps and grain bags made of burlap.

As finally amended the proposed paragraph is as follows:

"Bagging for cotton, gunny cloth and similar fabrics, suitable for covering cotton, composed of single yarns, made of jute, jute butts or hemp; plain woven fabrics, bags and sacks of single jute or hemp yarns, by whatever name known, and burlaps and bags for grain made of burlap."

In this form the amendment was agreed to—30 to 25. The affirmative vote was Democratic. Senators Allen, Cannon, Heitfeld, Kyle, Mantle and Teller, also voted yea. The negative vote was Republican, with the exception of Senator Jones, of Nevada.

Senator Bacon's amendment placing cotton ties on the free list was then considered. After a brief explanation by Senator Bacon the vote was taken and the detail was substantially the same as the previous vote.

An amendment placing floor matting, including Chinese matting, on the free list was agreed to without division. these mattings having been taken from the dutiable list by a close vote some weeks ago.

The House paragraph placing on the free list hides and skins not specifically provided for, was restored.

Paragraph 632½, placing on the free list regalia and gems for use by societies, was agreed to with slight modifications.

The paragraph relating to the personal effects of persons arriving in the United States was modified so that the effects taken abroad may be brought back without limit, while effects acquired abroad and admissible free are to be limited to $100.

At 5 35 the bill was laid aside, and after an executive session the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. Settle of Kentucky, Democrat, after the journal had been read in the House to-day, raised a question as to the truth of the journal of last Monday's proceedings, by offering an amendment to correct the journal so as to make it show that "the Speaker, in pursuance of the rule heretofore adopted, declared the House adjourned until Thursday." Upon this amendment he got the floor and proceeded with an extended speech on the general question of the power of the House to adjourn over three days at a time.

He drifted into a general arraignment of the Republicans for not taking action on the Bankruptcy bill and the Cuban belligerency resolution. "You have acted in utter defiance of public sentiment," he cried. "You asked for time. You predicted great things. Calhoun went to Cuba; Calhoun returned from Cuba; Calhoun went home. Nothing was done. Calhoun has been forgotten and so has Cuba. There is indifference as to whether a civil government or a state of war exists in Cuba."

Several times points of order were made that Mr. Settle's remarks were irrelevant to the amendment, points which were sustained by the Speaker. When Mr. Settle referred to the municipal elections at "Chicago, Cincinnati, Columbus and Canton," as an indication of the public disapproval of the House's inaction and a forerunner of that November day in 1900, which would prove the Armageddon and the Waterloo of the Republican party, the Speaker again rapped him to order and Mr. Dingley and Mr. Bailey crossed swords over the question as to whether Mr. Settle's remarks were in order.

Mr. Dingley contended that the Kentuckian's remarks were wide of the motion and Mr. Bailey that it was always proper to speak of public opinion. "We have always had respect for public opinion," said the latter, "and we think it proper to lay it before you for your instruction and guidance." (Democratic applause.)

In concluding, Mr. Settle roused Democratic enthusiasm by asserting that his side proposed to hold up the hands of "the lion-hearted Democrat of Nebraska, until his banner was planted on the topmost heights of victory."

The minority demanded the yeas and nays on Mr. Settle's motion, and the amendment was rejected—90 to 15. The journal was approved.

Mr. Knowles of South Dakota, Populist, rose to a question of personal privilege and sent to the clerk's desk and had read an Associated Press dispatch, dated at Lewiston, Me., in which Prof. L. C. Bateman charged, on the alleged authority of Mr. Knowles, that the middle-of-the road Populists had accepted $1,500 from the proceeds of Mr. Bryan's book with the understanding that nothing should be done to prevent fusion in 1900.

Mr. Knowles denounced Mr. Bateman's statement as a willful falsehood without a shadow of foundation. Mr. Dingley objected to the airing of private grievances in the House. He said the gentleman might "hire a hall" if he desired to make a personal explanation. Mr. Knowles insisted, however, that he had a right to denounce a statement that was "false as hell," and the Speaker allowed him to proceed. Mr. Knowles then read letters in vindication of himself.

The message of the President, recommending an appropriation of $600,000 for re-building the immigration station at Ellis Island, was laid before the House.

A bill of local importance was passed, and at 1.30 p. m the House adjourned until Monday.

Representative Lacy, of Iowa, to day introduced in the House a bill to extend the powers and the duties of the Fish Commission to include game birds and other wild birds useful to man. The bill enlarges the power of the Commission as to provide for the propagation of game birds and empowers it to purchase or cause to be captured game and other wild birds useful to man. The object of the bill is to aid in the restoration of such birds in forests of the United States and also to aid in the introduction of new and valuable varieties or species of American or foreign birds in localities where they have not heretofore existed.

CINCINNATI RACES.

The Oakley Derby—Ornament Again a Winner—After a Most Exciting Contest.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CINCINNATI, July 1—Ornament is a triple derby winner. He won that distinction to-day in the Oakley Derby, after one of the most exciting struggles ever seen on the local track. Tillo, the great three-year-old, from Turney Brothers' string, forced the mighty son of Imp Order to a head in the big event to day and in one more jump the race would have resulted in Tillo's favor. Over 10,000 people witnessed the running of the derby and a resounding cheer went up when the judges hung out Ornament's number as winner of the hardest struggle the gallant racer ever put up.

The track was in perfect shape and the race was a pretty contest throughout. At the drop of the flag Ornament was the first to show with the others in a close bunch. As the field passed the grand stand Dr. Catlett was a nose in front of Boanerges; going the next quarter of a mile Dr. Catlett increased his lead to two lengths, but gave up at the six-furlong pole in favor of Boanerges. As the bunch turned on the back-stretch bound for home, Ornament was seen to move up and in the stretch he was ten lengths in front. Then the real race was on. Tillo came from fourth position and Williams made a desperate effort to overtake the leader, but Tillo was seen to falter under him and Clayton worked with whip and spur to keep his mount in front. Suddenly Tillo regained his speed and was again after the leader, and came gamely every jump, but could not head the great Ornament, who, although straightened out under the fierce drive, managed to hold on long enough to win by a short head from Tillo, who beat Fleischmann six lengths for the place. The distance—a mile and a quarter—was run in 2 08¼.

PEARY'S ARCTIC EXPEDITION.

Steamer Hope Engaged for the Use of the Explorers.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., July 1.—Capt. John Bartlett to-day completed negotiations with her owner for the hire of the steamer Hope to convey Lieutenant Peary on his Arctic expedition. She will go into dry dock immediately, receive a thorough overhauling and sail for Boston on Wednesday next.

Lieutenant Peary and a party of scientists will join her about the 14th inst. The Hope will call at Sydney for coal. Then going north by way of Belle Isle she will land her first party at Resolution Island, the second at some point of South Greenland to survey the coast and a third on Wilcox Island, from which Lieutenant Peary will attempt to remove the large meteorite which he discovered on a former expedition. Captain Bartlett takes with him the same crew as last year. His reputation stands high as an Arctic navigator. The plan is for the Hope to return in September.

SULLIVAN AND FITZ.

Under No Circumstances Will They be Allowed to Fight in Brooklyn.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 1.—Superintendent McKelvey, of the Brooklyn police, has effectually blocked the Sullivan-Fitzsimmons sparring match scheduled for July 5th at Ambrose Park. He has instructed the police not to allow the match to take place under any circumstances. The park officials will not even be allowed to begin the erection of a platform for the fight. An evasion of the instructions was attempted when the Park people learned that the fight could not come off even under the Horton law. They allowed it to be generally understood that the fight would come off under the guise of an illustrated lecture. Superintendent McKelvey forbade even this arrangement, however.

U. S. MONETARY COMMITTEE.

Will Start for London from Paris This Week.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PARIS, July 1.—The United States monetary committee, headed by Senator Edward O. Wolcott, of Colorado, will start for London at the end of the week. The commissioners express themselves as being well satisfied with the results of their negotiations here and the general outlook. There is a strong belief in this city that the commissioners have accomplished something tangible in France.

WARM WIRELETS

Colonel W. J. Calhoun, has decided to decline the position of comptroller of the Treasury.

Yesterday was the hottest July first ever known in Savannah. The maximum temperature at 2:45 o'clock P. M. was 102. No prostrations.

Bland county, Va., has elected five delegates to the State Democratic Convention and instructed them for Tyler for Governor.

The Senate yesterday confirmed the nominations of J. F. Gowey, of Washington, to be consul general at Yokohoma, Japan; C. L. Cole, of Pennsylvania, to be consul general at Dresden, Saxony.

Louis Gallot, the convicted Union Bank wrecker of New Orleans was sentenced yesterday by Judge Parlange to eight years in the penitentiary at hard labor. The case will be appealed.

Miss Mary Julia Baldwin, principal of the Mary Baldwin seminary, Staunton, Va., and one of the most distinguished educators of young ladies in the South, died yesterday. She was a cousin of Senator John W. Daniel.

Henrico county, Va., elected delegates to the State Democratic convention. Ten out of fifteen precincts give Ellyson ten and Tyler eight delegates. Five more precincts with one delegate each remain to be heard from.

WILL YOU GIVE UP all that health means to you? If not, look out for impure blood. Cure boils, pimples, humors and all scrofulous tendencies by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HOOD'S PILLS are purely vegetable, and do not purge, pain or gripe. All druggists. 25 cents. †

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Hams and Onions—Big lot North Carolina Hams at 10 and 12½ cents Onions 75 cents per bushel. Come and see me. L. Tate Bowden, 6 Princess street. je 2 1t

"Columbia" prices cut—Model, 1897 $75, 1896 $60. Hartfords reduced to $50, $45, $40 and $30. Chas. M. Whitlock, Agent. fr su je 2 2t

For Rent—Till October 1st, 1897, House with 13 rooms, No. 120 South Fifth street. Possession given at once. Apply to Sol. Bear. je 30 2t

M. R. Stone & Co. headquarters for anything in the Grocery line. One car load Water Ground Meal. One car load of each assorted Flour. Five hundred bales Timothy Hay. One car load Corn 7 South Water street. je 30 tf

Bananas, Apples, Figs, Dates, Lemons, Oranges, Peanuts, Cakes and Crackers, Nuts, Candies of all kinds. These are some of the things I offer for sale. Prices sure to please. A. S. Winstead, 115 North Second street. je 27 tf

The Linens, Percales and Organdies expected have positively arrived. A large drive in Dimities; also Valenciennes, Edgings and Embroideries at J. J. Shepard's, 18 Market street. je 23 tf

For Sale—The Cottage on Carolina Beach known as the Castle, Six rooms. Cost over $1,000, Will be sold cheap. D. O'Connor, Real Estate Agent. je 11 tf

Prices to suit the hard times. Fine Candies, Ice Cream and Fresh Fruits can be had at Andrew Mavronichols', 705 North Fourth street. Orders left Saturday for Ice Cream delivered Sunday. Bell 'Phone 346. my 30 tf

M. C. Benson, Produce Commission Merchant, No 5 South Water street, solicits consignments of all kinds of produce. Beef Cattle, Milch Cows and Mutton a specialty. my 15 tf

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 92 mar 13 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c31

TURNIP SEED,

Crop 1897,

JUST ARRIVED

ALL VARIETIES PLANTED IN THIS SECTION.

The Largest Stock and the Lowest Prices.

Write for quotations.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,

je 29 tf Wilmington, N. C.

UP TO DATE

Livery and Sales Stable,

S. P. COWAN & CO.

108, 110 Second Street, between Princess and Chesnut.

OUR SERVICE IS FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY particular, Finest Horses in town. First-class equipages. Polite attention. All calls and orders day and night promptly attended to.

TELEPHONE NO. 15, TELEPHONE NO. 15

Telephone calls answered any hour day or night. Special attention given to Boarding Horses. Box Stalls and Careful Grooming for Stalling Horses. Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call 1.00,

Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5.00. Carriage for funeral, $2.50. Hearse for White and Colored, $4.00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.00, Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.50. Horse and Surry one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.00. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.50. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1.50. Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.

Open 365 days and 365 nights in a year. mar 29 tf

It Touches the Spot

These Hot Days,

Strawberry Acid,

made from fresh ripe fruit, at the fountain of

JAMES D. NUTT,

je 5 tf The Druggist.

The "Unlucky Corner."

Toilet Soap,

WILD LOCUST HONEY,

elegantly perfumed, three cakes in box.

M. H. Orion's Pure Olive Castile. Uncle Sam's great healing Tar Soap removes Dandruff and Pimples, stains from Silk or Woolen Fabrics.

BROK'S CRYSTAL SOAP

"Won't wash clothes'" but will wash Steel, Iron and Copper Vessels. Removes rust, dirt, stains and tarnish. Special prices this week.

S. W. Sanders.

je 30 tf

Wanted,

5,000 Pounds WOOL.
3,000 Pounds BEESWAX.
2,000 Pounds COW HIDES.

Highest cash prices paid. Quotations furnished on request.

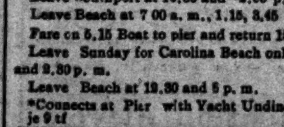
SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

12 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.

my 23 tf

CAROLINA BEACH AND SOUTHPORT

SCHEDULE.



Leave for Southport and Carolina Beach at 9.30 a. m and *3 p. m.
Leave for Beach only at 6.00 a. m. and 5.15 p. m.
Leave Southport at 11.30 and *6.00 p. m.
Leave Beach at 7 00 a. m., 1.15, 3.45 and 6 p. m.
Fare on 5.15 Boat to pier and return 15 cents.
Leave Sunday for Carolina Beach only at 10 a. m. and 2.30 p. m.
Leave Beach at 12.30 and 5 p. m.
*Connects at Pier with Yacht Undine.
je 9 tf

Prempert's Barber Shop,

NO. 11 SOUTH FRONT STREET, FIRST-class Work at Reasonable Prices. Give us a call.

Respectfully,

je 20 tf ARTHUR PREMPERT

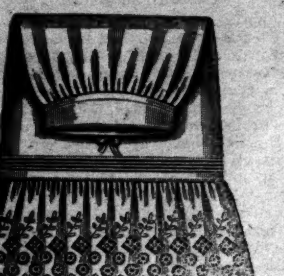
J. H. REHDER & CO.'S

DEPARTMENT STORE,

CARHART OVERALL PANTS AND JACKETS.

The best fitting and wearing Overall made. Every pair guaranteed.

LADIES' UNDERWEAR.



Large variety of Skirts, Chemise, Drawers, Corset Covers, &c.

Infant's Caps 10 to 98 cents. Big bargains in every department

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

Near Fourth St. Bridge.

Car fare paid on purchases of $2 and up.

je 20 tf

STOVES AND RANGES,

OIL STOVES,

Gasolene Stoves.

In fact anything you want for the kitchen.

I am adding the above line to my complete stock of

HARDWARE, TINWARE

AND

Agricultural Implements

and will carry a line second to none in quality, at the very lowest prices.

Have secured the services of J. L. Breckenridge with special reference to this line, and can offer you the benefit of his several years experience.

My line includes the Richmond Stove Co.'s entire product.

Can furnish repairs for all kinds of Stoves.

J. W. Murchison,

Orton Building.

je 24 tf

We call special attention to our pretty White Kid Opera Slippers, with Beaded Satin Bows for Ladies at $1, usually sold at $1 25. Many other kinds of Ladies, Misses, Children and Infants' Shoes on hand and arriving, as well as Gents' Low Shoes; that to be appreciated must all be seen. Remember we extend the invitation to everybody to look in our window, examine our stock and buy and wear our SHOES.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS,

63½ steps east from corner Front and Princess Sts. je 6 tf

To Any Non-Catholic in North Carolina,

"Truth"

ONLY TEN CENTS PER ANNUM.

To any non-Catholic in North Carolina we will send for only ten cents per annum, "Truth," a Catholic magazine devoted to giving TRUE explanations of the Catholic Church, that is of the Catholic Church as it is, not as caricatured and misrepresented. Address, "TRUTH,"

Raleigh, N. C.

REV. THOS. F. PRICE, Manager.

my 9 tf D&W

Little Trotter.

1,000 lbs. Little Trotter Tobacco.
1,200 lbs. Big 4 Tobacco.
800 lbs. Magic City Tobacco.
700 lbs. Queen Esther Tobacco.
500 lbs. Red Coon Tobacco.
900 lbs. Rob Roy Tobacco.
800 lbs. Honest Boy Tobacco.
1,000 lbs. Mahogany Tobacco.

W. B. COOPER,

je 27 D&W tf 226 North Water St.

Hall & Pearsall

Invite the attention of the trade to their large stock of

Groceries and Provisions

Farmers and Distillers' Supplies.

Samples and quotations cheerfully sent.

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

ap 10 D&W tf

CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, EASTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA

The State Trust Company of New York against Wilmington, Newbern and Norfolk Railway Company.

WHEREAS, On the 26th day of May, 1897, in the Circuit Court of the United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina, a decree was made in the above entitled suit by the Honorable Charles H. Simonton, Circuit Judge, foreclosing the mortgages of the Wilmington, Onslow and East Carolina Railroad Company and the East Carolina Land and Railway Company, now consolidated into the Wilmington, Newbern and Norfolk Railway Company, the defendant therein, said mortgages being mentioned and described in said complainants' bill of complaint; and

WHEREAS, It is therein ordered, adjudged and decreed that all the corporate property now owned or hereafter to be acquired by the said Wilmington, Newbern and Norfolk Railway Company in the State of North Carolina, now operated as one continuous line from the city of Wilmington to Newbern, in said State, and all its estates, right, title, interest and equity of redemption therein; that is to say, all of its railroads now constructed and in operation extending from Wilmington to Newbern in the said State of North Carolina, and yet to be constructed, including extensions, branches, curves and side tracks, and including rights of way, road bed, superstructures, iron, steel, rails, ties, splices, chains, bolts, nuts, spikes, all land and depot grounds, station houses and depots, viaducts, water-tanks, bridges, timber, material and property purchased or to be purchased or owned by it, for the construction, equipment or operation of said road, all machine shops, tools, implements and personal property used therein or upon or along said railroad or at its stations; all engines, tenders, machinery and all kinds of rolling stock, whether now owned or hereafter purchased by said railroad company, and all other property of the said company now owned or hereafter to be acquired, and all its rights or privileges therein or appertaining thereto, and all revenues, tolls and incomes of said railroad and property, and all franchises and rights of said railroad company, and all property and rights acquired or hereafter to be acquired by virtue and under authority thereof, be sold under the direction of Alfred M. Waddell, the undersigned Master Commissioner, and the proceeds of said sale applied to the satisfaction of said judgment, in erest and costs, except such as is otherwise provided for in said decree; and

WHEREAS, It is further ordered, adjudged and decreed that said Master Commissioner shall sell said property for cash, or for cash and bonds, as an entirety; and

WHEREAS, It is further ordered, adjudged and decreed that notice of the time, place and terms of said sale be given by said Master Commissioner by advertising the same at least five times a week for four consecutive weeks preceding the day of sale, in one or more newspapers published in the cities of Wilmington and Newbern, in the State of North Carolina, and also in the "Manufacturers' Record," of Baltimore, Maryland, and that the said sale shall be at public auction in the city of Wilmington, North Carolina, in front of the County Court House of New Hanover county at the time and place as said Master Commissioner shall in said notice of said sale appoint; and

WHEREAS, It is further ordered, adjudged and decreed that said Master Commissioner shall receive no bid at said sale for a less sum than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars and no bid from any person who shall not first deposit with him as a pledge five per cent. of the amount of such bid in cash, or twenty-five thousand dollars in the bonds secured by either of the mortgages described in said complainants' bill of complaint, and in case the said property and premises are sold, the purchaser thereof shall forthwith deposit with said Master Commissioner the sum of five thousand dollars to be deposited in the Registry of this Court subject to the order of this Court in this cause and the deposit so received from the said bidder to be applied on the purchase price; the balance of the purchase price may be either paid in cash or the purchaser may satisfy the same in whole or in part by paying over and surrendering bonds secured by the said mortgages of January 12th, 1891, made by the said Wilmington, Onslow and East Carolina Railroad Company and the East Carolina Land and Railway Company, and over-due coupons belonging thereto, at such price or value as would be equivalent to the distributive amount that the holders of said bonds would be entitled to receive in case the entire amount was paid in cash. For more particularity both as to the property to be sold and the terms of the sale, reference is made to the decree of foreclosure entered in the above suit.

NOW THEREFORE, Public notice is hereby given that I, Alfred M. Waddell, Master Commissioner, in pursuance of the provisions of said decree, will, on Thursday, the 15th day of July, 1897, at 12 o'clock m. of that day, in the city of Wilmington, in the State of North Carolina, in front of the County Court House of New Hanover county, in said city, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, in accordance with the terms and conditions of said decree, the above described railroad of the Wilmington, Newbern and Norfolk Railway Company and all the property, lands and premises appertaining thereto, the proceeds to be applied as is by said decree provided and directed

ALFRED M. WADDELL,
Master Commissioner, United States Circuit Court Eastern District of North Carolina.

Stetson, Tracy, Jennings and Russell, New York; Jno. D. Bellamy, Wilmington, N. C., Solicitors for Complainant.

je 16 4w wed thr fri sat sun

SUMMER RESORTS.

Claremont Summer Resort,

HICKORY, N C.

The location is a noted health resort; chalybeate water; cool nights with mountain breeze; altitude 1200; elegant three-story brick building; twenty acre yard covered with native forest trees; a delightful resort with pure mountain air and water. Rates reasonable. Write for particulars.

S. P. HATTON, Proprietor.

je 29 26t

A Palace in the Mountains.

"For beauty of architecture and elegance of equipment 'The Alleghany,' at Goshen bridge, Va., has not a rival among the summer resort hotels of America. Located in the heart of the Alleghanies, where the climate is always cool and invigorating, amidst scenery of wondrous beauty, its advantages as a summer home are unequaled."

Sulphur, Alum and Chalybeate Waters.

je 12 2m J. C. S. TIMBERLAKE.

The Seashore Hotel

OCEAN VIEW BEACH,

IS OPEN

FOR THE RECEPTION OF GUESTS.

Fronts on the broad Atlantic and is without a superior. Newly equipped and furnished. Wide verandas encircling it Excellent bathing facilities. Yachts for fishing and sailing. Write for particulars to

GEO. CAMPBELL,
Proprietor.

je 25 D&W tf

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE,

LEXINGTON, VA.

59th Year, State Military, Scientific and Technical School. Thorough courses in general and applied Chemistry, and in Engineering. Degrees conferred in course: Grad: V. M. I., and Bachelor Science; in *Post Grad.* courses, Master Science, Civil Engineer. All expenses, including clothing and incidentals, provided at an average rate of $36 59 per month *exclusive of outfit*. New Cadets report September 1.

GEN. SCOTT SHIPP,
je 26 19t sa tu th Superintendent.

The University.

47 TEACHERS, 413 STUDENTS, (SUMMER School 136), total 549, Board $8.00 a month, three Brief Courses, three Full Courses, Law and Medical Schools and School of Pharmacy, Graduate Courses open to Women, Summer School for Teachers, Scholarships and Loans for the Needy.

Address, PRESIDENT ALDERMAN,
je 8 tf Chapel Hill, N. C.

PEACE

Institute FOR YOUNG LADIES, RALEIGH, N. C.

Excellent buildings and beautiful grounds in a Healthful Location with splendid climate.

STANDS AT THE VERY FRONT IN FEMALE EDUCATION.

Thorough in its Courses. High in its Standard. Unsurpassed in its high moral tone and in its intellectual and social influences.

Twenty-one officers and teachers. Very reasonable prices. Send for catalogue. je 30 tf

GREENSBORO

FEMALE COLLEGE,

NORTH CAROLINA.

The Fifty-Second Session of this College Begins

Wednesday, Sept. 8th, 1897.

Advantages of College and Conservatory offered at moderate cost.

A Faculty of Specialists!

AMPLE EQUIPMENT.

A PLEASANT HOME.

Catalogue on application.

je 19 3m DRED PEACOCK. President.

REMNANTS!

This week will be devoted to remnants. We believe it will pay you to examine them. All Wool Extra Super Two-ply Carpeting at 45c per yard They are in a variety of lengths.

All 8-Wire Tapestry Carpeting at 50c Per yard.

These goods make splendid Rugs.

All 10-Wire Tapestry Carpeting at 55c Yard.

All Velvets and Body Brussels at 80c Yard.

One lot Cotton Chain and Union Carpeting, yard wide, 15 to 30c yard

One lot Silkalines and Jap Crepes.—In lengths for Pillows and Mantle Draperies at 8½c yard. Regular 12½c quality.

Odds and ends in Cretons, Upholstery Damask, Denims and Muslins regardless of cost.

One lot Ladies' Vests, Unbleached, at 4c each.

Remnants of Matting—We must get them out of the way at any price.

A special lot of Table Covers at a special price. Portiers 3½ yards long, 50 inches wide, at $2 75 pair.

PHONE No. 102.

A. D. BROWN,

No. 29 North Front St.,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK.

je 27 tf

Hustling, Pushing, Cutting Prices!

While the sun shines the farmer makes hay. Just so with us, when the days are warm we sell our Summer Goods. We have had an elegant Spring trade, but adding two large stocks in one makes us very much over-stocked. Our store is as full now as it should be in October. We will very much need the room, as we are now looking forward to the next season. Our Summer Goods we are going to sell, and if prices will talk, here they go:

1,000 yards on hand of Checked and Striped White Muslins at only 4c per yd.

1,500 yards of Colored Batiste at 4½c per yard.

Good many styles of dark and light Challies to closeat 4c per yard. Strictly all wool Challies, worth 15c, at 8½c.

Beautiful line of fine Silkolines in handsome styles, worth 12½ and 15c, at 10c.

Fine white Organdy at 9, 12½, 15, 20, 25 and 35c per yard.

Shirt Waist Silks—They were very cheap at 25c. now I will sell at 20c.

Drapery Silks worth 65c, bought of R. M. McIntire, now 40c.

Black Satin, slightly damaged, at 25c; better quality and nice goods, strictly all Silk, at 60c per yard, and on up to 85c, $1.00 and 1.25 per yard.

MATTING—Since the tariff has been put on Matting the prices are necessarily higher. But we still sell them very low. We have a beautiful Matting at 12½, 15, 20c and up to 30c per yard.

FLOOR OIL CLOTH AND RUGS—Oil Cloth Art Squares, 1½ yards square patterns at 50c per pattern. Beautiful Oil Cloth Rugs, 2 yards long, for 60c each. Hall Oil Cloth, 8-4 and 10-4 wide, best and heaviest weights for 30c per square yard.

Track Carpet 27 inches wide, very heavy quality, worth 35c, now 23c.

Very fine line of Carpet Remnants to make Rugs of, 2 yards long, 36 inches wide, strictly all wool, at 50c each.

A big line of Smyrna Rugs from $1.00 to 3 50 each.

SHOES, SHOES—Don't go barefooted. Leather is cheaper than your feet. Men's heavy high cut Ties for $1.00 per pair. Gentlemen's Calf Skin high cut Tie for farmers at $1.65.

Men's Satin Calf, Congress and Lace Shoes, $1 00.

Our $1 25 Shoes are strictly all solid, made up nicely and warranted to give satisfaction, and we consider big value.

You will find us at 112 North Front St., opposite the Orton Hotel.

Geo. O. Gaylord, Prop.,

je 20 tf Of Wilmington's Big Racket Store.

STOP!

The "Dangler" Vapor Oil Stove

IS THE BEST MADE.

No Dust, Smoke, Ashes, Odor.

Can be run for half cent per hour.

They Are Selling Like "Hot Cakes."

If your cook leaves you your wife can do her own cooking with no discomfort from heat. Come and examine them.

OWEN F. LOVE & CO

je 27 tf

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, WILMINGTON, N. C.

We want your business, and will Make it to Your Interest to Deal with us. Promptness, Accuracy and Safety Guaranteed.

NO INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. D. L. GORE, Vice President. W. C. COKER Jr., 2nd Vice President. W. J. TOOMER, Cashier.

	May 14th, '96.	May 14th, '97
Deposits	$515,000	$599,500
Surplus and Net Profits	58,900	69,500
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	NONE.	NONE.

Dividends paid 6 per cent. per annum.

Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892. je 13 tf

Depositors In

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

Will please call at the office of the Company and have interest entered on pass-book for quarter ending June 1st. The Savings Bank has paid its depositors in interest within the past year $9,269.20.

Did you get any of that money? If not, why not?

Paid in Capital $25,000. Surplus $7,500.

je 13 tf

Hardware, Tinware,

EARTHENWARE,

STOVES, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Lawn Mowers, Garden Hose,

Water Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers.

Wm. E. Springer & Co.,

"PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. mar 24 tf

J. L. HILL PRINTING COMPANY'S

Directory of Wilmington,

1897.

Containing a general business and street directory.

Price $3.00.

For sale by C. W. Yates & Co.

J. L. HILL PRINTING COMPANY,

Owners and Publishers,

my 21 tf Richmond, Va.

NEW CROP

Molasses.

Our Own Importation From

WEST INDIES.

QUALITY EXCELLENT.

Price Low.

WORTH & WORTH.

my 20 tf

FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

Fort Almanac—July 3.

Sun Rises	4 47 A M
Sun Sets	7 30 P M
Day's Length	14 h 33 m
High Water at Southport	9.38 A M
High Water at Wilmington	11.16 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., July 3.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 83°: 8 p. m., 88°; maximum, 97°; minimum, 77°; mean, 87°.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, .00.

Weather conditions for twelve hours ended at 8 p. m. July 2, furnished by the Weather Bureau office:

The barometer continues to fall slowly over the central Western valleys and the Southwest under the advance of the Northwest storm, with the lowest over the Dakotas. It remains comparatively high over the South and East Atlantic coast States. Generally fair and hot weather has prevailed, with maximum temperatures ranging above 90 degrees over nearly all sections, being highest at Savannah, Ga., 102 degrees. The indications are for continued high temperature and generally fair weather, possibly interrupted by an occasional thunder storm.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Continued fair warm weather prevailed generally over the cotton belt, with scattered local showers over the South Atlantic and East Gulf coast States. The average maximum temperature o the various districts was: Augusta, Charleston, Little Rock, Mobile and Savannah, 100 degrees; Atlanta, Memphis, Montgomery, New Orleans Vicksburg and Wilmington, 98; Galveston, 96.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., July 1.—At 8 a. m. the stage of water in the Cape Fear river was 5.0 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Fair except showers in western portions Saturday afternoon; variable winds.

OUTLINES.

Cornell won the rowing race yesterday at Poughkeepsie; Columbia second. —— Dunn reports 241 failures last week. —— Anxiety is felt in London that a rebellion may be threatened in India. ——A battle is reported between Greek raiders and Turkish troops in Epirus. ——Four building and loan associations in Louisville, Ky., have gone to the wall because of the recent decision of the courts in regard to the legal rate of interest. —— Two rolling mills at Birmingham, Ala., have closed. —— A cloud-burst near Henderson, Ky., washed away railroad tracks and caused other damage. —— The Republican Senatorial caucus decided not to impose an additional tax on beer and receded from the proposed changes in manufactured tobacco. —— Whether the President will recommend the creation of a currency commission by Congress will be decided the coming week. ——A coach filled with people upset near Colorado Springs, Col.; one of the passengers was seriously hurt. —— The coal miners' strike has been ordered for July 4th; 875,000 men are involved. —— The proposed tax on stocks and bonds provides for a tax of five cents a share of $100; U. S. and State bonds are exempt, also building and loan association stocks and individual bonds to secure mortgages. —— Senator Marion Butler bitterly denounced by middle-of-the-road Populists at the Reform Press Association convention in Nashville. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1¼@1½ per cent., last loan at 1½ and closed offered at 1½ per cent.; cotton quiet—middling 7⅜c; flour dull and nominally steady; wheat—spot easier; No. 1 Northern New York 76½c afloat; corn—spot steady, No. 2 38⅜c at elevator and —c afloat; rosin quiet—strained common to good $1.73½@1.75; spirits turpentine quiet at 26½@27c.

It costs Great Britain something to cut a swell upon the sea. She has spent since 1885 $517,000,000 for new warships.

Some of this surplus caloric held over and distributed through the months of December and January wouldn't be objectionable.

Mark Twain figures out that the English language is spoken by 128,000,000 of people. But Mark Hanna can peel the bark off of it.

The Queen's jubilee is estimated to have cost $33,000,000. But it didn't cost her a cent. She is ahead $300,000 or $400,000 in diamond presents and other stuff.

Some Frenchmen have secured possession of 2,000,000 acres of land in Mexico upon which they will proceed to colonize 20,000 French people, who will engage in the culture of coffee.

Horses are worth about a dollar a piece in Washington, Colorado and other regions of the West. In Alaska they are worth a dollar a pound. It costs nearly that much to transport them there by sea.

St. Louis has a 90 year old millionaire who has been married three times and has just broken the world record by marrying again and this time marrying his son's widow. He wanted to keep her in the family.

A fellow was arrested the other day in Chicago for stealing a two-story house and moving it a mile. Some time before that a fellow was arrested for stealing an artesian well, but he was caught before he got away with it.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LX.—NO. 89. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, JULY 3, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,321

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

One of the most festive scorchers in Chicago is James Lane, who last March celebrated his 100th birthday anniversary. He thinks that if the bike had come into use about 75 years ago he wouldn't be more than 50 years old now, as he has been getting younger ever since he struck the pedal.

The Legislature of Pennsylvania is going to spend $11,900 to find out the cause of the hard times in the coal regions. They could get all the information necessary by dropping a few postal cards to the fellows who are arranging the prosperity business.

A traveller among the Ute Indians has discovered a reed which lays the clarionet out. He describes the plaintive effect of the notes wafted up the mountains as magical. All that would be necessary to fully enjoy a ravishing instrument like this would be to have a few mountains handy.

Some of the Western papers are discussing the causes of the floods in the Mississippi river. There seems to be a difference of opinion among them but the general impression is that they are caused by too much water that is in a hurry to get somewhere.

Her creditors are trying to make Mrs. Lease fork over money enough to cover the difference between what her mortgaged house brought and the amount of the mortgage, but she declares she will go to jail first. Old man Lease isn't saying a word.

The lobbyist comes in for a good deal of scoring these days; but the lobbyist is not without his uses. He helps some statesmen to make up their minds quickly who, without his assistance, might take a long time to make up their minds.

A Mississippi editor knew what became of some of the pins when he sat down on the little end of one. It didn't take him long to find it and immediately indulge in some remarks that even Mississppi editors are not in the habit of printing.

The Philadelphia *Ledger* thinks "there is virtue in the Pennsylvania Legislature, but it takes the pressure of extraordinary circumstances to bring it out." A hydraulic compress, for instance, or something of that sort.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ATTENTION—Tax notice.
S. W. SANDERS—Toilet soap.
SPECIAL TERM—Criminal Court.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

NEILL MCKINNON—Eggs at 10c.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. A. W. Sidbury, of Topsail Sound, was here yesterday.

— Hon. Geo. M. Rose, of Fayetteville, arrived in the city yesterday.

— Mr. C. W. Sykes, of Rocky Point, was among yesterday's visitors.

— Mr. S. Allen, of Rocky Point, was observed on our streets yesterday.

— Mr. R. W. Ward, of Verona, was here yesterday, making business calls.

— Mr. A. M. Williams, of Phœnix, was in the city yesterday making business calls.

— Mr. J. A. Fail and niece, of Port Royal, S. C., were among the visitors in the city yesterday.

— Miss Rosa Bailey, one of Winston's fairest daughters, is visiting Miss Octavia Boatwright.

— Mr. Fred. P. Bolles returned yesterday after having spent several days at Carolina Beach.

— Miss Annie Kay Harper, who has been visiting at Carolina Beach, has returned to Southport.

— Miss Mattie Griffin, a charming young lady from Salisbury, is on a visit to Miss Katie Moffitt.

— Mr. D. K. F. Everett and Mr. J. K Everett and son, all of Charlotte, were among yesterday's arrivals.

— Mr. John D. Bellamy, Jr., 3d, left last night for New York. He will spend some time at Manhattan Beach, Newport and Atlantic City.

— Mr. P. Heinsberger has returned from Nashville, Tenn., where he attended the Confederate Reunion. On his return he stopped at Shoddy, Tenn., to visit Mr. J. A. Wallace, father of Rev. B. E. Wallace.

Fireworks for Fourth of July at J. H. Rehder & Co.'s

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— There will be a game of base ball at the O. N. A. grounds this afternoon at 4 o'clock, between the O. A. N.'s and a Wilmington team.

— To day, Saturday, July 3d, closes the listing of taxes. Those who have failed thus far to give in their taxes had better do so to-day.

— Register of Deeds Norwood reports that several parties have made their schedule B returns. There are ten days more in which to make them.

— At Fifth Street Methodist church on to-morrow the services will be conducted at 11 a. m. by Rev. W. L. Cunninggim and at 8 15 p. m. by the Rev. R. C. Beaman.

— On account of the Fourth of July, the local freight train due to leave Hamlet on Saturday afternoon, and the one due to leave here at 6 55 a. m. on Monday will be annulled.

— Freight will be taken on the Seacoast road Monday, the 5th, on both the 6 30 and 10 10 a. m. trains. A special passenger schedule will be run on that day which will appear in the STAR of to-morrow.

— Messrs. Jno. H. and Geo. S. Lewis, of this city, representing two well known New York firms, are exhibiting their large stock of Christmas samples in the rooms of the old First National bank building.

— Middling cotton was quoted yesterday at 7⅜ cents per pound—an advance of one-eighth of a cent over the price of the same grade for several days previous. The price on the corresponding day of last year was 7⅛ cents.

— Delegates to the Methodist District and Sunday School Conference, which meets at Clinton Wednesday, the 7th, by taking the 9 30 o'clock train from Wilmington Wednesday can make close connection at Warsaw for Clinton. The Clinton train will be held at Warsaw by the courtesy of Superintendent Borden especially for the accommodation of the delegates.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—4 casks spirits turpentine, 17 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—51 casks spirits turpentine, 196 bbls rosin, 20 bbls tar, 6 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—26 casks spirits turpentine, 88 bbls rosin.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—58 casks spirits turpentine, 301 bbls rosin.

Steamer Driver—33 casks spirits turpentine, 81 bbls rosin, 23 bbls crude turpentine.

Schooner Samuel—40 casks spirits turpentine, 186 bbls rosin.

Total receipts—Spirits turpentine, 107 casks; rosin, 1,003 bbls; tar, 20 bbls; crude turpentine, 46 bbls.

Sail-boat Excursion from Wilmington to Ocean View.

One of the most interesting trips of the season will be the one to be taken by a party of the Wilmington Division of the N. C. Naval Battalion. They will take the battalion's whale boat and sail from here to Ocean View beach, leaving Wilmington about 1 o'clock to-day. They will camp at Southport to-night, set sail for Ocean View early Sunday morning, and can be expected at Ocean View about 11 o'clock Sunday a. m. Composing the party will be Messrs. A. B. Skelding, W. W. Vick, Fred Burr, J. B. Parker, Dave Barber, T. C. DeRossett, W. D. Huhn, W. B. Savage, Alex. Greenabaum and L. Corbett. This trip will not only be a pleasant one for the boys, but will also go to show the efficiency and high standard of the Naval Reserves as to good seamanship.

Continued Warm Weather.

The maximum temperature yesterday was the same as on the day before—97 degrees—but it was perceptibly cooler in the afternoon, and at dark the thermometer was three degrees lower than on the previous evening. There was also a good breeze from the South, which furnished a measure of relief.

The season of warm weather is proving unusually long, and it has really been very warm right here in Wilmington. It is gratifying to know, however, that the temperature hasn't been as high here as it has at several other places that could be named.

Will Take a Vacation.

The deacons of the First Baptist church have voted the pastor, Rev. W. B. Oliver, a leave of absence for six weeks, and he will leave Monday with his family for Drake's Branch, Charlotte county, Va., Mrs. Oliver's former home, to spend the vacation. They will be accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Moseley and Mr. G. G. Moseley, who have been guests at Mr. Oliver's since the Southern Baptist Convention.

Board Audit and Finance.

Pursuant to adjournment of meeting held June 15th, the Board of Audit and Finance met at the call of the chairman yesterday morning at 9 o'clock. Present, Chairman W. H. Chadbourn, H. A. DeCover and J. H. Webber.

A communication was received from the Board of Aldermen transmitting the ordinance adopted by the Board at a meeting held July 1st (published in the STAR of yesterday) in refer ence to borrowing money to meet July coupons. The ordinance was approved, after which the Board adjourned.

— Mrs. P. S. Cooper, Miss Frosty Cooper and Master John P. Cooper, of Mullins, S. C., arrived yesterday on a visit to Mr. W. B. Cooper. Yesterday afternoon they went down to Ocean View to spend some time.

THE SCHOOL TAX.

The People Should Vote Down the Proposition for Additional Tax.

The Superintendent of Public Instruction says the election to be held in August on the question of additional taxation for public schools will be a costly one; in other words, that it will cost as much as a regular general election. The Clerk to the Superintendent expresses the opinion that it will cost at least $50,000.

The STAR is opposed to adding one cent to the burden of taxation at this time for any purpose whatever, though it is a friend of the public schools. The people cannot stand any more taxation now. Many of them are likely to be fined or imprisoned for non-payment of taxes under the new law passed by the same delectable Legislature that provided for the August election; and yet they are called on to voluntarily increase a tax already more than they can afford to pay.

Remember that the election is estimated to cost $50,000. In addition to this the State appropriation is $50,000 Then the people are asked to vote for $50,000 more. This makes a total of $150,000 additional taxation at a time when thousands of our people are scarcely able to provide themselves with the necessaries of life.

Let the voters of North Carolina go to the polls on the 10th of August and record their protest against this inopportune movement to increase their taxes.

Hanover Lodge No. 145, I. O. O. F.

The following officers of Hanover Lodge No. 145, I. O. O. F., were installed last night with appropriate ceremonies by District Deputy Grand Master Jos F. King, assisted by Past Grands D. W. Dunham and J. W. Fleet:

S. P. G.—N. M. Hunt.
N. G.—H. E. Bonitz.
V. G.—J. O. Wiggs.
Secretary—S. G. Hall.
Financial Secretary—C. B. Allen.
Treasurer—W. H. Howell.
R. S. to N. G.—McL Bell.
L. S. to N. G.—F. P. Baldwin.
Chaplain—Rev. Jas. W. Kramer.
Warden—R. P. Johnson.
Conductor—Robt. W. White.
Inside Guardian—J. F. Casteen.
Outside Guardian—M. P. Rayner.
R. S. S.—J. D. Beasley.
L. S. S.—H. G. Sanders.
R. S. to V. G.—J. N. Williams.
L. S. to V. G.—C. C. Harriss.

After the installation exercises had been concluded the brethren were invited to Warren's ice cream parlors, where delicious refreshments were served, present Noble Grand H. E. Bonitz doing the honors.

Death of Mr. Jno. M. Bremer.

Mr. John M. Bremer, an old and respected German citizen, died yesterday afternoon at 3 30 o'clock, after a lingering illness of over a year. He was sixty-eight years of age and had been living in this city for forty years. During the greater part of this time he was engaged in mercantile business and a year and a half before his death he was doing business at the southeast corner of Front and Ann streets.

The deceased was a native of Germany, having been born in Schiffdorf, in the province of Hanover, in the year 1828. He was a member of the German Volunteers and did good service in the Confederate army. He was also a member of Howard Relief Fire Engine Company.

Surviving Mr. Bremer are his wife and daughter; the latter, Mrs. Dormann, residing in Schiffdorf.

The funeral will take place at 5 o'clock this afternoon from the late residence, No. 503 Castle street, thence to St. Paul's Lutheran church and Oakdale cemetery. Friends and acquaintances are invited to be present.

Magistrate's Courts.

Cases were disposed of in Justice Bunting's court yesterday, as follows:

Andrew Mavronichols, a Greek, who runs a candy store on North Fourth street in Brooklyn, and his clerk, Mr. Edwin Davis, were before Justice Bunting for selling cigarettes to minors. The Justice deemed the evidence sufficient and bound the defendants over to the Criminal Court.

Isaac Files, colored, charged with perjury, was adjudged not guilty and discharged.

Isaac Files and Ross Files, on another charge of perjury. Bound over to Criminal Court.

E. S. Hanna, representing the Immediate Benefit Life Insurance Company, charged with the larceny of a life insurance policy to the amount of $308 from Lucy Faison, colored. Case continued until July 15th.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculte the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

Excursion to Lake Waccamaw.

The excursion train for Lake Waccamaw will leave the A. C. L. depot at 8 o'clock this morning. Returning, it will leave the lake at 8 p. m. Waccamaw Lake is a very popular resort with our people and the excursion to-day will doubtless be largely patronized.

Let the Star Follow You.

STAR subscribers who are going away for the Summer will receive the paper regularly by mail by leaving orders for it at this office. Addresses will be changed as often as desired.

Fireworks for Fourth of July at J. H. Rehder & Co.'s

LOCAL EDUCATION LAW

OTHER MATTERS OF GOSSIP AT THE STATE CAPITAL.

Valuation of Property in Raleigh—Bank Dividend Declared—Pamlico a Remarkable County—Barnes Bros. Bond—Gov. and Mrs. Russell—Bank Stock That Is Not Listed for Taxation.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., July 2.

A leading educator of the State said yesterday that Pamlico was one of the best farming counties in Eastern Carolina and there is not a railroad, a lawyer or a doctor in the county.

One explanation of the fact that the same amount of bank stock is not listed for taxation by individuals as the banks report are owned in the State, is that the stock has not been paid for by the purchasers, and therefore they do not list it.

Hon. B. R. Lacy has been nominated by the Democratic caucus of the aldermen for commissioner of the sinking fund.

Mrs. Rollins, Mr. Otho Wilson's mother-in-law, died of heart failure at Wake Forest yesterday.

It is said that Mr. William Allen, one of the State chemists under the old Board of Agriculture, who was not re-elected by the new board, will bring suit for another year's salary, since his term does not expire until June, 1898.

The education campaign committee, of which Mr. Mebane is chairman and Prof. Atkinson is secretary, were badly frightened yesterday by the action of the Craven County Commissioners, and after a hurried investigation thought that the Craven county people were right and that the law was illegal.

The committee thereupon adopted the following resolution:

"WHEREAS, The action of the Commissioners of Craven county, in revoking the order for an election under the local education act, calls in question the validity of the act 'to stimulate local taxation in the rural districts' passed by the General Assembly of 1897; therefore, be it

"*Resolved*, That this committee request the chairman to ask the opinion of the Attorney General upon the constitutionality of the act, and request that this opinion be given as early as possible."

The committee afterwards found that they had been looking at the wrong law, and the taxation bill was properly passed and ratified, as was announced in the STAR yesterday.

The executive committee of the trustees of the University have requested plans for the $95 000 alumni building.

The Commercial & Farmers' Bank yesterday declared a semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent.

Prof. Thos. L. Brown has been elected professor of horticulture at the State Normal and Industrial College.

Barnes Bros. have given their $5,000 bond as State printers in the American Bond and Surety Co.

Mr Thomas J. Pence, local editor of the *Press-Visitor*, is spending the week in New York city.

Governor and Mrs. Russell have gone to Wilmington.

The Governor's secretary, Mr. Alexander, has gone to Halifax county to accompany the remains of his uncle, Mr. Arthur Spruill, to Tyrell county.

The real estate valuation of Raleigh is $3,826,571 and personal property $1,468,955 for 1896; a gain of $48,000 in real and $8 000 in personal over 1895. This is a very good showing considering that the R. & G. shops, valued at $50,000, were burned before taxes were listed for 1896.

Ex-Senator Norris, Populist, is a candidate for county supervisor of the schools, and it is claimed he will get the place. He has been active in politics. An energetic young man should be elected to this position. Norris is in no sense qualified for this position.

BASE BALL.

The National League—Result of Yesterday's Games and Other Interesting Features.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Baltimore, 6; Washington, 4.
Cleveland, 13; St. Louis, 1.
Louisville, 4; Cincinnati, 1.
Chicago, 7; Pittsburg, 4.
Boston-New York—rain.
Philadelphia-Brooklyn—rain.

WHERE THEY PLAY TO DAY.

Pittsburg at Chicago.
St. Louis at Cleveland.
Cincinnati at Louisville.
Boston at New York.
Brooklyn at Philadelphia.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Boston	41	14	.745
Baltimore	38	17	.691
Cincinnati	34	18	.653
New York	33	21	.611
Cleveland	29	27	.517
Brooklyn	26	27	.490
Philadelphia	26	30	.481
Pittsburg	26	29	.473
Louisville	22	38	.400
Washington	20	34	.392
Chicago	22	35	.386
St. Louis	11	46	.193

The Orioles gained a victory over the Senators in the eighth inning yesterday. Jennings was again hit. Nops pitched for Baltimore.

The game between New York and Boston was postponed on account of rain. The rain was preceded by an electrical storm, during which the flag pole on the club house at the polo grounds was struck by lightning. "Bill" Clark, first basemen for New York, was sitting by a radiator and was slightly burned on the thigh, while "Ducky" Holman got a shock on one of his feet.

The Tennessee Exposition, which is attracting so much attention throughout the country, and which is being attended by thousands from both the Northern and Southern States, is beautifully illustrated in the July number of the *Oriole*, which is published by the Baltimore Steam Packet Company. The illustrations were sent the *Oriole* specially by the Board of Managers of the Exposition. The same number also contains maps of the famous James River route of the Baltimore Steam Packet Company between Baltimore and Richmond, and a large amount of other information of value to the general public as well as travellers.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

THE MORNING STAR.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

The Churches.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Grace and Fourth streets, Rev. R. A. Willis, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 8.15 p. m. Sunday school at 4.30 p. m. Experience meeting at 10 a. m. in the lecture room. Weekly Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 8.15 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend these services.

Fifth Street M. E. Church South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cunninggim, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m and 8.15 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday School at 3 30 p. m. Class meeting from 7 00 to 7.15 p. m. The public cordially invited to all services.

First Presbyterian Church, Rev. P. H Hoge, pastor. Divine service at 11 a. m. and 8 00 p. m. Sunday School at 4.30 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday at 5 15 p. m. Seats free.

Market Street M. E. Church, next to corner Ninth and Market streets, Rev. T. H. Sutton, pastor. Services every Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Class meeting at 9 30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday night at 7.30 p. m.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. Alex D. McClure, pastor. Sabbath services at 11 a. m. and 8 15 p. m. Junior Y. P. S. C. E. 10 15 a. m. Senior Y. P. S. C. E. 7 30 p. m. Sabbath School at 4 00 p. m. The public cordially invited.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets; Rev. J. E Harrell, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 2 30 p. m. Weekly Prayer Meeting Wednesday night at 7.30.

Chapel of the Good Shepherd, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a m and 8 p m.

Grace Lutheran Mission (colored), Rev. Aug Burgdorf, pastor. Services at the new Phœnix Hall, at Fourth street bridge, 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. Wednesday 8 p. m. Sunday School at 10 a. m.

MARRIED.

BOWEN—WOODWARD—In this city, at the First Presbyterian church, June 9th, 1897, ISABELLE CASEW WOODWARD to ARTHUR F. BOWEN, of Raleigh, N. C.

DIED.

BREMER—July 2nd, at 3.30 p. m., JOHN M. BREMER, aged 68 years.

Funeral this afternoon at 5 o'clock from residence No. 503 Castle street, thence to St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Church and Oakdale Cemetery.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The "Unlucky Corner."

Toilet Soap,

WILD LOCUST HONEY,

elegantly perfumed, three cakes in box.

M. H. Orion's Pure Olive Castile. Uncle Sam's great healing Tar Soap removes Dandruff and Pimples, stains from Silk or Woollen Fabrics.

BROK'S CRYSTAL SOAP

"Won't wash clothes" but will wash Steel, Iron and Copper Vessels. Removes rust, dirt, stains and tarnish. Special prices this week.

S. W. Sanders.
je 30 tf

Criminal Court.

This is to give notice to Defendants, Witnesses and Bondsmen that a

Special Term of the Criminal Court

for New Hanover county, will be held in the Court House, in the city of Wilmington, on MONDAY, THE 19TH day of July, 1897.

By order of Thos. H. Sutton, Judge.

W. R. FRENCH, Clerk.
June 25th, 1897. we ss su je 30 3t

To Any Non-Catholic in North Carolina

"Truth"

ONLY TEN CENTS PER ANNUM.

To any non Catholic in North Carolina we will send for only tens cents per annum, "Truth," a Catholic magazine devoted to giving TRUE explanations of the Catholic Church, that is of the Catholic Church as it is, not as caricatured and misrepresented. Address, "TRUTH," Raleigh, N. C.

REV. THOS. F. PRICE, Manager.
my 9 tf D&W

Take Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE listing of State, county and city taxes will close Saturday, July 3rd, without a day, and that all persons who do not list their property by that date will be placed upon the delinquent list with all the penalties of the law applying to such delinquents. On and after this date the hours for listing taxes will be from 9 a. m. to 7 p. m.

Next Monday, July 5th being a legal holiday, the Board of County Commissioners will hold no business meeting, but will take a recess till 3 p. m. Tuesday, July 6th. All persons having business with the Board will take due notice.

F. W. FOSTER,
Chairman Board of Commissioners of New Hanover County. jy 1 3t

WHO IS IT?

D. L. GORE,

Wholesale Grocer.

Who Sells Flour, Meat,

Lard, Sugar, Coffee

and everything kept in a Wholesale Grocery establishment at bottom prices.

je 30 tf 120, 122 and 124 North Water St., Wilmington, N. C.

J. L. HILL PRINTING COMPANY'S

Directory of Wilmington,

1897.

Containing a general business and street directory.

Price $3.00.

For sale by C. W. Yates & Co.

J. L. HILL PRINTING COMPANY,

Owners and Publishers,
my 21 tf Richmond, Va.

REMNANTS!

This week will be devoted to remnants. We believe it will pay you to examine them. All Wool Extra Super Two-ply Carpeting at 45c per yard. They are in a variety of lengths.

All 8-Wire Tapestry Carpeting at 50c Per yard.

These goods make splendid Rugs.

All 10-Wire Tapestry Carpeting at 55c Yard.

All Velvets and Body Brussels at 80c Yard.

One lot Cotton Chain and Union Carpeting, yard wide, 15 to 30c yard

One lot Silkalines and Jap Crepes.—In lengths for Pillows and Mantle Draperies at 5½c yard. Regular 12½c quality.

Odds and ends in Cretons, Upholstery Damask, Denims and Muslins regardless of cost.

One lot Ladies' Vests, Unbleached, at 4c each.

Remnants of Matting—We must get them out of the way at any price

A special lot of Table Covers at a special price. Portiers 3¼ yards long, 50 inches wide, at $2 75 pair.

PHONE No. 102.

A. D. BROWN,

No. 29 North Front St.,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK.

je 27 tf

Hustling, Pushing, Cutting Prices!

:o:

While the sun shines the farmer makes hay. Just so with us, when the days are warm we sell our Summer Goods. We have had an elegant Spring trade, but adding two large stocks in one makes us very much over-stocked Our store is as full now as it should be in October. We will very much need the room, as we are now looking forward to the next season. Our Summer Goods we are going to sell, and if prices will talk, here they go:

1,000 yards on hand of Checked and Striped White Muslins at only 4c per yd.

1,500 yards of Colored Batiste at 4½c per yard.

Good many styles of dark and light Challies to closeout 4c per yard. Strictly all wool Challies, worth 15c, at 8½c.

Beautiful line of fine Silkolines in handsome styles, worth 12½ and 15c, at 10c.

Fine white Organdy at 9, 12½, 15, 20, 25 and 35c per yard.

Shirt Waist Silks—They were very cheap at 25c. now I will sell at 20c.

Drapery Silks worth 65c, bought of R. M. McIntire, now 40c.

Black Satin, slightly damaged, at 25c; better quality and nice goods, strictly all Silk, at 60c per yard, and on up to 85c, $1.00 and 1.25 per yard.

MATTING—Since the tariff has been put on Matting the prices are necessarily higher. But we still sell them very low. We have a beautiful Matting at 12½, 15, 20c and up to 30c per yard.

FLOOR OIL CLOTH AND RUGS—Oil Cloth Art Squares, 1¼ yards square patterns at 50c per pattern. Beautiful Oil Cloth Rugs, 2 yards long, for 60c each. Hall Oil Cloth, 8-4 and 10-4 wide, best and heaviest weights for 30c per square yard.

Track Carpet 27 inches wide, very heavy quality, worth 35c, now 28c.

Very fine line of Carpet Remnants to make Rugs of, 2 yards long, 36 inches wide, strictly all wool, at 50c each.

A big line of Smyrna Rugs from $1.00 to 3 50 each.

SHOES, SHOES—Don't go barefooted. Leather is cheaper than your feet. Men's heavy high cut Ties for $1.00 per pair. Gentlemen's Calf Skin high cut Tie for farmers at $1.65.

Men's Satin Calf, Congress and Lace Shoes, $1 00.

Our $1 25 Shoes are strictly all solid, made up nicely and warranted to give satisfaction, and we consider big value.

You will find us at 113 North Front St., opposite the Orton Hotel.

Geo. O. Gaylord, Prop.,

je 20 tf Of Wilmington's Big Racket Store.

STOP!

The "Dangler" Vapor Oil Stove

IS THE BEST MADE.

No Dust, Smoke, Ashes, Odor.

Can be run for half cent per hour.

They Are Selling Like "Hot Cakes."

If your cook leaves you your wife can do her own cooking with no discomfort from heat. Come and examine them.

OWEN F. LOVE & CO

je 27 tf

ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, WILMINGTON, N. C.

We want your business, and will Make it to Your Interest to Deal with us. Promptness, Accuracy and Safety Guaranteed.

NO INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. D. L. GORE, Vice President. W. C. COKER Jr., 2nd Vice President. W. J. TOOMER, Cashier.

	May 14th, '96.	May 14th, '97
Deposits	$515,000	$599,500
Surplus and Net Profits	58,900	69,500
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	NONE.	NONE.

Dividends paid 6 per cent. per annum.
Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892. je 13 tf

Depositors In

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

Will please call at the office of the Company and have interest entered on pass-book for quarter ending June 1st. The Savings Bank has paid its depositors in interest within the past year $9,269.20.

Did you get any of that money? If not, why not?

Paid in Capital $25,000. Surplus $7,500.
je 13 tf

Hardware, Tinware,

EARTHENWARE,

STOVES, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Lawn Mowers, Garden Hose,

Water Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers.

Wm. H. Springer & Co.,

"PURCELL" BUILDING, WILMINGTON, N. C. mar 24 tf

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 3, 1897

OUR PUBLIC ROADS.

During President Cleveland's administration Hon J. Sterling Morton, Secretary of Agriculture, gave considerable attention to the subject of good roads until he became so absorbed in the labor of upholding the gold standard that he didn t have much time to devote to the road question. His successor, Wilson, is a thorough believer in good roads and is following up his work by procuring and publishing some valuable information gathered in this and in other countries.

The trouble is in our country that, generally speaking, where efforts have been made to keep the roads in passably good condition the work has been done in a shiftless and unsubstantial manner, and the money and labor practically thrown away. Secretary Wilson has recently issued several bulletins on roads, one of which is on the cost and methods of road working as pursued in various States, as gathered from messages of different Governors and other persons familiar with the subject. Among others this bulletin contains an extract from a message of Gov. McKinney, of Virginia, as follows:

"It is stated by a competent investigator that the average expenditure for the past three years on the county roads in Virginia has exceeded $350,000 per annum in money and over $400 000 in statutory labor. I do not believe this estimate is extravagant. We have not less than 300,000 persons who are required to give two days' labor to the county roads. We had in 1893 property valued for taxation at $399 585,447. The levy for county roads is 15 cents on the $100 worth of property. Place the value of the labor at 75 cents a day and it will be seen that the estimate of $750,000 available for road purposes yearly is a low one."

This shows about $750,000 annually expended on the roads of Virginia, and it is doubtful if the State got $25,000 worth of permanent benefit out of it. In making his estimate the Governor puts a valuation of 75 cents a day on the labor on the roads by the citizens who under the law were required to "work the roads." That would be a sufficiently low estimate if the men worked, but generally speaking these road working parties are more like frolics than anything else. The road overseer, if he were desirous of having the work done well, does not like to undertake to boss and drive his neighbors, who wouldn't submit very cheerfully to the bossing if he did. The main object with the average road worker is to put in the couple of days the law requires of him as agreeably and easily as he can and thus he discharges his duty to the State without benefitting the roads to the amount of twenty five cents. That is about the rule all over the United States.

Suppose this $750,000 spent or frittered away on the Virginia roads were expended under contract, as money for building railroads is, or was expended under the direction of some competent road builder employed by the State, how many or rather how few years would it take to give that State a first class system of roads? There isn't a State in the Union, old or young, that doesn't annually throw away money enough in that shiftless way of working roads to pay in a few years for a system that the State might be proud of.

This bulletin also gives some attention to the subject of convict labor employed on the roads, and as North Carolina was the pioneer in this employment of convict labor it quotes pretty freely from Professor Holmes, who gives some interesting and important information for the benefit of persons who may be in doubt as to the practicability of employing convict labor on the roads. He shows from reports from about eighty counties as to the cost of feeding and caring for the convicts in the jails that it costs an average of 30 cents a day, while the convict at work on the roads doesn't cost more than from 20 to 45 cents a day, which includes food, lodging, clothing, doctor's bills and medicine when it is necessary to employ a physician. The health of the convicts on the roads is better than that of those confined, their morals are better, they work willingly, are easily controlled and do not require guards, and very few attempt to escape, because there is a good behavior record kept and the length of time to serve is reduced according to good behavior. They do better work than the ordinary laborer that could be procured in the locality where the road work is going on.

The only objection as we see it is that in North Carolina a sufficient number of convicts are not employed on the roads. Thus far but few counties have availed themselves of the opportunity to get convict labor, Mecklenburg being in the lead, the result of which is that she has more good roads than any county in the State, and will in time, if she continues, have as good a system as any county in the United States.

Having been the first State to make the experiment we think North Carolina may claim the credit of having solved the problem of the practicability of convict labor on the public roads. But she hasn't gone far enough. Those able-bodied fellows on the State farms should be employed in constructing turnpikes through the State until intersecting avenues were open in sufficient number from the Blue Ridge on the North to the seaboard on the South and from Skyland on the West to the seaboard on the East. The day will come when the bulk of the convicts in the United States will be so employed and only the more vicious, dangerous or infirm locked up.

MINOR MENTION.

We published a few days ago the figures of Mr. Thomas G. Shearman, of Brooklyn, N. Y., showing the distribution of the wealth of this country, or rather the absorption of the wealth by the few. This table attracted much attention when first published, nearly ten years ago, and it is attracting quite as much if not more now, for the wealth of the few has greatly increased since then, while the proportion of the many has correspondingly decreased. It is a showing that must command attention, and one over which the well-wisher of this country will find very little to feel elated. In publishing the table the New Orleans *Times-Democrat* makes the following comment:

"It will be observed here that the population of the United States is divided into 13 000,000 families, and that the wealth of the United States is estimated at $62.000 000,000. If there were anything like an even distribution of the wealth of the country, it is plain that each family would own about $4.750. But the distribution is the reverse of even; and what is chiefly noticeable about it is that a very small proportion of the people own a very large proportion of the wealth. Seventy families each own $37.500,000; these are multi-millionaires of course, and each one of these seventy families owns as much as 27,000 families of the class that works at manual labor for its living!

"An astonishing consideration this is—that one family of the most plutocratic class should own as much of the country's wealth as 37,500 families of a less favored class. And the striking character of the distribution goes through the entire list. So small a number of persons as 100,000 own one-half of the country's entire wealth; and if we take the population as being 73,500,000, it will be seen that 100,000 persons own as much of the wealth as the remaining 73,400,000 persons—a distribution which does not impress one greatly by its evenness, even if it be fair enough. As much as 75 per cent. of the wealth is owned by 4 per cent of the population; and, as will be seen, there is therefore only 25 per cent. of the wealth remaining to be divided among the other 96 per cent. of the population.

With this process of absorption going on how long would would it be before this comparative handful of people owned *all* the wealth? The same policies which made this condition possible are still being pursued and the result must be the continued absorption of the wealth of the country by the favored classes. Continued it must inevitably result in dividing the people into two classes—plutocrats and paupers—with no middle class, the country's dependence and pride.

* * *

The letter which Mr. W. D. Ryan, Secretary of the United Mine Workers of Illinois, wrote to Senator Mason, published in the news columns of THE STAR yesterday, is, in as far as the statement of the deplorable condition of the miners goes, sustained by the reports of investigating committees in Ohio and Pennsylvania, where the condition of the miners is equally as deplorable. The Legislature of Pennsylvania has just made an appropriation of $11,900 to defray the expenses of a further investigation to get some more light on the suject. What they want any more light for is a mystery, for so many investigations have already been had and so many reports been made, that every one who reads seems to have a pretty good idea of what is the matter. In the first place the mine operators have been filling the mines, when they could do it, with the very cheapest imported labor they could secure, and thus cut down the wages of the miners previously employed. This was one cause, and the combining of mine operators to keep wages down, was another. In his letter to Senator Mason, Mr. Ryan gives another reason, namely, the competition of mine operators, who in their desire to undersell others sold their coal too low, and cut down the wages of workmen accordingly until they reached the starvation point. And yet coal mining is one of the protected industries which had a protection of 40 cents a ton, almost as much as it cost to have the coal mined, and now they have succeeded in getting the protection increased to 67½ cents a ton, more than they have been paying to have the coal mined. In view of the facts, and of the starvation wages paid to miners, where does the workman come in in this protection?

* * *

The Democrats in the Senate, with the assistance of a few silver Republicans and Populists, got in some pretty good work on the tariff, Thursday, when they succeeded in putting cotton bagging, cotton ties and floor matting on the free list, and reducing the duty on white pine lumber from $2 to $1 per thousand feet. These are all matters in which the people are much interested, and the action taken means the saving of a great deal of money to them, how much it would be difficult to estimate now. The placing of bagging and ties upon the free list will prevent combination and extortion, that would have been resorted to if these articles had been left upon the dutiable list. It is somewhat significant that the Republicans voted solidly, with one exception, against this, showing the disposition to squeeze the South when they can do it. But even as it is, the Southern planters may be thankful for the fact that bagging for the grain men of the West was in the same boat with cotton bagging and cotton ties, which secured some Western votes that could not have been commanded for cotton bagging and ties alone The combination got the Republicans in a corner where they could not help themselves, and the cotton planters, grain planters and the poor who can't afford carpets and use matting instead secured these concessions in spite of them.

The United States Government is accommodating enough to coin money for our South American neighbors who are not experts at the business or have not well equipped mints of their own. The mint at Philadelphia has recently coined $500,000 in gold for Costa Rica, and $300,000 in silver for San Domingo. The money is sent to New York, shipped in bags, and the countries for which the coining is done never question the report of the mint as to the amount of metal used.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Secretary Sherman says the Ohio Republicans will not tolerate bosses. Perhaps not, but they appear to stand one boss without a vast amount of kicking.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

—— Representative Crumpacker, of Indiana, has introduced a bill to exempt from the civil service regulations all places that do not pay over $600 a year. Between the hole-punchers and the Crumpackers and the anti starchers, civil service is having a uncommonly hard summer. —*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— Just why there should be reciprocity with Canada in the matter of coal and none with Argentina in the matter of hides is something that the Solons of the Senate should explain a little more clearly before they fix the law that way and then wash their hands of the whole subject.—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind*

—— In Considering the political outlook in Ohio, the enthusiastic Democrats must not forget that the Republican national campaign fund of 1896 was not all spent, that Senator Hanna is Chairman of the Republican National Committee, and that Senator Hanna is a candidate for reelection.—*New York Journal, Dem*

Pallid faces indicate pale, thin blood. Rosy cheeks show the pure, rich blood resulting from taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. †

TWINKLINGS.

— Jack—"She used to be an old flame of yours, did she not?"

Arthur—"Yes; but that was when I had money to burn."—*Puck.*

— "Where did you learn French?" asked the Parisian.

"From a native," proudly replied the tourist.

"Ah! A native of what?"

— "I saw you out walking with your wife last night. Why did you persist in following close behind her?"

"Oh, that's the effect of the tandem habit."—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

— Castleton—"How few girls go in bathing here this season!"

Billback—"Yes The grand stand back of the bathing beach has been washed away."—*Judge.*

— "How is it that your son's head seems to be drawn to one side? Only a year ago he was straight as an Indian."

"I can only account for it through the fact that he did his courting on a tandem."—*Detroit Free Press.*

— Mrs. Suburbs (hysterically)—"John, you thought I didn't see you, but I did. You kissed the maid!"

Mr. Suburbs (reproachfully)—"But, my dear, you asked me to try to persuade her to stay another week!"

Mrs. Suburbs (eagerly)—"Tell me quick, John dear, did she promise?"—*Truth.*

— First Cyclist—I always get nervous when I see a woman crossing the street ahead of me.

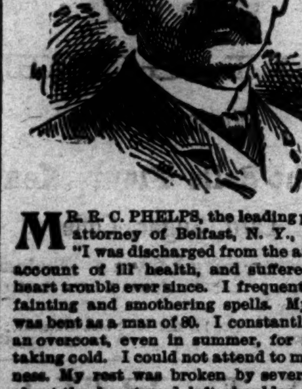
Second Bicyclist—So do I. They have so many pins in their clothes that if a fellow collides with them he is almost sure to puncture a tire.—*Spare Moments.*

— "Qaintly talks like a man who has travelled all over every country on earth."

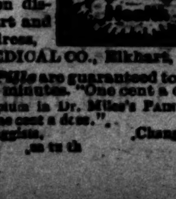
"Never was out of Boston in his life, but he has the finest private collection of guide books in existence."—*Boston Traveller.*

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

Cures a Prominent Attorney.



MR. R. C. PHELPS, the leading pension attorney of Belfast, N. Y., writes: "I was discharged from the army on account of ill health, and suffered from heart trouble ever since. I frequently had fainting and smothering spells. My form was bent as a man of 80. I constantly wore an overcoat, even in summer, for fear of taking cold. I could not attend to my business. My rest was broken by severe pains about the heart and left shoulder. Three years ago I commenced using Dr. Miles' Heart Cure, notwithstanding I had used so much patent medicine and taken drugs from doctors for years without being helped. Dr. Miles' Heart Cure restored me to health. It is truly a wonderful medicine and it affords me much pleasure to recommend this remedy to everyone."



Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address,

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills are guaranteed to stop Headache in 15 minutes. "One cent a dose."

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS CURE All Pain. "One cent a dose".

For sale by all Druggists. Change.

June 15 1y su tu th

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Asheville *Citizen:* Two fine maltese cats passed through Asheville the other day on their way by express from California to Massachusetts.

— Dunn *Union:* Mr. Andrew Turlington, a prominent citizen and prosperous farmer of Grove township, this county, died of Bright's disease at his home on Wednesday morning, June 23rd, 1897, in the 78th year of his age. —— The latest feat in killing snakes comes from Sampson county, Mingo township, where Mr. J. W. Hawley killed nine moccasins at one shot with a rifle. Mr. Hawley and witnesses will vouch for this statement.

— Laurinburg *Exchange:* Dock Patterson a colored boy, was killed by a train on the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad last Thursday evening, between Hasty and John's Station. The boy, it seems, was demented and had been left to mind the cows. Just before train time he lay down on the track, with his head on the rail, and went to sleep. The engineer did not see him in time to stop the train and the sleeper never knew his danger, for the first wheel severed his head from his body.

— Weldon *News:* A stranger who is said to be an impostor is making his way towards Weldon. He makes a living by imposing on the Masonic fraternity. In Petersburg he gave his name as William Stevens, of Port Huron, Michigan, and stated that he was a member of Pine Level Lodge of Masons, of that city. A telegram was sent to the Lodge, and the reply was to the effect that Stevens was a fraud and that he has been making a living this way for the past twelve years. He will doubtless have another name when he reaches here.

— Rocky Mount *Phoenix:* Mrs. Wm. Fontain of Tarboro died suddenly Monday morning. —— We regret to announce the death of Mrs. Eliza Johnston at the residence of her son in law, Mr. Moore near Cold Rock June 25th. She was 67 years of age

— Smithfield *Herald:* The well nigh criminal carelessness of a colored employe at the Rock Dale Mills, near here, last Saturday afternoon, caused an accident that resulted in the death of Mr. John Rand, of the firm of W. Rand & Bro., who operate the mills. The negro allowed a large piece of lumber to fall upon the large circular saw, the rapid revolving of which caused it to be projected through the air as if from a catapult, striking Mr. Rand and inflicting a mortal injury. He lingered thirty-five hours and passed away Monday morning.

PEARL DIVERS OF CEYLON.

Marco Polo Tells of Charmers Who Keep Away Sharks.

When you leave the island of Seilan and sail westward about 60 miles, you come to the great province of Maabar, which is styled India the Greater. It is the best of all the Indies and is on the mainland.

In this province there are five kings, who are own brothers. The province is the finest and noblest in the world.

At this end of the province reigns one of those five royal brothers, who is a crowned king, and his name is Sonder Bandi Davar. In this kingdom they find fine and great pearls, and I will tell how they are got.

The sea here forms a gulf between the island of Seilan and the mainland, and all round this gulf the water has a depth of no more than 10 or 12 fathoms and in some places no more than two fathoms. The pearl fishers take their vessels, great and small, and proceed into this gulf, where they stop from the beginning of April till the middle of May. They go first to a place called Bettelar and then go 60 miles into the gulf. Here they cast anchor and shift from their large vessels into small boats. The merchants divide into various companies, and each of these must engage a number of men on wages, hiring them for April and half of May. Of all the produce they have first to pay the king, as his royalty, the tenth part, and they must also pay those men who charm the great fishes, to prevent them from injuring the divers while engaged in seeking pearls under water, one-twentieth part of all that they may take.

These fish charmers are termed abraiaman, and their charm holds good for that day only, for at night they dissolve the charms so that the fishes can work mischief at their will. These abraiaman know also how to charm beasts and birds and every living thing. When the men have got into the small boats, they jump into the water and dive to the bottom, which may be at a depth of from 4 to 12 fathoms, and there they remain as long as they are able, and there they find the shells that contain the pearls, and these they put into a net bag tied round the waist and mount up to the surface with them and then dive anew. When they can't hold their breath any longer, they come up again, and after a little down they go once more, and so they go on all day. These shells are in shape like oysters or sea hoods, and in these shells are found pearls, great and small, of every kind, sticking in the flesh of the shellfish.

In this manner pearls are fished in great quantities, for thence, in fact, come the pearls which are spread all over the world. And the king of that state hath a very great receipt and treasure from his dues upon those pearls.—"The True Story of Marco Polo," by Noah Brooks, in St. Nicholas.

He Arrives Too Late.

"I'm always just a bit too late," sighed the inventor as he threw down a patent office report.

"When I was stretching telegraph wires up in the northwest before the war, I invented a telephone with which to talk along the line. When I got back to civilization, some other fellow had the machine in working order and patented. One day I delighted my confidential friends with a phonograph, and while they were trying to buy stock in the concern along came word through the newspapers that my automatic talker was the property of some one who was just a few hours ahead of me. I was working night and day on the kinetoscope up to the time that it was patented by another inventor.

"Then I concluded that I would get away from electricity for a time, for it seemed to be my hoodoo. After informing myself as to how paper was made from wood pulp I conceived the idea of producing silk from some vegetable fiber. I kept at it for years, and finally my efforts were crowned with success. I used the spruce tree just as the silk worm assimilates the mulberry leaf, completing the transformation into silk by a chemical process which presented the knottiest problem I had to solve.

"But once more fate gave me the cold shoulder. A Frenchman had been secretly working on the same lines and beat me out by a lap. He has his patents all over the world, and a factory is being built in New Jersey. It means cheap silk and millions to the inventor.

"Now I'm going to try to establish communication with Mars, and I'll bet that if I succeed some other fellow that has been talking with the people there for a week or two will turn up."—Detroit Free Press.

Stands at the Head.

Aug. J. Bogel, the leading druggist of Shreveport, La., says: "Dr. King's New Discovery is the only thing that cures my cough, and it is the best seller I have." J. F. Campbell, merchant of Safford, Ariz., writes: "Dr. King's New Discovery is all that is claimed for it; it never fails, and is a sure cure for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I cannot say enough for its merits." Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is not an experiment. It has been tried for a quarter of a century, and to-day stands at the head It never disappoints. Free trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

IN A WILD STAMPEDE

HORSE AND RIDER SWEPT ALONG FOR TWO DAYS IN A BUFFALO HERD.

A Cavalryman on a Hunt Separated From His Companions and Carried For Many Miles Across the Plains by Frightened Buffaloes.

"It was in 1865, the year of the close of the civil war," said Hank Marsten, a Montana cattleman. "I was high private in the Second Kansas cavalry, and, instead of being mustered out at the close of the struggle, our regiment was ordered to the column sent out against the Arapahoes and southern Cheyennes, who had been playing hob on the plains while our hands were tied up fighting the Johnny Rebs. This kind of campaigning was not new to Kansans, for whom alkali water and dusty plains had no terrors. We passed through a country where there was the finest antelope and buffalo hunting, and we took such advantage of our opportunities that it was an unlucky day when the hunters didn't bring in meat enough to supply the entire command

"Three of us, Tom Packard, Ed Farnsworth and myself, started out one morning with two days' rations in our haversacks for a hunt, shaping our course to the right of the line of march. We killed two antelopes the first day, but it was not until the morning of the second day that we sighted buffaloes. But when we did there were buffaloes, and no mistake. It was the big southern herd feeding northward from the Texas plains that we had come upon, and the prairie was black with buffaloes as far as the eye could reach.

"Thousands and tens of thousands of the heavy shouldered, shaggy necked brutes were pasturing as peacefully as cattle on a farm, with the bulls standing guard on the outskirts all around to keep off the wolves that were sneaking about the herd watching for a chance to snap up a stray calf. We staid to look at the scene for awhile before we got down to work. Our spencer carbines did not carry far enough to stalk the buffaloes at long range. We had to ride in on them, and, each man picking out the buffalo he wanted to kill we gave our horses free rein and the spur, and rode at the herd.

"It was half a minute or so before the buffaloes seemed to get it into their heads that we were coming and make up their minds what to do, and by that time we were among them. Then the nearest ones turned and ran, and this gave the alarm to those beyond them, and they ran too. So the panic spread through the herd like the tipping down of a row of bricks, and in a minute or more the whole herd was in motion. Farnsworth and Packard each got the buffalo he went for, and they bagged two more besides. But the one I selected—it was a fat young cow—was so far in the herd and ran so well that by the time I was alongside her the buffaloes were all around me, every one running head down and tail in the air, not caring for what stood in the way. There was only one thing to do, and that was to go with them. So I sent a shot in behind the cow's shoulder that dropped her, and then let my horse take his head. He was carried away, as a horse is apt to be, by the excitement of the stampede, and tried to run away. This took us farther into the herd, until the buffaloes got so thick about us that he could not force his way among them. After that for hours and hours there was nothing but dust and noise, with buffaloes on every side as far as I could see through the smother, crowding, jostling, pushing, every one trying to get ahead of the others. My horse was jammed and tossed about by the buffaloes, but he kept his footing and went along with the rest. The dust filled my eyes and nostrils.

"Darkness came, and still the stampede went on through the night. It was not until morning that the buffaloes slowed up and began to scatter and feed. I tried then to work my way out from among them, but before I had got half way out my motion alarmed them and they stampeded again. There was no stopping the thing; so long as they saw me among them they were bound to stampede, and there was no getting away from them. They carried me along with them that day, and, although now their pace had slowed to a walk, they did not stop until darkness fell again. Sometimes we would come to a gulch and I could hear the thumping sound as the buffaloes off to left or right went heels over head down to the bottom over the edge. But by good luck the part of the herd where I was struck a place every time where we could get across. About 10 o'clock in the night the buffaloes halted once more and began to scatter and feed. A good many of them lay down, as if they were tired out with traveling and wanted no more of it. I started again to get clear of them, and this time, by working carefully along, letting my horse feed as he went and avoiding every motion that might alarm them, I got to the edge of the herd just as the sky was growing light in the east.

"When I felt that I was far enough beyond the main herd to be safe against another stampede, I shot a young bull. Strange to say, this caused no stampede or sign of alarm among the buffaloes. They had had enough of stampeding, and those nearest the bull only moved away a few steps at the report of my carbine, and then lay down or went on feeding. It was not only that they were tired, but they had got used to my presence, and I have no doubt that my horse and I could have kept with them as long as we chose without throwing them into a stampede again.

"I took the buffalo's tongue and a cut from his loin, and then set out to find water, leading my horse; for he was too badly played out for me to ride him after all we had been through. I struck a spring in the course of an hour, and water was good for us about that time. After my horse and I had drunk all it was safe to drink at the time, I washed the dust from my eyes and face, picketed my horse out to feed and cooked about six pounds of steak for my breakfast. Then I dropped down in my tracks and slept till nightfall. I got my bearings by the stars and set out to find our command. I knew the direction they would take and how far they could march in a day, and I hit it so well that I was in sight of the dust raised by the column on the march by 8 o'clock next morning. They were surprised enough to see me alive and sound, for Packard and Farnsworth, after following me up awhile, had come back to camp to report that I had been carried away by the buffaloes. A party had been sent out to follow the trail and gather up and bury so much of my remains as could be found. They came into camp six hours after me.

"But I was a hard looking sight when I got back to the command. I was covered with dust from head to foot, and my trousers had been worn clean from my legs by the rubbing against them of the buffaloes. My horse had 20 places on his rump and sides where the skin had been torn by the horns of the buffaloes crowding against him."—New York Sun.

Taking Tips for Tips.

Waiters, it seems, do not always receive money for tips, as one would naturally expect, two or three eccentric individuals preferring to dispense their generosity in a different manner.

A west end waiter once pointed out a horsey looking man who had never yet given an employee of the restaurant a farthing in money. He preferred to give the waiters tips for coming horse races.

He was a well known bookmaker, or something of that sort, and his tips were invariably so successful that the majority of the waiters preferred them before money. One man who had supported the customer's racing tips on every occasion found himself some £30 to the good at the end of the season.—Pearson's Weekly.

One Consolation.

"Fine feathers," said the philosophical crow unto his mate—"fine feathers make fine hat trimmings."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Electric Bitters

Electric Bitters is a medicine suited for any season, but perhaps more generally needed when the languid, exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison. Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50c. and $1.00 per bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Easy to Take Easy to Operate

Are features peculiar to Hood's Pills. Small in size, tasteless, efficient, thorough. As one man said: "You never know you have taken a pill till it is all over." 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Proprietors, Lowell, Mass. The only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

APPOINTMENTS

For Visitation by the Bishop of East Carolina.

July 4. third Sunday after Trinity, M P, S John's, Durham's Creek.

July 6, Tuesday, E P, Chapel of the Cross, Aurora.

July 7, Wednesday, Communion, Chapel of the Cross Aurora

July 8, Thursday, M P, S John's, Makelyville.

July 9, Friday, E P, Sladesville.

July 11, fourth Sunday after Trinity, M P, S George's, Hyde county,

July 12 Monday, E P, Fairfield.

July 13 Tuesday, E P, Swan Quarter.

July 18, fifth Sunday after Trinity, M P, S Paul's, Beaufort.

July 18 fifth Sunday after Trinity, E P, S Clement's, Beaufort.

Com.—Communion.

E P—Evening prayer.

M P—Morning prayer.

Holy communion at all morning services.

The children catechized when practicable.

The Vestries will please be prepared to meet the Bishop

Offerings to be for Diocesan Missions unless otherwise announced.

The Dozen.

In all the civilized countries of the world 13 is referred to as being somebody's "dozen." In America, Australia, Great Britain (present day), and several other lands that number is said to a "baker's dozen." In Italy it is referred to as the "cobbler's dozen," there being a tradition that there was formerly a law which compelled cobblers to put 12 tacks or nails round the edge of a boot heel. Finally, when the nails became cheap, a center nail was driven for luck.

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—		
2 ℔ Jute	6¼ @	6½
Standard	@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ℔ ℔	12 @	14
Sides ℔ ℔	6 @	7
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6 @	6¼
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ℔ ℔	5¼ @	5½
Shoulders ℔ ℔	4⅞ @	5¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 00 @	1 10
New New York, each	1 35 @	1 40
New City, each	1 30 @	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔	22 @	23
BRICKS—		
Wilmington ℔ M	6 00 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina ℔ ℔	10 @	16
Northern	18 @	25
CORN MEAL—		
Per Bushel, in sacks	43 @	45
Virginia Meal	43 @	45
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	@	75
CANDLES—℔ ℔—		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	8 @	10
CHEESE—℔ ℔—		
Northern Factory	11 @	12½
Dairy, Cream	12 @	13
State	@	10
COFFEE—℔ ℔—		
Laguyra	20 @	
Rio	8½ @	15
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard	@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18 @	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	10 @	12
FISH—		
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	2 00 @	3 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 75 @	6 50
N C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00 @	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5 @	10
" Extra	3 35 @	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—		
Low grade	3 50 @	4 00
Choice	@	4 50
Straight	4 60 @	4 75
First Patent	5 25 @	5 50
GLUE—℔ ℔—	7½ @	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White,	43 @	45
Car load, in bags—White	43 @	43
Oats, from store	30 @	32½
Oats, Rust Proof	43½ @	45
Cow Peas	@	1 10
HIDES, ℔ ℔—		
Green	@	6
Dry	@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔s—		
Clover Hay	60 @	85
Rice Straw	@	50
Eastern	@	1 00
Western	90 @	95
North River	@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	@	3
LARD, ℔ ℔—		
Northern	5 @	5½
North Carolina	6 @	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15 @	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed), ℔ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—		
Barbados, in hhds	@	26
" " in bbls	@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds	@	26
" in bbls	@	28
Sugar-House, in hhds	12 @	14
" in bbls	14 @	15
Syrup, in bbls	12 @	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 50 @	1 60
PORK, ℔ barrel—		
City Mess	@	9 50
Rump	@	9 00
Prime	@	9 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10 @	22
SALT, ℔ sack Alum	@	75
Liverpool	@	60
Lisbon	@	
American	@	60
On 125 ℔ Sacks	40 @	40
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00 @	6 50
Common	1 60 @	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50 @	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Granu'd	4 13-16 @	5
Standard A	@	4 11-16
White Ex. C	@	4 11-16
Extra C, Golden	@	4⅝
C, Yellow	@	3⅞
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½ @	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	8 00 @	14 00
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50 @	4 50
Common Mill	4 00 @	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed		
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50 @	8 50
" Sap	5 00 @	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50 @	5 00
" Sap	4 00 @	4 50
6x20 Heart	6 00 @	6 50
" Sap	5 00 @	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔	4 @	
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00 @	2 00
North Carolina	1 00 @	2 00

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, July 2.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market dull at 24 cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 23½ cents for country casks.

ROSIN—Market steady at $1 25 per bbl for Strained and $1.30 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1.10 per bbl of 280 ℔s.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market steady; $1.30 per barrel for Hard, 1 80 for Yellow Dip and 1 90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine firm, 22¾, 22¼c. rosin firm, $1.32½, 1.37½; tar firm $1 20; crude turpentine firm, $1 30, 1 70, 1 80.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	167
Rosin	1,002
Tar	20
Crude Turpentine	46

Receipts same day last year—350 casks spirits turpentine, 1,047 bbls rosin, 291 bbls tar, 163 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 7⅝c for middling.

Ordinary	5⅝	cts ℔ ℔
Good Ordinary	6⅝	" "
Low Middling	7⅜	" "
Middling	7⅝	" "
Good Middling	8 1-16	" "

Same day last year, middling 7¼c.

Receipts—0 bales; same day last year 5.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 60@65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 70c; Fancy, 80c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy, 50c.

CORN.—Firm, 45@47½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—65@70 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2 25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $5.00 to 8.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 2—Evening.—Money on call easy at 1¼@1½ per cent., last loan at 1½ and closed offered at 1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@4 per cent. Sterling exchange was weak; actual business in bankers' bills 486¾@487 for demand; 485¾@486 for sixty days. Posted rates 486½@487½ and 488@488½. Commercial bills 485. Silver certificates 60½@60⅝. Government bonds were firm; fives, registered, 114⅝; fives, coupon, 114⅝; fours, registered, 111⅝; fours, coupon, 112½; twos, registered, 96½. State bonds dull; North Carolina sixes 126; North Carolina fours 103. Railroad bonds were firm.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 2.—Rosin quiet, strained common to good $1 72½@1 75. Spirits turpentine quiet at 26½@27c.

CHARLESTON, July 2—Spirits turpentine was quiet at 23½c bid; no sales Rosin firm; no sales.

SAVANNAH, July 2.—Spirits turpentine offered at 24c; sales 2,819 casks; closed at 24c bid; receipts 1,185 casks Rosin was firm and unchanged; no sales, receipts 3,141 barrels.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 2—The cotton market opened steady at an advance of 2@4 points, after which there was a sharp collapse, with prices finally two points higher, as compared with yesterday's final dealings. The market closed barely steady in tone. Business was more active than it has been for some weeks, sales footing up 153 700 bales. The early rise was due to unexpected stability at Liverpool, as shown by to day's cables, supplemented by conflicting reports from the cotton belt, many of them reporting excessive heat and protracted drought. This led to covering. In addition to this there was considerable buying on the belief that following the fourth, business in the general way would broaden. In the afternoon, however, long cotton came out freely, following the accumulation of considerable long interest and the early advances were lost. The market for spot cotton continued to hold a strong relation to the future list, on an active demand from Northern spinners with some further inquiry also from Southern mills.

NEW YORK, July 2.—The following are the total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1st, 1896: Galveston, 1,343,616 bales; New Orleans, 2 067-727; Mobile, 303 134; Savannah, 839 450; Charleston, 399 306 Wilmington, 234,-360; Norfolk, 703 514; Baltimore, 59 438; New York, 108 701; Boston, 158 918; Newport News, 9 707, Philadelphia, 45,-345; West Point, 59; Brunswick, 25 161; Texas City, 54,245; Pensacola, 67 893; Port Royal, 73,623. Total, 6 594,186 bales.

NEW YORK, July 2—Evening.—Cotton firm; middling 7⅞c.

Cotton futures closed barely steady; sales 155 700 bales; Jan'y 7 16. Feb'y 7 20. March 7 23, April 7 27, May and July 7 43, August 7 44, September 7 27, October 7 13, November 7 10, December 7 13.

Spot cotton closed firm; middling uplands 7⅞c; middling gulf 8⅛c; sales 3.796 bales.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 1,035 bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 550 bales; forwarded 835 bales; sales 3 796 bales; sales to spinners 2,892 bales; stock (actual) 97,538 bales.

Weekly net receipts 344 bales; gross 6,149 bales; exports to Great Britain 2 980 bales; to France 435 bales; to the Continent 2 747 bales; forwarded 2 308 bales; sales 26,225 bales; sales to spinners 8,180 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 771 bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; to France 190 bales; to the Continent 4,614 bales; stock 178,443 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 3 879 bales; exports to Great Britain 6 045 bales; to France 4,249 bales; to the Continent 7,999 bales.

Total since September—Net receipts 6,594,186 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,985,159 bales; exports to France 696,846 bales; exports to the Continent 2,109,501 bales; to the Channel 5,461 bales.

July 1.—Galveston, steady at 7⅝, net receipts 117 bales; Norfolk, steady at 7⅝, net receipts 21 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 8¼, net receipts 399 bales; Boston, steady at 7⅞, net receipts 75 bales; Wilmington, firm at 7⅞, net receipts — bales; Philadelphia, firm at 8¼, net receipts 62 bales; Savannah, firm at 7½, net receipts 8 bales; New Orleans, steady at 7 11-16, net receipts 86 bales; Mobile, nominal at 7½, net receipts 8 bales; Memphis, firm at 7⅝ net receipts 365 bales; Augusta, steady at 7¾, net receipts 29 bales; Charleston, quiet at 7½, net receipts — bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 2.—Evening.—Flour dull and nominally steady; closing a little easy with wheat. Wheat—spot easier; No. 1 Northern New York 76¼c afloat; No 1 Northern Duluth 77⅞c afloat; options opened steady and advanced quite sharply on covering, induced by firmer Liverpool news and reports of rain West, but generally weakened under realizing, closing ⅛@¼c net lower; No. 2 red July 74¼@74⅝c, closed 74¼c; September 69 15-16@70 9-16c, closed 70⅛c; December 71⅝@72¼c, closed 71⅝c. Corn—spot steady; No. 2 28⅝c at elevator and —c afloat; options opened steady and advanced slightly on less favorable crop news, reacted under realizing but closed unchanged to ⅛c net advance; 28@28⅜c, closed 28⅜c. September 30¾@30⅞c, closed 30⅝c. Oats—spot active for export; No 2 22c; options quiet and easy closing ⅛c net lower; July closed at 21¾c; September closed 21⅞c. Pork dull. Lard easier; Western steam $4 20, nominal. Butter firm at following prices: Western creamery 11@15c; Western factory 7½@10½c; Elgins 15c; imitation creamery 9½@12½c; State dairy 10@14c; do. creamery 11@15c. Cheese steady; State large 7⅜c, small fancy 6½@7½c; Western, part skims 3@5½c; full skims 2@3c. Eggs steady; State and Pennsylvania 11@11½c; Western fresh 10@10½c. Cotton seed oil quiet; prime crude 20c; yellow 23½@24c. Molasses quiet; New Orleans, open kettle, good to choice 23@32. Rice dull. Tallow quiet. Cabbages, Long Island, per barrel 80c. Tomatoes per carrier, Savannah and Charleston $1 00@1 25; Florida 60c@$1 00. Potatoes quiet; Southern $2 00@2 25 (new). Petroleum easy. Coffee—spot Rio dull; No. 7 invoice 7⅜c. Sugar—refined steady.

CHICAGO, July 2.—The longs and shorts in wheat were cleaning up their trades to day in preparation for the holidays, which begin to-morrow and last until Tuesday. Wheat and corn were both strong early in the day, but lost of their force before the session closed. Wheat closed ⅜ to ½c lower; corn ⅛c higher; oats ⅛c lower, and provisions 5 to 12½c lower.

CHICAGO, July 2.—Cash quotations: Flour easier. Wheat, No. 2 spring 68¾@69c; No. 3 spring 63@69c; No. 2 red 73¾@76¾. Corn—No. 2, 24⅞@25c. Oats—No. 2 17¼c; No. 2 white free on board 21@21½c; No. 3 white free on board 19¼@21c. Mess pork per barrel, $7 60@7 65. Lard, per 100 ℔s $4 05. Short rib sides, loose, $4 30@4 60. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $4 75@5 00. Short clear sides, boxed, $4 75@4 87½. Whiskey $1 19.

The leading futures ranged as follows, opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—July 68⅞, 69¾, 68¼, 68¾c; September 64¾, 66¼, 64¼, 64¼c. December (new) 66⅜, 66¼, 66, 66¼c. Corn—July 24¾, 25¼, 24⅝, 24⅞c. September 25⅞, 26¼, 25⅜, 25⅞c. December 27, 27¼, 27, 27¼c. Oats—No. 2 July 17¼, 17⅜, 17, 17¼; September 17⅝, 17⅞, 17⅝, 17⅝c. Mess pork—July $7 67½, 7 67½, 7 57½, 7 60; September $7 80, 7 82½, 7 65, 7 70. Lard—July $4 07½, 4 10, 4 05, 4 05; September $4 20, 4 22½, 4 12½, 4 15 Short ribs—July $4 40, 4 40, 4 37½, 4 40; September $4 57½, 4 52½, 4 45, 4 47½.

BALTIMORE, July 2.—Flour dull and lower: Western superfine $2 50@2 75; do extra $3 00@3 75; do family $3 90@4 30; winter wheat patents $4 50@4 65; do spring $4 00@4 30; do straight $3 85@4 00. Wheat steady; spot 70c bid; September 68¾@69c; Southern wheat by sample 55@72; do on grade 68¼@71½c. Corn firm; spot and month 28¼@29c; August 29¼@29⅜c; September 29½@29⅝c; steamer mixed 27@27½c; Southern white 32@32½c; do yellow 33@33½c. Oats steady; No. 2 white 25½@26c; No 2 mixed 23@23½c.

FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, July 2—4 P. M.—Cotton—Spot in good demand and prices higher. American middling fair 4⅝d; good middling 4 11 32d; American middling 4 7-32d; low middling 4 3-32d; good ordinary 3 31-32d; ordinary 3 25-32d. The sales of the day were 12,000 bales, of which 1,500 were for speculation and export, and including 11,000 American. Receipts 1,000 bales, of which all were American. Futures opened firm with a moderate demand and closed barely steady at the advance. American middling (l m c): July 4 13-64d seller; July and August 4 10-64@4 11-64d buyer; August and September 4 7 64d seller; September and October 4 1 64d; October and November 3 60-64d seller; November and December 3 57 64@3 58 64d buyer; December and January 3 56 64d buyer; January and February 3 56 64d buyer; February and March 3 56-64@3 57 64d buyer; March and April 3 57 64@3 58-64d buyer; April and May 3 58 64@3 59 64d buyer.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Driver, Robinson, Fayetteville, R R Love.

CLEARED.

Steamer Driver, Robinson, Fayetteville, R R Love.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., July 3, 1897.

SCHOONERS.

John C Cottingham, 217 tons, Thomas, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Chas H Sprague, 260 tons, Harper, Geo that in case of a confessed monopoly, Harriss & Co.

John I Snow, 186 tons, Norton, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Maria Sanders, 265 tons, Steelman, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

R S Graham, 320 tons, Outten, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Cubana (Br), 472 tons, Dobson, Paterson, Downing & Co.

La Mariuccia (Ital), 582 tons, Imba, Jas T Riley & Co.

Daphne, 505 tons, Madsen, Jas T Riley & Co.

STEAMSHIPS.

Croatan 836 tons, Chichester, H G Smallbones.

UP TO DATE

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S. P. COWAN & CO.

108, 110 Second Street, between Princess and Chesnut.

OUR SERVICE IS FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY particular. Finest Horses in town. First-class equipages. Polite attention. All calls and orders day and night promptly attended to.

TELEPHONE NO. 15. TELEPHONE NO. 15

Telephone calls answered any hour day or night. Special attention given to Boarding Horses. Box Stalls and Careful Grooming for Stalling Horses.

Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call 1.00.

Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5.00. Carriage for funeral, $2.50. Hearse for White and Colored, $4.00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.50. Horse and Surry one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.00. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.50. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1.50. Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.

Open 365 days and 365 nights in a year. mar 29 tf

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These Hot Days,

Strawberry Acid,

made from fresh ripe fruit, at the fountain of

JAMES D. NUTT,

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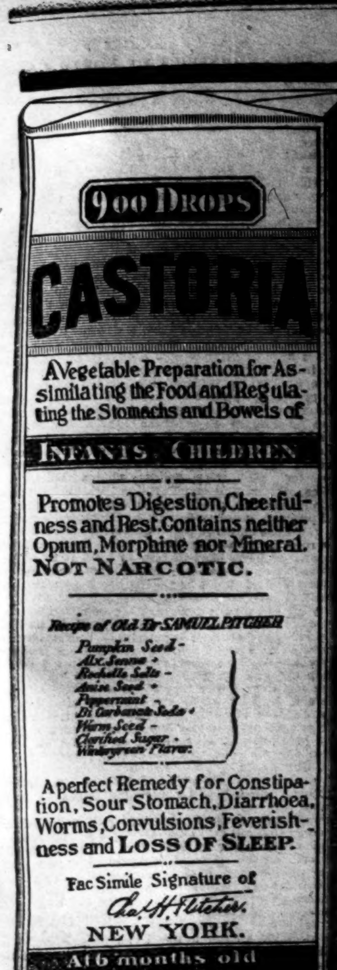
CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.



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—OF—

Chas. H. Fletcher.

ON THE

WRAPPER

OF EVERY

BOTTLE

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Commercial Geography.

Great cities are seldom pre-eminent for any particular line of manufactures. Their industries are too large and diversified for any one of them to show marked superiority over all the rest. Now and then a great industry of some city is taken from it. When ships were made of wood, London was the greatest shipbuilding center of the world. Then iron ships came into use, and London has lost her shipbuilding trade, which has been transferred to the Clyde, the Tyne and the Wear, right at the sources of iron and coal supplies.

The great vessels in which most ocean commerce is now carried have severely affected the interests of some ports. Cities that once were seaports are now inland, as far as any great amount of ocean traffic is concerned. The largest ships of commerce could once sail up the Avon to Bristol and the Severn to Gloucester. The far larger ships that now carry commerce cannot reach these places, but are compelled to stop at Avonmouth and Cardiff. Cargoes were formerly landed as far up the Thames as London Bridge, but steamers now have to stop at the docks, some miles below that point. Bremen was once one of the world's greatest commercial cities, but her water front is now too shallow for deep sea vessels, and her port is at Bremerhaven, several miles below. Hamburg, accessible to all classes of vessels, though 60 miles from the sea, has reaped the benefit of Bremen's misfortune, which, however, has not deprived the latter city of a large carrying trade.

The making of a town or city may sometimes depend upon what seems at first a trivial circumstance. Silk weaving is confined to towns where the streams are particularly free from impurities. Some waters are better than others for silk dyeing, and this fact gives Leek, England, its preeminence, for its waters are among the best for dyeing purposes in Europe. Burton-on-Trent is famous for its ales. Its superior water for brewing purposes is its sole advantage.—Chautauquan.

Spontaneous Combustion of Charcoal.

It has been stated from time to time that charcoal used in building refrigerating chambers, on shore as well as on board vessels, has ignited spontaneously. Although it is known that charcoal is liable, under certain conditions, to take fire spontaneously, there has been no direct evidence that it has ever done so in the cases alleged, and, with the object of settling the question, an inquiry into the matter was some time since undertaken. The facts brought out by this investigation are that, though freshly made wood charcoal—that is, charcoal which has not absorbed its moisture—and oxygen is liable to so called spontaneous combustion, it is never liable to reignite after having been exposed to the air for a day or two. It appears conclusive, from tests and experiments made, that in any case if after a few days no fire shows itself the charcoal may be regarded as entirely free from liability to spontaneous combustion. The scare caused by the supposed danger from the ignition of charcoal used in refrigerating chambers may consequently be regarded as groundless, and as no direct evidence exists of its ever having ignited under such circumstances it is somewhat of a mystery how any alarm should have arisen.—New York Ledger.

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of every bottle of (the Original and Genuine) Worcestershire

SAUCE

As a further protection against all imitations.

Agents for the United States,

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, N. Y.

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REMAINS ALWAYS THE SAME.

The finest, purest and most beautifying toilet powder ever made. It is soothing, healing, healthful and harmless; and when rightly used IS INVISIBLE. If you have never tried

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you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

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THE ARCHER.

When May has come and all around
The dandelions dot the ground,
Then out into the woods I go
And take my arrows and my bow.

Of hickory my bow is made,
Deep in a darksome forest glade
Cut from a sapling slim and tall,
And feathered are my arrows all.

And sometimes I am Robin Hood,
That olden archer brave and good,
And sometimes I'm an Indian sly,
Who waits to shoot the passersby.

So up and down the woods I roam
Till sunset bids me hurry home
Before the pathway through the glen
Is peopled by the shadow men.

And, when at night my bow, unstrung,
Is close beside my quiver hung,
To bed I slip and slumber well
And dream that I am William Tell.

—Clinton Scollard in New York Tribune.

FULFILLMENT.

We had our studios on different floors of the same house, Bernard Green's being on the top floor, mine immediately below. It was an old house in a quaint bystreet in Chelsea—a house with strange and unexpected nooks and crannies, as though the rooms and staircases had been designed indiscriminately by different hands and had never fitted together properly. Only time had shaken them together somewhat and smothed the angularities.

We both had dreams of all we were to do in the world of art at that time. I believe we each saw in a sort of mental picture a stone tablet fixed outside our respective windows proclaiming to future worshipers of genius the fact that we had stamped our respective personalities on that particular set of rooms. So far as I am concerned, the dreams have remained dreams. I am still a rank outsider, from my own point of view, although probably I admit the fact to myself alone in my own severely practical moments. But with Bernard it was different, as all the world knows. He made his own fiery mark on the scroll of fame—made it, too, at the eleventh hour.

True, it was but one sudden flare, cometlike, among the more steadily shining stars, but it is remembered still and its radiance has not quite died away—probably it never will. He was always a strange being, filled with many superstitions and uncanny beliefs. Only those intimate with him knew anything of the curious light and shadows of his character. Though not by any means a religious man in the ordinary meaning of the term, his strongest and most deeply rooted belief was in the existence of a personal devil.

"There is nothing lurid about my mental picture of the devil," he said once as we sat together in his studio. "I seem to see always the fallen angel—the splendid creature who sinned and sinned grandly, and yet was as grandly defiant; who was as far above the heavenly groundlings who merely sang and worshiped as the lark is above a caged canary, piping its note in placid contentment in its prison."

"You are blasphemous," I said, with something of a virtuously uneasy laugh.

"Oh, no," he replied lightly. "The subject appeals strongly to me. I believe in the personal devil and in the personal help of the devil to those who believe as I do. And if I had to limn that devil I should paint a woman."

"Ah, now you are growing sarcastic," I said laughing.

"You do not understand," he answered impatiently, rising and pacing the room. "I should paint a beautiful woman—a woman with a face grandly, pityingly sorrowful, a face scornfully impatient of the narrow, or the mean, or the sordid, a face molded by suffering and passion and centuries of splendid, silent loneliness."

I believe I thought he was mad. I remembered the saying that we are all mad upon one point or another. But now, after all these years, I dare not express an opinion. I can only tell my story in all its bare reality. Up to that time Bernard Green had given but little promise of any real genius. True he had worked hard, and he understood thoroughly the technicalities of his art. But he painted pictures as so many others paint them—as I paint them to this day—skillful delineations of certain hackneyed subjects, absolutely correct from the school's point of view of form and color. But he hungered for something more; he cried out that this was not art. And one night his hunger found expression in words that will haunt me until I follow, with the trembling hope that I may find him in the land of shadows.

We were sitting together in the room he used as a studio, almost in darkness. It was a gusty night in March, with the wind from the river battering ceaselessly against the old house and rattling its crazy windows. A hundred ghostly noises seemed to be about the place. I almost thought again and again that I heard ghostlike, rustling movements on the echoing stairway outside. The fire burned with a dull red glow, flaring up now and then and sending the shadows dancing weirdly about the walls and on the discolored ceiling. We had been sitting silently for some time, watching the firelight, when he suddenly spoke with a quick, passionate earnestness that was startling. The room was dark at the moment; the flames had died down, and I could scarce see his face.

"Oh, for the power to paint as man has never painted yet; to be done with all the dim groping and striving and mediocrity; to achieve once—only once—a triumph that should make men gasp and wonder, and women shudder and weep! Oh, great fiend, of whom I have dreamed—whom I have worshiped—come to me from out the centuries and aid me with the strength of thine infernal power!"

He had started to his feet as he finished speaking, with his gaunt hands stretched out imploringly. I saw that he was absolutely unconscious of my presence. I saw, too, that his face had suddenly changed, and that he was staring across the room at something he saw behind me. The wind rattled furiously against the windows and then died away. The fire flamed up for a moment, and I turned quickly, with a new and awful horror upon me, to look behind me. There in the very center of the room stood a figure, the figure of a woman clad from head to foot in gray. A heavy cloak enveloped it, but the hood had fallen back, revealing the face, crowned by masses of red gold hair, banded loosely with a circlet of gold. There was no need for the light of the dying fire. The woman was enveloped by some awful lurid atmosphere of her own that threw every line into prominent relief and yet touched nothing else about her. As I stood gazing at the visitant I became aware that Bernard Green had fallen on his knees. For my part, terror stricken though I was, I could not move or take my eyes from that face. She spoke at last. Her voice was rich and deep and infinitely tender, but its tones were the most pathetically weary I have ever heard.

"Your prayer has been heard, O painter, first among the sons of men to know me as I am—to grasp, as nearly as human understanding may, some thought of what I am and why I am! Your soul's desire shall have fulfillment—once, and once only." She paused and looked for a moment in silence at the man who knelt before her. "And then"—

He did not speak. He bowed his head and let his clasped hands fall between his knees.

"My aid is yours—yours must be mine. It has been said if I may find one human soul that all unsought shall elect to go down the æons with me, shall cast away all higher things even as I once cast them away, shall cling to me, seeking nothing higher, and understanding my need, that soul shall be truly mine, beyond hope of redemption, even as I am beyond it. Are you content?"

The man glanced up once and then bowed his head again. In a low whisper I caught the words, "I am content."

No other word was spoken, the fire died and fell with a little rattle of ashes upon the hearth; the wind shrieked outside and tore madly at the windows. And the figure was gone. The room was in total darkness; there was no sound other than the howling of the wind, save the ticking of the little clock on the mantelshelf. Shaking from head to foot, I stumbled to the door and threw it open. The light that streamed in from the landing outside showed Bernard, lying prone upon his face and quite still.

I got a light and raised him up, and sprinkled water on his face, and he gradually recovered. For a long time, while he sat in his chair, gripping its wooden arm tightly, and staring straight at me, neither of us spoke. At last I tried to laugh, but the laugh would not come.

"What tricks have you sprung upon me? What mesmeric business is this?" I said in a voice I tried vainly to steady.

"You doubting fool!" he breathed with scorn. "You saw and heard everything; you know—in your heart you know and yet you can say that? How like the world. But the promise has been given. I shall conquer; I shall stand out beyond all men—once and once only. But that is enough. And after that"— He raised his eyes and smiled.

I left him presently and crept down stairs to my own rooms, doubting, yet believing, perplexed by a thousand shadowy fears.

Thereafter I saw but little of Bernard Green. He was more strange and preoccupied than ever; he worked incessantly, worked all day till the light failed in the late afternoon, and he worked with the door of the studio locked. In answer to my questioning, he merely told me, with a quiet smile of triumph, that he had commenced a new picture; I should see it completed.

He came to my room one afternoon and told me in a low voice that the picture was finished; then, without further word, he walked out again, and I followed him silently, with a curious quickening of my pulses as I went up stairs. Inside the room, he flung back the covering from the canvas and stood aside, looking at me with that strange smile I had seen so often during that later time.

All the world knows that picture now. Earnest and ambitious men have stood before it and sighed in utter hopelessness of ever attaining its level, or even of reaching any adjacent plane. The picture was exhibited that year. It set the artistic world ablaze. It flung Bernard Green into the very forefront and placed him on a pinnacle apart from all others. Men asked where this wondrous magician of the brush had been hiding. The man only smiled and waited.

In the flush of his success it happened one evening that we again sat together in his studio. I remember that it was a still evening in summer, an evening almost windless. Suddenly a wind seemed to burst on the house, dashing through the open windows, catching the long curtains and whirling them, fluttering, ghostlike, against the ceiling. Bernard started up and waved me back with nervous hand. Trembling I fell back within the shadow of the wall. I saw his profile—thin, eager, haggard—outlined against the window.

In an instant the figure was again within the room—standing on the spot where it had stood before. But it came in no somber guise of gray vestments now. It stood erect, triumphant, in a wondrous robe of dead, heavy gold color—a robe that outlined the splendid, womanly figure, and seemed a part of the atmosphere that enveloped it. The haunting, musical tenderness of the voice that was like no earthly voice broke the stillness; the wind had died down, all things, animate and inanimate, seemed to listen.

"My aid has been given. Beyond all men your fame shines forth. Now I claim the soul you were content to give. Even as you have believed, believe still; even as you have worshiped, worship on through all ages. There is no place for you in all the coming heavens of souls unborn; through all the mighty, endless night of time we wander—you and I together—damned and lost."

He moved nearer to her. A strange smile—half of divinest pity, half of human tenderness—broke through the splendid weariness of her eyes. I saw the white arms stretch out to him—saw him drawn within the radiance that surrounded her, saw his face shining, transformed, near her own. With a cry I started forward and fell swooning. When I recovered, the room was in darkness, while there was no sound but the heavy beat of the little clock on the mantelshelf. Bernard Green lay beneath the window, quite still. When I ventured near at last and, muttering his name, turned over the useless clay, I was convinced of what I had known before. He was dead.—Black and White.

When to Eat the Hearty Meal.

A man of science who gives a society woman pepsin tablets at $5 a call says that call, pepsin, money and necessity for any of them would be saved if women—and men—would learn to eat properly. He is himself an epicure and eats rich viands, but he knows how these are prepared and can prepare them himself on occasion, and he selects the proper time to eat them. He considers it nothing less than suicidal for the brain worker, for instance, to eat a hearty lunch. People who are much in the open air and who exercise freely can eat about what they please, so that they satisfy their hunger at stated periods and are punctual about it. But he thinks it is all but criminal for a woman who has to use her brain and who must be on the alert with a vigorous mentality to divert the blood from her brain where it is most needed, to the stomach, by setting it to work on a promiscuous lot of food. He is of the opinion that the brain worker should eat most heartily after the day's work is done. Breakfast may be moderately hearty, or quite hearty, if taken an hour or more before beginning work. Lunch, however, should be exceedingly light, just a little to sustain nature till dinner time—a cup of beef tea and a cracker or two, fruit of some kind or a cup of cocoa. Dinner may be what you please if properly prepared.—Washington Star.

Salvador.

"Salvador," says a citizen of that country, quoted in the Washington Post, "is one of the richest countries in the world and one of the most densely populated. There are no people of great fortune like the Vanderbilts and Astors there, but a great many who have large estates that yield handsome incomes. Coffee is, of course, the big industry, and the crop is worth annually about $7,000,000 in gold. There is also a large amount of indigo exported. Almost the entire country is under cultivation. The annual crop of exiles is usually heavy too. The only drawback to life in Salvador is the constant dread of the ravages of yellow fever."

An Acquired Taste.

She—I didn't like your mustache at first, but I don't mind it now."

He—Yes, a mustache is a thing that has to grow on one.—Twinkles.

Some Opened Tombs.

In his, Milton's, early Latin poem he had anticipated that he would one day wear the Parnassian laurel, and added, "Astego * * * secura pace quiescam." The first part of his youthful prophecy was amply fulfilled. Not alas the second. Dr. Garth complained that "E'en churches are no sanctuaries now," and the complaint is emphasized by what befell the remains of the great Puritan. He was buried in St. Giles', Cripplegate, on Nov. 12, 1674, and for 119 years—until 1793—no monument was raised over his grave, and the exact spot of his interment was forgotten. But in 1790 search was made, and on Aug. 3 it was announced that his coffin had been found. The church authorities rightly "disdained to disturb the sacred ashes." But that night a publican, a pawnbroker, a surgeon and a coffinmaker got into the church and opened the leaden shell. The publican "pulled hard at the teeth," and at last got one knocked out by a stone. These body snatchers felt strongly inclined to steal the whole lower jaw, and after pawing and handling the hallowed remains these sacrilegious wretches tore out some of the hair and stole some of the bones. As recently as 1852 a writer in Notes and Queries says, "I have handled one of Milton's ribs." Well might the poet Cowper protest against these grewsome and indecent familiarities committed by ignorant and graceless boors.—Very Rev. F. W. Farrar in Forum.

The First English Duke.

Of the five titles of nobility in England the highest in rank and honor is that of duke. It is the first title of dignity of the royal family, but not the highest in antiquity. There is no proof of its being used in England before it was introduced by Edward III, about a year before he himself assumed the title of king of France. Edward, the renowned Black Prince, was created Duke of Cornwall, and he was the first duke in England after William the Conqueror. After this creation the title of duke was frequently given, especially to members of the royal family.—Harper's Round Table.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

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MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind." †

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Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." This new remedy is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidney, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure, this is your remedy. Sold by R. R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner of Front and Market streets. †

Personally Conducted Tour to Providence, Boston and White Mountains via S. A. L. and M. & M. T. Co,

August 11th, 1897, is the date selected for the special excursion to Providence via Seaboard Air Line and Merchants' & Miners' Transportation Co. Steamer Tickets will only be sold on the 11th, and will be limited to 20 days from date, allowing passengers to return on any regular steamer and train within that limit. The following rates and schedule will apply:

		RATE.	SCHEDULE
Charlotte,	N. C.	19.65	8.22 P. M.
Hamlet,	"	18.10	11.28 P. M.
Lincolnton,	"	20.15	7.10 P. M.
Maxton,	"	18.55	6.12 P. M.
Monroe,	"	19 15	9.40 P. M.
Raleigh,	"	17 50	2.18 A. M.
Rutherfordton,	"	21 55	4.35 P. M.
Sanford,	"	17 50	1.02 A. M.
Shelby,	"	21 70	6.08 P. M.
Wadesboro,	"	18 60	10.21 P. M.
Wilmington,	"	20.30	3.20 P. M.

The steamship "Chatham" will be placed in service on this occasion and the service will be first-class in every respect. Meals and stateroom berth on steamer, going and return, will be furnished holders of these special excursion tickets without extra charge. The capacity of the steamer is of course limited, and application for reservation should be made as early as possible in order to secure the best accommodation. S. A. L. Ticket Agent at Atlanta, Ga., will make reservations and furnish number of rooms occupied. The Passenger Department of the Seaboard Air Line at Portsmouth, Va., has issued an attractive Itinerary of this trip, copies of which will be furnished upon application to any S. A. L. Agent. je 24 tf

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☞ Correspondence invited. jan 17 tf

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dec 15 tf

Schedule on Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

ON AND AFTER JUNE 1st TRAINS WILL run as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington at 6.30 a. m., 10.10 a. m. 2.30 p. m., 5.40 p. m., 7.15 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 11.30 a. m., 4 00 p. m., 6.15 p. m., 10.00 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave Wilmington at 10.10 a. m, 2.30 p. m. and 7.30 p. m.
Leave Ocean View at 11.30 a. m, 6.00 p. m. and 9 30 p. m.

SATURDAY SPECIAL.

Leave Wilmington at 1.00 p m, arrive at Ocean View at 1 35 p m.
Leave Ocean View at 1.45 p m, arrive at Wilmington at 2.15 p m.
This train stops only at Wrightsville, Hotel and Ocean View. je 20 tf

Combination Bicycle

FOR SALE!

A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at STAR OFFICE.

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J. B. Sellers, Maxton.
G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
R. W. Livermore, Pates.
Wm. H. Bernard, Wilmington.
E. F. McRae, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary.

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It is superior to Copaiba, Cubeb, or injections, and free from all bad smell or other inconveniences.

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ATLANTA, CHARLOTTE, ATHENS, WILMINGTON, NEW ORLEANS, CHATTANOOGA AND NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, WASHINGTON, NORFOLK, RICHMOND.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT May 30, 1897

WESTWARD.

	No. 41.	No. 403.
Leave Wilmington	*3 20 p m	....
Leave Lumberton	5 26 p m	....
Leave Maxton	6 12 p m	....
Leave Laurinburg	6 28 p m	....
Arrive Hamlet	6 58 p m	....
Leave Hamlet	7 13 p m	*5 1 pm
Leave Rockingham	7 30 p m	5 23am
Leave Wadesboro	8 11 p m	5 54am
Leave Marshville	8 48 p m	6 25am
Arrive Monroe	9 12 p m	6 43am
Leave Monroe	9 35 p m	7 00am
Arrive Charlotte	10 25 p m	7 50am
Arrive Mt. Holly	....	9 20am
Arrive Lincolnton	....	10 20am
Arrive Shelby	....	11 18pm
Arrive Ellenboro	....	11 55pm
Arrive Rutherfordton	....	12 30pm

†8 40 a m Leave......Hamlet......Arrive 6 20pm
10 00 a m Arrive......Cheraw......Leave †5 00pm

EASTWARD.

	No. 38	No. 402.
Leave Rutherfordton	....	*4 35pm
Leave Ellenboro	....	5 15pm
Leave Shelby	....	5 55pm
Leave Lincolnton	....	6 56pm
Leave Mt. Holly	....	7 52pm
Leave Charlotte	*5 10 am	8 28pm
Arrive Monroe	5 55 am	9 10pm
Leave Monroe	6 05 am	9 40pm
Leave Marshville	6 28 am	....
Leave Wadesboro	7 01 am	10 31pm
Leave Rockingham	7 41 am	11 05pm
Arrive Hamlet	7 55 am	11 20pm
Leave Hamlet	8 10 am	....
Leave Laurinburg	8 46 am	....
Leave Maxton	9 05 am	....
Leave Lumberton	9 51 am	....
Arrive Wilmington	12 05 pm	....

NORTHWARD.

Leave Hamlet	*8 15 am	*11 20pm
Arrive Raleigh	11 30 am	2 16am
Arrive Portsmouth	5 50 pm	7 25am
Arrive Richmond	*6 50 pm	*8 15am
Arrive Washington	11 10 pm	12 31pm
Arrive New York	6 53 am	6 23pm

SOUTHWARD.

Leave Monroe	*9 48am	*9 25pm
Arrive Abbeville	11 05 am	1 40am
Arrive Athens	1 15 pm	3 45am
Arrive Atlanta (Central Times)	2 50 pm	5 20am

* Daily. † Daily, except Sunday.

Both trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

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T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

General Offices, Portsmouth, Va.

feb 17 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y

Schedule in Effect May 30th, 1897.

TRAINS LEAVE WILMINGTON

12.15 P. M., Daily. Arrives Fayetteville 3.35 p. m., Sanford 5.08 p. m., Ore Hill 5.52 p. m., Greensboro 7.25 p. m., Walnut Cove 9.08 p. m., Mt. Airy 11.00 p. m. Connects with Southern Railway at Greensboro, arriving Salisbury 8.50 p. m. Asheville 12.12 a. m., Knoxville 4.00 a. m., Chattanooga 7.40 a. m., Nashville 1.35 p. m., Charlotte 10.00 p. m., Atlanta 6.10 a. m., Danville 12.00 night, Lynchburg 1.58 a. m., Charlottesville 3.35 a. m., Washington 6.42 a. m., Baltimore 8.00 a. m., Philadelphia 10.15 a. m., New York 12.43 p. m.

TRAINS ARRIVE WILMINGTON.

4.30 P. M., Daily, from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Charlottesville, Lynchburg, Danville, Mt. Airy, Walnut Cove, Greensboro, Nashville, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Asheville, Salisbury, Atlanta, Charlotte and all points North, South and West.

LOCAL FREIGHT TRAIN NO 8.

Leaves Wilmington 6 05 p. m., arrives Fayetteville 11.59 p. m. Passenger coach attached to this train.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

jy 1 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co,

New York, Wilmington, N. C.

AND

Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

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PAWNEE, Saturday, June 19
CROATAN, Saturday, June 26

Wilmington for New York.

PAWNEE, Saturday, June 26
CROATAN, Saturday, July 3

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

PAWNEE, Tuesday, June 22
CROATAN, Tuesday, June 29

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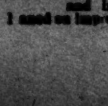

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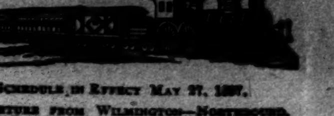

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MAY 27, 1897.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.40 a m, Warsaw 10.55 a m, Goldsboro 11.56 a m, Wilson 12.46 p m, Rocky Mount 1.30 p m, Tarboro 2.50 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.54 p m, Richmond 6.50 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.06 p m, †Tarboro 6.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.57 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.24 a m, Richmond 4.30 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.25 a m, New York 2.03 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.40 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.55 p m, Chadbourn 5.29 p m, Marion 6.41 p m, Florence 7.25 p m, Sumter 8.43 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 6.20 a m, Augusta 8.10 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.20 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.30 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 5.45 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.03 p m, *New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.12 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.40 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.43 p m, †Tarboro 6.01 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.03 a m, Warsaw 7.54 a m, Magnolia 8.07 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.25 a m, Sanford 3.19 p m, Jacksonville 7 00 p m, Savannah 12.45 night, Charleston 5.20 a m, Columbia 5.50 a m, Atlanta 8 20 a m, Macon 9.30 a m, Augusta 3.05 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m, Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.06 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 4.28 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.20 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7 55 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 50 a m, Greenville 8.52 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 18 a m, Weldon 11 33 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.20 a m and 1 00 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 2 40 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9 35 a m and 6 30 p m, arrives Washington 11 00 a m and 7.30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p m, Sunday, 4 05 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.40 p m and 6 p m. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 50 a m, and Sunday 9 a m. Arrive Tarboro 10.05 a m and 11 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7 10 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 8.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9 00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10 25 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 8.2 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 11 30 a m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.10 a m, arrive Latta 9.30 a m, Dillon 9 42 a m, Rowland 10 00 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6 10 p m, arrives Dillon 6.30 p m, Latta 6.44 p m, Pee Dee 7.18 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 1.00 p m, leave Conway 2 45 p m, Chadbourn 5 40 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 40 p m, Manning 7.10 p m, arrive Lane's 7 48 p m, leave Lanes 8.36 a m, Manning 9.05 a m, arrive Sumter 9.35 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7 55 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 9.14 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday 8 55 a m, arrive Darlington 9 28 a m, Cheraw 10 40 a m, Wadesboro 2 25 p m, leave Florence daily except Sunday 8.10 p m, arrive Darlington 8.40 p m, Hartsville 9 35 p m, Bennettsville 9 36 p m, Gibson 10 p m. Leave Florence Sunday only 9 a m, arrive Darlington 9.27 a m, Hartsville 10 10 a m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday 6 15 a m, Bennettsville 6 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7 40 a m. Leave Hartsville daily except Sunday 6 30 a m, arrive Darlington 7 15 a m, leave Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 15 a m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3 p m, Cheraw 5 15 p m, Darlington 6 29 p m, arrive Florence 7 00 a m. Leave Hartsville Sunday only 7 a m, Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 10 a m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.06 p m, 11.16 p m, arrive Selma 3.00 p m, Smithfield 3.08 p m, Dunn 3.50 p m, Fayetteville 4.40 p m. 1.14 a m, Rowland 6.10 p m, returning leave Rowland 10.00 a m, Fayetteville 11.20 a m, 10.20 p m, Dunn 12.07 p m, Smithfield 12.48 p m, Selma 1.00 p m, arrive Wilson 1.42 p m, 12.10 a m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4 40 a m, Creston 5 34 a m, arrive Denmark 6 30 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4 55 p m, Creston 5 47 p m, Sumter 6 40 p m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5 45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9.15 a m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m, arrives Creston 3 50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7.45 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.45 p m. Returning leave Lucknow 6.05 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Elliott 8.25 a m and 3.30 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. my 18 tf

W., N. & N. Railway

In Effect Sunday, May 17, 1896

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND *6	NORTH BOUND †8	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND †7	SOUTH BOUND †5
A M	P M		P M	P M
	3 00	—WILMINGTON— Lv...Walnut street...Ar	12 40	
7 00	3 10	Lv...Surry street...Ar	12 30	3 25
9 50		Ar...Jacksonville...Lv		12 05
11 00	3 58	Lv " Ar	10 48	10 25
11 58	4 30	Lv...Maysville...Lv	10 09	9 18
12 30	4 44	Lv...Pollocksville...Lv	9 55	8 50
1 30	5 30	Ar...Newbern...Lv	9 20	8 00
	P M		A M	

Nos. 5 and 6 mixed trains.
Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
‡Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
†Daily except Sunday.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.
J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. my 22 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table.

In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST. GOING WEST.

3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 20	Goldsboro	11 25	....
....	4 12	Kinston	10 32	....
5 15	5 25	Newbern	9 17	9 35
6 37	6 42	Morehead City...	8 03	8 07
P. M	P M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11 35 a m., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 p. m., and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 p. m., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points. S. L. DILL, Sup't.

ma 27 tf

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jan 21

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING JULY 3, 1897

DUN'S REVIEW OF TRADE.

The Situation Not Promising—Decrease of Orders—Iron and Cotton Works Reducing Wages—Coal Miners Striking—The Record of Failures

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 2.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade to-morrow will say: Mid-summer vacations have commenced in many works with decrease of orders usual at this season. This customary vacation is called a strike, where agreements regarding wages for the coming year have not been reached, and the extensive strike of amalgamated iron workers announced July 1st is of this nature; but the strike of coal miners in Illinois and other central Western States is not, and may prove costly. In some iron and cotton works wages have been reduced owing to low prices, one cotton mill in Virginia closing because the reduction was not accepted. With a better demand, the employers will seek agreements, and in its absence, the workers before long, so that the situation is distinctly of a mid summer character. Large hopes are built on the prospective demand after the Tariff bill has passed, but the pressure in the market of large importing stocks may defer it. The general belief is that removal of uncertainty will in any case increase business.

Since much of the future depends on crops the brightening prospects are of the highest importance. Estimates by persons usually most pessimistic now far exceed any made a month ago, one promising 559 000,000 bushels of wheat with lower conditions, but largely increased acreage of corn. Cotton prospects are brighter, as the crop appears to be early rather than late in regions which were not flooded. The movement of wheat is small, Western receipts for the week 1,680,779 bushels, against 2 041,719 last year, and Atlantic exports 2,054 173, flour included, against 2 169,173 last year, but a strong effort to lift prices failed and the close is 1⅜c lower for the week, with corn ⅛c lower. Cotton rose ⅛c. with small sales.

The iron and steel industry halts at mid-summer, although the demand for finished products still increases, and disappointment is due only to the fact that the increase is not yet enough to keep all mills at work and thus to bring better prices, which now average slightly lower than ever before, though not one per cent. below those of March, 1895. The export trade is increasing, and a large order for India has just been taken at a price said to be $5 below British bids.

Textile manufacturers are waiting and cotton mills curtailing production with large stocks on hand and prices scarcely changed, while woollen mills are gradually increasing work with better orders and prices incline to advance a shade. Enormous buying of wool, 256 000 000 pounds this year against 102,000 000 last year, reflects speculation mainly, and some large lots have been sold three to five times since arrival. Prices are somewhat stronger at seaboard markets and so high in the interior that dealings in domestic wool are restricted, amounting for two months to less than 21,000,-000 pounds, against 55,000,000 pounds foreign.

Failures for the week have been 241 in the United States, against 257 last year, and 30 in Canada against 22 last year.

FORCED TO WIND UP.

Four Building and Loan Associations in Louisville—Decision of the State Courts the Cause.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LOUISVILLE, KY., July 2—Within seventy-two hours four Building and Loan Associations, whose estimated assets and liabilities each foot up over $1,250,000, have gone to the wall in this city, finding it impossible to conduct business under the recent decision of the Court of Appeals in regard to the legal rate of interest. The Kentucky Citizens' Building and Loan Association went under this morning, with assets and liabilities of $312,000 each. President Fred Horbes said that before the constitutionality of the law under which the building and loan associations operated in this State was attacked they were prospering, but since the Appellate Court had decided that all interest charged or collected over 6 per cent. constituted usury, that they found it impossible to carry on business except at a loss. He said that he thought all or nearly every such corporation in the State that did business under the law referred to would go under.

At the offices of all the building and loan companies in the State, the greatest uneasiness prevails, and stockholders are hourly giving notice of withdrawals It was the general opinion among local financiers that the building and loan associations have suffered thier deathblow in Kentucky and thousands, perhaps millions, of dollars will be lost to the shareholders in these institutions.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

Of Stocks, Receipts and Exports of Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 2.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending July 2.

	1897	1896
Net receipts at all United States ports during the week...	3,859	5,104
Total receipts to this date...............	6,894,186	5,189,571
Exports for the week	18,298	16,060
Total exports to this date...............	5,796,987	4,383,217
Stock in all United States ports......	178,442	234,870
Stock at all interior towns.............	48,618	91,645
Stock in Liverpool...	810,000	846,000
American afloat for Great Britain......	20,000	28,000

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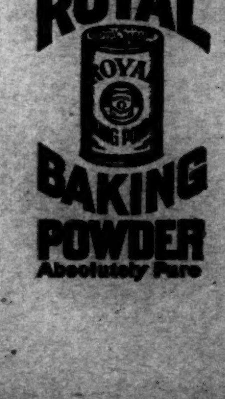


ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

TARIFF BILL DEBATE.

RECIPROCITY AND RETALIATION DISCUSSED BY THE SENATE.

Both Provisions Agreed To—The Question of Tax on Distilled Spirits Debated—No Agreement Reached on the Time for Final Vote on the Bill.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Reciprocity and retaliation were the two phases of the Tariff bill to occupy the attention of the Senate to day, to the exclusion of all other subjects. Both provisions were agreed to, although the debate on the reciprocity clause was protracted to 6 p. m. Shortly before adjournment Senator Allison endeavored to secure an agreement on the time for a final vote, but Senator Teller would not consent to fixing the time until all proposed amendments had been submitted to the Senate. As Senator Allison was not prepared to submit these amendments, he withdrew his request, and the time for the final vote was left open, although there is still hope that it will be reached to-morrow.

The retaliatory clause provides that whenever any country bestows an export bounty on any article, then upon the importation of such article into the United States, there shall be levied, in addition to the duties provided by the act, an additional duty equal to the amount of the bounty. The debate on the section disclosed some difference of opinion on the Democratic side, Senator Gray of Delaware, and Senator Lindsay of Kentucky, opposing it, while Senator Caffery of Louisiana, supported it as a legitimate measure of self preservation. Senator Gray dwelt upon the effect of the clause in evading our treaty with Germany and Austria. The clause was agreed to—38 to 19—the two Democratic Senators from Louisiana, Caffery and McEnery, voting with the Republicans in the affirmative.

The reciprocity clause empowers the President, with the advice and consent of the Senate, to make reciprocity treaties giving twenty per cent. reduction in duties on designated articles, or placing articles on the free list. The amendment brought out much opposition, Senators Mills, Vest, Pettus, Teller and White arguing that it evaded the constitutional right of the House of Representatives to participate in measures affecting revenue, while Senators Morgan, Gray and Chandler defended its legality and propriety. Late in the day the vote was taken and the reciprocity clause was agreed to—30 to 18—two Democrats, Gray and Morgan, voting with the Republicans in the affirmative.

Early in the day Senator Wellington of Maryland, Republican, rising to a question of personal privilege, vehemently upheld his Senatorial prerogatives in the matter of Federal appointments.

Senator Teller, of Colorado, inquired what the committee or caucus contemplated doing on the question of decreasing the tax on distilled spirits, in view of the letter written by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Senator Allison answered that the whole question of distilled spirits had been gone over. Personally he believed a lower tax would be productive of greater revenue, but he thought it unwise to go into the complex question in connection with this Tariff bill.

Senator Teller said the letter of the Secretary of the Treasury indicated a desire for legislation on this subject. Then the Senator added: "Before this bill is disposed of I will discuss what should be done in decreasing the tax on spirits. I will show that the committee is giving away $3,000,000 a month to the detriment of consumers who bear the tax burdens, and to the detriment of honest dealers in distilled spirits."

The consideration of the bill then proceeded.

When the retaliatory clause was reached Senator Chandler of New Hampshire said he would vote for it with extreme reluctance. He had been told that Germany would begin a course of commercial warfare against the United States and he would make sacrifices to prevent friction between the empire of Germany and the United States. There were circumstances now transpiring, he said, that would make it unfortunate that commercial conflicts should arise at this time between this country and Germany, France England or other countries. But the Senator did not see how this retaliatory clause could be avoided if the protective character of the bill was to be preserved.

Senator Lindsay, of Kentucky, criticised the amendment, as pure, undisguised protection, without excuse as a revenue measure. The Senator criticised his Democratic associate, Senator Caffery, for defending this purely protective provision.

Senator Caffery defended his position as consistent with Democracy, and the vote was then taken.

Senator Pettus, of Alabama, argued that the reciprocity paragraph disregarded the constitutional rights of the House of Representatives.

Senator Morgan answered the criticism of his associate (Pettus and others) by saying that while he shared this view at one time, the United States Supreme Court had passed upon the reciprocity clause of the McKinley law and had held that it in no way disregarded the rights of the House of Representatives.

Senator Morgan said the reciprocity provision was a modification of the severity of the bill and he would support it.

Senator Gray supported the reciprocity amendment, saying the treaties contemplated were clearly within the treaty-making power.

Senator Teller argued that a grave question was involved in taking from the House of Representatives the power to co-operate in making reciprocity treaties. It was too grave a question to be brought into the Senate during the closing hours of the Tariff bill. The Senator said he wanted to vote for some reciprocity clause, but not for one in violation of the constitution. Senator Chandler made the point that the House of Representatives had originated the reciprocity proposition, and the Senate paragraph was only a modification of the House provision.

At 6 o'clock the Senate held an executive session and then adjourned.

CLOUD-BURST.

Washed Away Railroad Tracks Near Henderson, Kentucky.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LOUISVILLE, July 2.—H. C. Mordue general passenger agent of the Louisville, Henderson & St. Louis Railroad, reports that a terrific cloud-burst occurred about noon in the vicinity of Henderson, Ky., which did considerable damage.

Mr. Mordue says that his advices are that about a mile and a half of railroad track belonging to his company was washed away. No trains are able to proceed further than Owensboro and the regular St. Louis train due to leave Louisville to-night has been annulled.

The four mile rowing race at Poughkeepsie, N Y., yesterday was won by the Cornell crew; Columbia second; Pennsylvania foundered near the two-mile mark.

PRACTICE ECONOMY in buying medicines as in other matters. It is economy to get Hood's Sarsaparilla, because it contains more medicinal value than any other—100 doses one dollar.

HOOD'S PILLS are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Cure all liver ills.

CURRENCY COMMISSION.

The President Undecided as to Recommending Its Creation by Congress.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The question whether the President will send a special message to Congress recommending the creation of a currency commission will be definitely decided next week. The President is strongly inclined at this time to send a special currency message to Congress, regarding himself as in a considerable measure pledged to this course.

The matter was under consideration at the Cabinet meeting to-day, but not in a manner to lead to a definite conclusion or policy and the matter went over until the President's return to the city next week, when it is probable that Mr. H. H. Hanna, who is chairman of the executive committee of the Indianapolis convention, and perhaps other members of the committee, will come to Washington to discuss the situation with the President and Mr. Gage. Upon the result of the conference probably will depend President McKinley's action, as to a special message to Congress. In fact, this afternoon it was semi-officially announced at the White House that such a message would be sent to Congress next week, but some of the President's most influential advisers on financial questions are opposed to a message as impolitic at this time, owing to hostility to a commission on the part of Congress and the final determination, as stated, will not be reached until Mr. McKinley's return from Canton. The executive committee of the Indianapolis sound money convention have been actively advocating the commission scheme ever since the advent of the present administration. It had also the sympathy of the President, who committed himself to it in his inaugural. President McKinley, however, did not care to recommend it to Congress while the Tariff bill was pending, lest it might complicate and delay action upon the measure. All along the chief difficulty which presented itself to those who favored a commission for the investigation of the currency system has been the opposition it would encounter in Congress. While a bill for the creation of a commission could easily be passed in the House, where factious opposition would be unavailing against the operation of a cloture order that would bring it to a vote, such opposition in the Senate might be almost interminable. Several of the silver Senators have openly avowed their unalterable hostility to the creation of a commission, and Senator Teller has declared that he would remain here until December to defeat it. This being the situation, it is understood that some of the members of the executive committee of the Indianapolis convention are now inclined to believe that it would perhaps be a mistake to press their request for the creation of a commission by Congress. The better and wiser thing to do, some of them now think, would be to withdraw their requests for a commission and to use the provisional power vested in the committee by the Indianapolis convention and themselves select a committee to investigate the currency question and present their conclusions through the public press. If those conclusions were such as the administration would subscribe to, they could be made the basis of an administration measure, modified as Secretary Gage, conducting an independent investigation, might suggest.

The Secretary has been at work for some time on a comprehensive currency reform scheme and some suggestion has been made as to the wisdom of not having a further agitation of the question, but of permitting Mr. Gage, who has the full confidence of business men generally to frame a measure after such consultation as he may desire with financiers, business members of the House and Senate and others.

COAL MINERS' STRIKE

Has Been Ordered for July Fourth—Over 300,000 Men Involved.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBUS, O., July 2.—A general strike of miners of the United Mine Workers of America has been ordered for July 4th by the National Executive Board, whose headquarters are in this city, and also by the district presidents, as the result of a meeting held here June 24th, 25th and 26th. The officers here say 375 000 men are involved as proposed strikers. So far as anything can be learned here from officials, the call for the Pittsburg meeting of miners on Saturday is to decide how the strike is to be conducted in that district. They have to consider plans to take care of the women and children during the strike. President Ratchford says this is the best time to settle the question of wages, as during the Summer the men can make use of their little garden plots in obtaining subsistence.

CHATTANOOGA July 2.—The situation in the East Tennessee and Southern Kentucky coal mining section is rapidly becoming very serious. There are now over 2,000 idle men in the Jellico district and nearly the same number along the line of the Cincinnati Southern railroad. These men struck on May 1st and have done no work since. Few of them had any money saved up and the majority are now suffering for the necessities of life. All efforts to settle the strike have proved unavailable, and it is now admitted that none of the mines can be operated for several months. The strikers so far have made no attempts at violence, but as the suffering among them increases it is feared that trouble will come.

STOCK AND BOND TAX

Discussed in Wall Street—Regarded as Ill-Advised and Unfair and Unjust.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK July 2—The news from Washington that a tax on all stock and bond transactions was contemplated by the Government was discussed generally in Wall street to day. The more conservative houses, especially those dealing in investment securities, look with disfavor on the scheme. President Eames, of the Stock Exchange, said that the proposition was ill-advised.

John B Terry, a director of the Western Union Telegraph and Manhattan Railway Companies, said that he doubted the constitutionality of the measure and thought it unfair and unjust in every way. Mr. Terry, who has been a steadfast Republican since the formation of the party, said that it seemed to him that the party was rushing headlong to ruin when it advocated such legislation as this.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—Senator Lodge to-day proposed a draft of an amendment to the Tariff bill providing for a stamp tax on stocks and bonds in accordance with the action of the Republican Senatorial caucus of last night, and submitted it to the Finance Committee. As prepared, the amendment provides for a tax of five cents a share of $100 or fraction of the face value of capital stock or of bonds on either issuance, and of two cents each for each $100 or fraction on each transfer of stock or bonds. United States and State bonds are exempted, as are individual bonds to secure mortgages, and also the stock and bonds of mutual building associations. The amendment has been submitted to the Republican members of the Judiciary Committee and approved by them as to form.

The following postmasters were appointed yesterday: North Carolina—Chatham, Jane Rigby; Cornatzer, M. E. Cornatzer; Elkton, A. J. Shaw; Franklington, S S. Bitt; Gitt, J. H. Adams; Jacksonville, C. E Vose; Margarettsville, E J. Newsome; Pikeville, W. E Ham; Prosperity, J. J. Martindale; Republic, B. C Moley.

POPULIST CONFERENCE.

NATIONAL REFORM PRESS ASSOCIATION IN SESSION.

Strong Anti-Fusion Speeches by Middle-of-the-Road Men—Bitter Arraignment of Senator Marion Butler by Several Speakers.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NASHVILLE, TENN., July 2.—The National Reform Press Association held its opening session in the hall of the House of Representatives at the State capital this morning. About seventy-five delegates were present, fifty of whom are from the East. Hon. Frank Burkett, of Mississippi, president of the association, being absent on account of illness, Vice President Mayes, of Pomeroy, Washington, presided. Prayer was offered by Rev. J. B. Barbee, D. D., of Nashville, after which Vice President Mayes delivered a brief speech. Hon. J. H. McDowell, of Tennessee, made the address of welcome and J. S. Bradley, of Texas, responded.

Harry Tracey, of Texas; Paul Dixon, of Missouri; M. H. Metsinger, of Texas; J. A. Parker, of Kentucky, and Abe Stineberger, of Kansas, were appointed a committee on rules.

It was decided that all resolutions presented should be referred to the committee without debate.

At 2.30 p. m. the convention re assembled. The regular order of business was suspended, several honorary members were elected, and then general speech making ruled. The topic, "How shall the party get out of the troubles which the last election has brought about?" was discussed.

Strong anti-fusion speeches were made and many middle-of-the-road Populists declared in stringent terms against fusion. Jesse Harper, of Illinois, advised a conciliatory course and spoke of the coming conference, declaring it should adjourn, and after adjournment re organize into a national convention and declare for the Omaha platform.

Metsinger, of Ohio, placed all the blame for the present condition of the party upon the Democratic party and declared that Allen, Butler, Taubeneck and Simpson were agents for that party and that the Democratic party was preparing to stampede the Populists. Other speakers assailed Senator Butler, and especially were the speakers from Texas severe in speaking of him Other speakers insisted that the National Convention should be forced to yield to the demands of the people.

Vincent of Indiana, urged that the past should be forgotten and the party keep in the middle of the road.

Robert Schilling spoke, urging harmony and reorganization, and defended Senator Butler. His defence stirred up the delegates and the attacks on Senator Butler were renewed with vigor and several made on Schilling.

W. S. Morgan, of Arkansas, handed Schilling a list of charges and requested him to answer to them. Schilling spoke saying he was not representing any one but himself and if Senator Butler was proven guilty of treason he would quickly take up the fight against him.

The committee on organization reported, recommending the club plan and a non-partisan co-operative branch, the clubs being the supervising bodies. Action on the report was deferred. Adjourned until Monday.

The trend of nearly all the speeches was bitter arraignment of Senator Marion Butler, and the bulk of the delegates agreed with the speakers.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

Battle Between Greek Raiders and Turks—Riots in Calcutta—Anxiety in England As to Affairs in India.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

CONSTANTINOPLE July 2.—The newspapers of the city report that a battle has taken place between Greek raiders and a detachment of Ottoman troops near Metsovo; the Greeks suffered a loss of 120 killed. In addition, eighty of the Greeks were captured and taken to Janina, the headquarters of the Turkish army in Epirus

CALCUTTA, July 2.—In the fighting which took place yesterday in the suburbs of Chitpore between the police and the rioters many policemen were injured. A party of twenty four members of the native police was surrounded by a mob and so roughly handled that all of them are expected to die of the injuries they received. The rioters suffered heavily, but they carried off their dead and wounded. A compromise on the plague measures having been arranged between the authorities and the rioters, the disturbances have ceased.

The absence of rain is causing the greatest anxiety throughout India.

LONDON, July 2.—The newspapers of this city express anxiety at the occurrences in India, intimating that the mass of the natives there are less content under British rule than was generally believed, and that a rebellion of unpleasant proportions may be threatening. Constant communications are passing between the Indian and home government.

The rioting arose out of growing practice of the Mohammedans of seizing and refusing to pay rent for certain so called mosques, built contrary to the tenets of the Mohammedan religion on ground belonging to infidels.

For forty eight hours the police and military were repeatedly obliged to clear the streets Detached parties of Mohammedans stoned Europeans wherever they found them, in some cases dragging them from their houses. All telegraph lines were cut, and the buildings containing Europeans were besieged. There were many narrow escapes. The rioters shouted vile epithets and grossly insulted the European women.

S. C. DISPENSARY.

Another Decision by Judge Simonton of the U. S. Circuit Court.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, July 2.—In the United States Circuit Court here to day Judge Simonton handed down a decision refusing to grant the prayer of the State that E. R. Wesley be restrained from taking possession of the Agricultural Hall in Columbia, S. C. The case first came up before Judge Simonton under the Tillman administration of several years ago. The State lost before the Circuit Court, the Court of Appeals and the Supreme Court of the United States. Recently, application was made here before Judge Simonton for a stay of proceedings. Now that this case has gone against the State it is probable that Mr. Wesley will get possession of the property. The Agricultural Hall is now used as the State central dispensary.

PRESIDENTIAL NOMINATIONS

Made Yesterday and Sent to the Senate for Confirmation.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 2—The President to-day sent the following nominations to the Senate:

William Woodville Rockhill, of the District of Columbia, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary and consul general of Greece, Roumania and Servia; Arthur S. Hardy, of New Hampshire, minister resident and consul general of the United States to Persia; Abraham E Smith, of Illinois, consul of the United States at Victoria, B. C.

COACH UPSET.

One of the Passengers Was Seriously Injured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLORADO SPRINGS, July 2.—A coach load of people who were being taken through the Garden of the Gods to-day were upset at the Balanced Rock and Fred W. Evanston, of Boston, was seriously hurt. The accident was caused by over-crowding the coach. There were sixteen passengers. Evanston is a member of the Massachusetts Christian Endeavorers. Six ladies in the coach were somewhat bruised, but resumed their journey.

BEER AND TOBACCO.

No Extra Tax to be Imposed—Rate on Cigarettes Will be Doubled.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 2—The Republican caucus last night not only decided not to impose the extra tax on beer, but it also, at the suggestion of Senator Pritchard, receded from the proposed changes on manufactured tobacco, including snuff and smoking tobacco. leaving only the provisions in regard to cigars and cigarettes for the internal revenue features of the bill. A decision was reached to make the rate on cigarettes double that proposed by the Finance Committee or two dollars per thousand and increasing the rate for those for larger size.

WARM WIRELETS

President McKinley left Washington, last night, for Canton, O., where he will visit his aged mother and take a few days of rest.

Total bank clearings at New York for the week were $1,065 101,490; per cent. decrease 3.8 Total exclusive of New York, $432 061,109; per cent. decrease 8 2.

The two rolling mills at Birmingham and at Gate City, Ala., have closed down pending the signing of the scale of the amalgamated association of iron and steel workers.

A telegram from Cincinnati says it may be authoritatively stated that Rev. Dr. Robert A Gibson will accept office as bishop-coadjutor of the Episcopal diocese of Virginia.

Ferdinand L. Silcox, late president of the Charleston, S. C, cotton mills, died there Thursday night. He was for several years largely indentified with the cotton interest in the State.

Complete returns from Henrico county, Va., give Elleyson 18 and Tyler ten delegates to the State convention. Buchanan county has elected her five delegates and they are for Tyler.

U. S. Consul General Lee reports by cable from Havana that the Spanish authorities have released Austin Clements Betencourt, an American citizen on condition that he leaves Cuba at once.

In the national circuit races under the auspices of the L. A. W., at Racine, Wis., Tom Cooper won the half mile open professional. The time was one minute and four fifths of a second and equals the world's record.

LINCOLN'S PRIVATE CAR.

The War Relic Is Now Abandoned and Consigned to Decay.

The war car of President Lincoln, the one in which Lincoln made his visits to the army in the Virginia campaigns, in which he held consultations with Grant, Sherman, Sheridan and other leaders, and in which finally he was borne to his last resting place, is now abandoned and left to decay in an out of the way corner in the Union Pacific car shops at Omaha. The most magnificent car on the iron rails in its time, its now cracked, weather beaten sides, its shattered windows, rusty brass railings and bare interior offer a mournful contrast to its departed grandeur.

The car was built specially for Mr. Lincoln in the military car shops at Alexandria early in 1864. It was 42 feet long by 8½ feet wide, and was divided into three compartments. The entrance was by a door that opened at one end into a narrow corridor extending the entire length of the car. From this passageway doors opened into the three compartments. The one at the end of the car was larger than the others. This was Mr. Lincoln's office and study. It was furnished with tables and a sofa and reclining chairs. The sofa was a combination affair, made of unusual length to correspond to Mr. Lincoln's physical requirements. It was used as a sofa or lounge during the day, but at night could be adjusted into a double bed of two berths.

The walls were furnished with rich corded crimson silk upholstery, and the frieze displayed painted panels of the coats of arms of the several states. The car was adapted to the exigencies of the times, being ironclad, armor plate being set between the inner and outer walls to make it bulletproof. From this circumstance its weight was so great that it was thought necessary to place it upon four four wheel trucks.

The car was sent with a quantity of war material to Cincinnati to be sold in 1866. Sidney Dillon of the Union Pacific purchased it with other cars and equipment, and it passed to Omaha. Its connection with Mr. Lincoln and the fact that it was one of the finest private cars then in existence gave it great temporary public attention. It was used as a directors' private car for awhile, but its great weight and peculiar construction later caused it to be laid aside. Even as a dining car for a construction gang it proved unsuitable, and for years it has been disintegrating in idleness in the shops at Omaha.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

CHILDREN IN HOLLAND.

Little Lads and Lassies In a Scheveningen Kindergarten.

Wandering through the crooked streets of the little fishing village of Scheveningen, from which the famous Dutch watering place takes its name, I heard merry shouts of laughter issuing from a garden inclosed by high walls. The gate was open and I peeped in. My curiosity was rewarded by one of the sweetest sights I have ever witnessed. About 20 little Dutch maids and lads, their ages varying from 3 to 6 years, were enjoying a game of ordinary American tag, while a little attendant of about 12 years stood by busily knitting while she watched them. A bell sounded. They all fell in line behind the little knitter and walked demurely, two by two, in a serpentine line around the garden and disappeared in a long hall, at the door of which each child took off its little wooden shoes and held them in one hand behind its back.

In the meantime the principal came out and invited me by signs to enter. In the hall I noticed the little sabots laid orderly side by side. There were three halls in this kindergarten. In each were 50 children between the ages of 3 and 6 years, the girls in gowns to their ankles, held out in a balloon fashion with haircloth petticoats, little white shawls pinned over the shoulders, and caps covering their straight yellow locks.

From this free kindergarten the children of the fisher folk, many of them fatherless, derive all care and attention. They are taught by the same methods used in Germany. All seemed bright and happy. In one room they were singing quaint little nursery rhymes about boats, so one little fellow made me understand by walking across the floor rolling like a sailor and then going through the motions of rowing a boat and pulling in nets. He with great glee made me understand that he would be a fisherman when he was "so big," stretching up his arms and smoking an imaginary pipe. This amused the children so much and made them shout and laugh so loud that the teacher was obliged to send them to their seats and end our fun.—Washington Star.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

When Loving Mothers Grow Selfish.

"It is when children reach maturity that the supreme test of parental love comes," writes Edward W. Bok, discussing the home leaving of children at time of marriage in The Ladies' Home Journal. "All through infancy and early years the children are more or less care. And then, just as the parents feel relieved from cares and anxieties and are beginning to enjoy the companionship of their children in the serene and complacent way which 'grown ups' have, there comes a fluttering of the wings, a remote suggestion of flight. The son is no less his mother's boy than he has been and ever will be. But he is—and who realizes it so quickly as a mother?—in a new and very natural sense another woman's hero, and that woman a girl. With her he discerns away out on the horizon line the shadowy lines of a house that is to become a home, their very own.

The girl, too, whose going in and out of the house have been a daily joy to the parents—she, too, has become a heroine to some one other than her father or her mother. It is hard for the parents to realize that this mate of her flight can care for her as they have; that in her young eyes, in her young heart, it is possible that he can be altogether noble and capable. And after the young birds have taken flight the parents wonder if sometimes they do not grieve in their new life. But some fine morning a clearer vision is given them, and they realize that, after all, their children are only playing the same role which they played a few years before. It is a magnificent quality in parents when they so prepare themselves that they can meet this inevitable time with the proper spirit—when, in other words, parental love can get the better of selfishness."

The Female Fur Seal.

The female fur seal is much smaller than the male, and has soft, smooth hair of varying shades of brown, under which is the dense, short, brown fur. The female bears her first offspring at the age of 3 years, but her full growth is not attained till two or three years later. The average weight of the grown female is about 80 pounds. The young of the fur seal, called a pup, is born soon after the arrival of the female. Its weight at birth is about ten pounds. The fur seal is polygamous, each male capable of holding a place on the breeding grounds having from 1 to 100 females in his charge, constituting what is known as a harem, the average number being about 30. But the size of each family is subject to variation, depending not chiefly on the strength of the male, but on the preference of the female for a location and on the topography of the ground.

The young male is very similar to the female in color and appearance. He is not permitted to enter the rookeries in the breeding season. The old males are very particular in this regard, and the bachelors, as they are called, are forced to herd by themselves on what are known as the hauling grounds, located near the breeding grounds, but distinct from them.—David Starr Jordan and George Archibald Clark in Forum.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Eggs—Eggs to-day at 10 cents per dozen. Come early and avoid the rush. Neil McKinnon, 3 South Water street. jy 3 1t

E. R. Stone & Co. headquarters for anything in the Grocery line. One car load Water Ground Meal. One car load of each assorted Flour. Five hundred bales Timothy Hay. One car load Corn 7 South Water street. je 30 tf

Bananas, Apples, Figs, Dates, Lemons, Oranges, Peanuts, Cakes and Crackers, Nuts, Candies of all kinds. These are some of the things I offer for sale. Prices sure to please. A. S. Winstead, 115 North Second street. je 27 tf

The Linens, Percales and Organdies expected have positively arrived. A large drive in Dimities; also Valenciennes, Edgings and Embroideries at J. J. Shepard's, 13 Market street. je 23 tf

For Sale—The Cottage on Carolina Beach known as the Castle, Six rooms. Cost over $1,000. Will be sold cheap. D. O'Connor, Real Estate Agent. je 11 tf

Prices to suit the hard times. Fine Candies, Ice Cream and Fresh Fruits can be had at Andrew Mavronichols', 705 North Fourth street. Orders left Saturday for Ice Cream delivered Sunday. Bell 'Phone 346. my 30 tf

M. . Benson, Produce Commission Merchant, No 5 South Water street, solicits consignments of all kinds of produce. Beef Cattle, Milch Cows and Mutton a specialty. my 15 tf

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 92. mar 13 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c31

NEW CROP

Molasses.

Our Own Importation From

WEST INDIES.

QUALITY EXCELLENT.

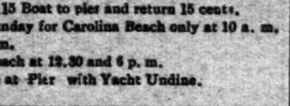
Price Low.

WORTH & WORTH

my 20 tf

CAROLINA BEACH AND SOUTHPORT

SCHEDULE.



Leave for Southport and Carolina Beach at 9.30 a. m and *3 p. m.

Leave for Beach only at 6.00 a. m. and 5.15 p. m.

Leave Southport at 11.30 and *2.00 p. m.

Leave Beach at 7 00 a. m., 1.15, 3.45 and 6 p. m.

Fare on 5.15 Boat to pier and return 15 cents.

Leave Sunday for Carolina Beach only at 10 a. m. and 2.30 p. m.

Leave Beach at 12.30 and 6 p. m.

*Connects at Pier with Yacht Undine.

je 9 tf

Little Trotter.

1,000 lbs. Little Trotter Tobacco.
1,200 lbs. Big 4 Tobacco.
800 lbs. Magic City Tobacco.
700 lbs. Queen Esther Tobacco.
500 lbs. Red Coon Tobacco.
900 lbs. Rob Roy Tobacco.
800 lbs. Honest Boy Tobacco.
1,000 lbs. Mahogany Tobacco.

W. B. COOPER.

je 27 D&W tf 226 North Water St.

Hall & Pearsall

Invite the attention of the trade to their large stock of

Groceries and Provisions

Farmers and Distillers' Supplies.

Samples and quotations cheerfully sent.

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

sep 10 D&W tf

Prempert's Barber Shop,

No. 11 SOUTH FRONT STREET, FIRST-class Work at Reasonable Prices. Give us a call.

Respectfully,

je 20 tf ARTHUR PREMPERT

We call special attention to our pretty White Kid Opera Slippers, with Beaded Satin Bows for Ladies at $1, usually sold at $1 25. Many other kinds of Ladies, Misses, Children and Infants' Shoes on hand and arriving, as well as Gents' Low Shoes; that to be appreciated must all be seen. Remember we extend the invitation to everybody to look in our window, examine our stock and buy and wear our SHOES.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS,

63½ steps east from corner Front and Princess Sts. je 6 tf

TURNIP SEED,

Crop 1897,

JUST ARRIVED

ALL VARIETIES PLANTED IN THIS SECTION.

The Largest Stock and the Lowest Prices.

Write for quotations.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,

je 29 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Wanted,

5,000 Pounds WOOL.
3,000 Pounds BEESWAX.
2,000 Pounds COW HIDES.

Highest cash prices paid. Quotations furnished on request.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

12 Market St, Wilmington, N. C.

my 29 tf

SUMMER RESORTS.

Claremont Summer Resort,

HICKORY, N C.

The location is a noted health resort; chalybeate water; cool nights with mountain breeze; altitude 1200; elegant three-story brick building; twenty acre yard covered with native forest trees; a delightful resort with pure mountain air and water. Rates reasonable. Write for particulars.

S. P. HATTON, Proprietor.

je 29 26t

A Palace in the Mountains.

"For beauty of architecture and elegance of equipment 'The Alleghany,' at Goshen Bridge, Va., has not a rival among the summer resort hotels of America. Located in the heart of the Alleghanies, where the climate is always cool and invigorating, amidst scenery of wondrous beauty, its advantages as a summer home are unequaled."

Sulphur, Alum and Chalybeate Waters.

je 13 2m J. C. S. TIMBERLAKE.

The Seashore Hotel

OCEAN VIEW BEACH,

IS OPEN

FOR THE RECEPTION OF GUESTS.

Fronts on the broad Atlantic and is without a superior. Newly equipped and furnished. Wide verandas encircling it. Excellent bathing facilities. Yachts for fishing and sailing. Write for particulars to

GEO. CAMPBELL, Proprietor.

je 25 D&W tf

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE,

LEXINGTON, VA.

59th Year, State Military, Scientific and Technical School. Thorough courses in general and applied Chemistry, and in Engineering. Degrees conferred in course: Grad: V. M. I., and Bachelor Science; in *Post Grad*, courses, Master Science, Civil Engineer. All expenses, including clothing and incidentals, provided at an average rate of $36 50 per month *exclusive of outfit*. New Cadets report September 1. GEN. SCOTT SHIPP, Superintendent.

je 26 19t sa tu th

The University.

47 TEACHERS, 413 STUDENTS, (SUMMER School 158), total 549, Board $8.00 a month, three Brief Courses, three Full Courses, Law and Medical Schools and School of Pharmacy, Graduate Courses open to Women, Summer School for Teachers, Scholarships and Loans for the Needy.

Address, PRESIDENT ALDERMAN, Chapel Hill, N. C.

je 8 tf

PEACE

Institute FOR YOUNG LADIES, RALEIGH, N. C.

Excellent buildings and beautiful grounds in a Healthful Location with splendid climate.

STANDS AT THE VERY FRONT IN FEMALE EDUCATION.

Thorough in its Courses. High in its Standard. Unsurpassed in its high moral tone and in its intellectual and social influences.

Twenty-one officers and teachers. Very reasonable prices. Send for catalogue. je 30 tf

GREENSBORO

FEMALE COLLEGE,

NORTH CAROLINA.

The Fifty-Second Session of this College Begins

Wednesday, Sept. 8th, 1897.

Advantages of College and Conservatory offered at moderate cost.

A Faculty of Specialists!

AMPLE EQUIPMENT.

A PLEASANT HOME.

Catalogue on application.

je 19 3m DRED PEACOCK. President.

CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, EASTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA.

The State Trust Company of New York
against
Wilmington, Newbern and Norfolk Railway Company.

WHEREAS, On the 28th day of May, 1897, in the Circuit Court of the United States for the Eastern District of North Carolina, a decree was made in the above entitled suit by the Honorable Charles H. Simonton, Circuit Judge, foreclosing the mortgages of the Wilmington, Onslow and East Carolina Railroad Company and the East Carolina Land and Railway Company, now consolidated into the Wilmington, Newbern and Norfolk Railway Company, the defendant therein, said mortgages being mentioned and described in said complainants' bill of complaint; and

WHEREAS, It is therein ordered, adjudged and decreed that all the corporate property now owned or hereafter to be acquired by the said Wilmington, Newbern and Norfolk Railway Company in the State of North Carolina, now operated as one continuous line from the city of Wilmington to Newbern, in said State, and all its estates, right, title, interest and equity of redemption therein; that is to say, all of its railroads now constructed and in operation extending from Wilmington to Newbern in the said State of North Carolina, and yet to be constructed, including extensions, branches, curves and side tracks, and including rights of way, road bed, superstructures, iron, steel, rails, ties, splices, chains, bolts, nuts, spikes, all land and depot grounds, station houses and depots viaducts, water-tanks, bridges, timber, material and property purchased or to be purchased or owned by it, for the construction, equipment or operation of said road, all machine shops, tools, implements and personal property used therein or upon or along said railroad or at its stations; all engines, tenders, machinery and all kinds of rolling stock, whether now owned or hereafter purchased by said railroad company, and all other property of the said company now owned or hereafter to be acquired, and all its rights or privileges therein or appertaining thereto, and all revenues, tolls and incomes of said railroad and property, and all franchises and rights of said railroad company, and all property and rights acquired or hereafter to be acquired by virtue and under authority thereof, be sold under the direction of Alfred M. Waddell, the undersigned Master Commissioner, and the proceeds of said sale applied to the satisfaction of said judgment, interest and costs, except such as is otherwise provided for in said decree; and

WHEREAS, It is further ordered, adjudged and decreed that said Master Commissioner shall sell said property for cash, or for cash and bonds, as an entirety; and

WHEREAS, It is further ordered, adjudged and decreed that notice of the time, place and terms of said sale be given by said Master Commissioner by advertising the same at least five times a week for four consecutive weeks preceding the day of sale, in one or more newspapers published in the cities of Wilmington and Newbern, in the State of North Carolina, and also in the "Manufacturers' Record," of Baltimore, Maryland, and that the said sale shall be at public auction in the city of Wilmington, North Carolina, in front of the County Court House of New Hanover county, at the time and place as said Master Commissioner shall in said notices of said sale appoint; and

WHEREAS, It is further ordered, adjudged and decreed that said Master Commissioner shall receive no bid at said sale for a less sum than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars and no bid from any person who shall not first deposit with him as a pledge five per cent, of the amount of such bid in cash, or twenty-five thousand dollars in the bonds secured by either of the mortgages described in said complainants' bill of complaint, and in case the said property and premises are sold, the purchaser thereof shall forthwith deposit with said Master Commissioner the sum of five thousand dollars to be deposited in the Registry of this Court subject to the order of this Court in this cause and the deposit so received from the said bidder to be applied on the purchase price; the balance of the purchase price may be either paid in cash or the purchaser may satisfy the same in whole or in part by paying over and surrendering bonds secured by the said mortgages of January 12th, 1891, made by the said Wilmington, Onslow and East Carolina Railroad Company and the East Carolina Land and Railway Company, and over-due coupons belonging thereto, at such price or value as would be equivalent to the distributive amount that the holders of said bonds would be entitled to receive in case the entire amount was paid in cash. For more particularity both as to the property to be sold and the terms of the sale, reference is made to the decree of foreclosure entered in the above suit.

NOW THEREFORE, Public notice is hereby given that I, Alfred M. Waddell, Master Commissioner, in pursuance of the provisions of said decree, will, on Thursday, the 15th day of July, 1897, at 12 o'clock m., of that day, in the city of Wilmington, in the State of North Carolina, in front of the County Court House of New Hanover county, in said city, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, in accordance with the terms and conditions of said decree, the above described railroad of the Wilmington, Newbern and Norfolk Railway Company and all the property, lands and premises appertaining thereto, the proceeds to be applied as is by said decree provided and directed. ALFRED M. WADDELL,

Master Commissioner, United States Circuit Court Eastern District of North Carolina.

Stetson, Tracy, Jennings and Russell, New York; Jno. D. Bellamy, Wilmington, N. C., Solicitors for Complainant.

je 16 4w wed thr fri sat sun

J. H. REHDER & CO.'S

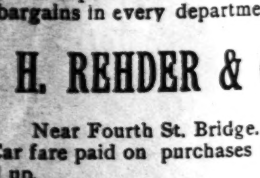
DEPARTMENT STORE,

CARHART OVERALL PANTS AND JACKETS.

The best fitting and wearing Overall made. Every pair guaranteed.

LADIES' UNDERWEAR.

Large variety of Skirts, Chemise, Drawers, Corset Covers, &c.



Infant's Caps 10 to 98 cents. Big bargains in every department.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

Near Fourth St. Bridge.

Car fare paid on purchases of $3 and up.

je 20 tf

STOVES AND RANGES,

OIL STOVES,

Gasolene Stoves.

In fact anything you want for the kitchen.

I am adding the above line to my complete stock of

HARDWARE, TINWARE AND

Agricultural Implements

and will carry a line second to none in quality, at the very lowest prices.

Have secured the services of J. L. Breckenridge with special reference to this line, and can offer you the benefit of his several years experience.

My line includes the Richmond Stove Co.'s entire product.

Can furnish repairs for all kinds of Stoves.

J. W. Murchison,

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je 24 tf